Page 1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS CITY OF GREENVILLE, ILLINOIS, et al., Plaintiffs,) Case No.: vs) 10-cv-188-JPG-PMF SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, INC.,) et al., Defendants.) CONFIDENTIAL VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF DR. JOHN ATKIN VOLUME I Friday, October 15, 2010 AT: 8:56 a.m. Taken at: McDermott Will & Emery Rue Pere Eudore Devroye 245 1150 Brussels Belgium Court Reporter: JUDITH WHITE

| Page 2 | Page 4 |
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| A P P E A R A N C E S Appearing on behalf of the plaintiffs: STEPHEN TILLERY, Esq. JOHN C. CRAIG, Esq. KOREIN TILLERY LLC One U.S. Bank Plaza 5 505 North 7th Street, Suite 3600 St. Louis, MO 63101 Phone: 312.641.9750 Fax: 312.641.9751 E-mail: stillery@koreintillery.com E-mail: jcraig@koreintillery.com Appearing on behalf the defendants: MICHAEL A. POPE, Esq. McDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP 227 West Monroe Street Chicago, ILL 60606 Phone: 312.372.2000 Fax: 312.984.7700 E-mail: mpope@mwe.com MARK C. SURPRENANT, Esq. ADAMS AND REESE LLP One Shell Square 701 Poydras Street, Suite 4500 New Orleans, LA 70139 Phone: 504.581.3234 Fax: 504.566.0210 E-mail: mark.surprenant@arlaw.com | 1 WITNESS INDEX 2 Witness Page 3 DR. JOHN ATKIN (sworn) 11 4 Examination by Mr. Tillery 11 5 Examination by Mr. Pope 250 6 Examination by Mr. Tillery 256 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 |
| Page 3 | Page 5 |
| 1 Also present: 2 MR. ALAN B. NADEL (Litigation Counsel, Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.) 3 MR. JONATHAN SULLIVAN (Group Litigation Counsel, Syngenta International AG) 5 Videographer: 6 MR. PHILLIP HILL 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | 1 EXHIBIT NAME DESCRIPTION PAGE # 2 Exhibit 8 Summary of CV of 13 3 John Atkin 4 Exhibit 9 Syngenta document, entitled 175 5 "Development Principles, 6 Concepts and Processes", 7 Bates stamped SYN02787781-837 8 Exhibit 10 Executive summary of 2001 179 9 request for approval of 10 release for first sales of 11 mesotrione/Callisto, Bates 12 stamped SYN02018694-735 13 Exhibit 11 Syngenta document, entitled 183 14 "Application: Release for 15 First Sales of an Active 16 Ingredient. Mesotrione", 17 Bates stamped GRNVL0000051641 18 Exhibit 12 Syngenta document, entitled 188 19 "Mesotrione. Release for 20 First Sales", Bates stamped 21 SNY02788061 22 Exhibit 13 Syngenta document, entitled 191 23 "Agenda", Bates stamped 24 GRNVL0000080397 25 Exhibit 14 Syngenta document, entitled 195 |

| | Page 6 | | Page 8 |
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| 1 | | 1 | "Mesotrione Soil Persistence in |
| 2 | "Minutes of the Meeting 'Review of Corn Strategy in | 1 2 | |
| 3 | Various Triazine Scenarios'", | 3 | USA and Impact on LUMAX Launch", Bates stamped SYN01900144-168 |
| 4 | Bates stamped SNY01958831-835 | 4 | and GRNVL0000032110-134 |
| 5 | | | |
| 6 | 1 | 5 | Exhibit 25 Email chain, with the email at 229 |
| 7 | Committee meeting in Basel on September 10, 2002, Bates | 7 | the top of the first page |
| 8 | stamped SYN01717371-396 | 8 | being from Derek Cornes to Alfred Seiler and others, |
| 9 | Exhibit 16 Email chain, with the email at 200 | 9 | dated December 9, 2002, Bates |
| 10 | the top of the first page | 10 | stamped GRNVL0000033487-489 |
| 11 | being from Alfred Seiler to | 11 | Exhibit 26 Minutes of Development 229 |
| 12 | Chen Sunmao, dated July 31, 2002 | 12 | Committee meeting in Basel on |
| 13 | Bates stamped SYN02235355-357 and | 13 | December 13, 2002, Bates |
| 14 | GRNVL0000032347-349 | 14 | stamped GRNVL0000080500-505 |
| 15 | Exhibit 17 Syngenta document, entitled 212 | 15 | Exhibit 27 Minutes of Development 230 |
| 16 | "SYN-449208. Project Review | 16 | Committee meeting in Basel on |
| 17 | Meeting & DeCo input", Bates | 17 | May 7, 2003, Bates |
| 18 | stamped GRNVL0000046203-207 | 18 | stamped SYN00756454-477 |
| 19 | Exhibit 18 Document entitled "NOA 449280 217 | 19 | Exhibit 28 Minutes of Development 233 |
| 20 | RDT & PMT Meeting", Bates | 20 | Committee meeting in Basel on |
| 21 | stamped GRNVL0000046196-202 | 21 | August 6, 2003, Bates |
| 22 | Exhibit 19 Email chain, with the email at 218 | 22 | stamped SYN00756412-435 |
| 23 | the top of the first page | 23 | Exhibit 29 Email chain, with the email at 239 |
| 24 | being from Derek Cornes to | 24 | the top of the page being from |
| 25 | Chen Sunmao, dated November 19, | 25 | Gary Dickson to Janis Mcfarland, |
| | Page 7 | | Page 9 |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | 2002, Bates stamped GRNVL0000032097-099 | 1 2 | dated September 29, 2003, Bates |
| 3 | | 3 | stamped SYN01023334 Exhibit 30 Minutes of Extended Development 242 |
| 4 | • | 4 | Exhibit 30 Minutes of Extended Development 242 Management Meeting, dated |
| 5 | 29 October 2002", Bates stamped GRNVL0000046281 | 5 | February 5, 2004, Bates stamped |
| 6 | Exhibit 21 Syngenta document, entitled 221 | 6 | SNY01790844-851 |
| 7 | "Mesotrione Soil Persistence in | 7 | Exhibit 31 Minutes of Development 244 |
| 8 | USA and Impact on LUMAX Launch", | 8 | Committee meeting in Basel on |
| 9 | Bates stamped SYN01785794-815 and | 9 | June 18, 2004, Bates |
| 10 | GRNVL0000033490-511 | 10 | stamped SYN00756436-448 |
| 11 | Exhibit 22 Syngenta document, entitled 222 | 11 | Exhibit 32 Email chain, with the email at 245 |
| 12 | "International Design Documents. | 12 | the top of the first page being |
| 13 | IDD Executive Summary. Global | 13 | from Janis Mcfarland to Sherry |
| 14 | Development and Registration of | 14 | Duvall and Kay Carter, dated |
| 15 | NOA 449280 and Core Formulations | 15 | May 16, 2000, Bates stamped |
| 16 | in Maize", Bates stamped | 16 | SYN01966494-495 |
| 17 | SYN02024765-773 | 17 | Exhibit 33 Syngenta document, entitled 247 |
| 18 | Exhibit 23 Syngenta document, entitled 225 | 18 | "Guideline. CP PLCM Project |
| 19 | "International Design Documents. | 19 | Management Handbook. Version 1.1 |
| 20 | IDD Status. Global | 20 | (May 2005)", Bates stamped |
| 21 | Development and Registration of | 21 | GRNVL0000080975-018 |
| 22 | NOA 449280 and Core Formulations | 22 | |
| 23 | in Maize", Bates stamped | 23 | |
| 24 | SYN00808591-676 | 24 | |
| | Exhibit 24 Syngenta document, entitled 227 | 25 | |

| | Page 10 | | Dage 12 |
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| , | Page 10 | | Page 12 |
| 1 2 | PROCEEDINGS | 1 2 | Q. Could you tell me what your current job |
| 3 | (8:56 a.m.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of | 3 | is? A. I am chief operating officer, and I work |
| 4 | videotape number 1, volume I. This is the video | 4 | for Syngenta International AG. |
| 5 | operator speaking, Phillip Hill, on behalf of Westlaw | 5 | Q. You are chief operating officer of what? |
| 6 | Deposition Services' San Francisco office. Today's date | 6 | A. Crop protection. Crop protection. |
| 7 | is October 15, 2010. The time on the video screen is | 7 | Q. And what does "crop protection" mean? |
| 8 | 08:57 Belgian time. | 8 | A. It means all our chemical business, which |
| 9 | We are at the Brussels office of McDermott | 9 | includes the range of products that we sell worldwide. |
| 10 | Will & Emery to take the videotaped deposition of | 10 | It also includes seed treatments, and that's the breadth |
| 11 | John Atkin. This is taken in the matter of City | 11 | of it. |
| 12 | of Greenville, Illinois, et al. Versus Syngenta | 12 | Q. Okay. And when you say "our", what do you |
| 13 | Corporation [sic] Protection Inc. and Syngenta AG. | 13 | mean by that? |
| 14 | This is being heard in the United States District Court | 14 | A. Syngenta's. |
| 15 | for the Southern District of Illinois, case number | 15 | Q. You're talking about the entire corporate |
| 16 | 10-188-JPG. | 16 | entity? |
| 17 | Will counsel please introduce themselves for | 17 | A. I am. |
| 18 | the record and state whom they represent? | 18 | Q. And that's under the umbrella of |
| 19 | MR. TILLERY: For the plaintiffs, | 19 | Syngenta AG? |
| 20 | Steve Tillery of Korein Tillery, St. Louis, Missouri. | 20 | A. Yes. |
| 21 | MR. CRAIG: For the plaintiffs, John Craig, | 21 | Q. Let's start off when you where you went |
| 22 | also of Korein Tillery. | 22 | to school, your background. I have your CV, but I am |
| 23 | MR. POPE: For the defendants and the witness, | 23 | guessing that your CV is more than a paragraph, the one |
| 24 | Michael Pope from McDermott Will & Emery in Chicago. | 24 | that you actually use, right? |
| 25 | MR. SURPRENANT: For the defendants, | 25 | A. Yes. |
| | Page 11 | | Page 13 |
| 1 | Mark Surprenant, Adams and Reese, New Orleans. | 1 | (Exhibit 8 marked for identification.) |
| 2 | MR. NADEL: Alan Nadel, Syngenta Crop | 2 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 3 | Protection Inc. | 3 | Q. So we've marked this as number 8. It's |
| 4 | MR. SULLIVAN: Jonathan Sullivan, Syngenta | 4 | it's a scant piece of information about your background. |
| 5 | International AG. | 5 | A. Okay. |
| 6 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The court reporter today is | 6 | Q. We'll just stick it in this pile and talk |
| 7 | Ms. Judith White on behalf of Westlaw Deposition | 7 | about you and your background. |
| 8 | Services. Please will the court reporter swear in the | 8 | A. Okay. |
| 9 | witness. | 9 | Q. Where did you grow up? |
| | | 10 | |
| 10 | JOHN ATKIN, | | A. In Leeds, England. |
| 11 | having been duly sworn, | 11 | Q. And what was your first college that you |
| 11 12 | having been duly sworn, testified as follows: | 11 12 | Q. And what was your first college that you attended after well, in America, we refer to it as |
| 11 12 13 | having been duly sworn, testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. TILLERY: | 11 12 13 | Q. And what was your first college that you attended after well, in America, we refer to it as high school, so where would you where would your |
| 11 12 13 14 | having been duly sworn, testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. TILLERY: BY MR. TILLERY: | 11 12 13 14 | Q. And what was your first college that you attended after well, in America, we refer to it as high school, so where would you where would your college be after that period? |
| 11 12 13 14 15 | having been duly sworn, testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. TILLERY: BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Would you state your name for this record, | 11 12 13 14 15 | Q. And what was your first college that you attended after well, in America, we refer to it as high school, so where would you where would your college be after that period? A. Okay. My high school was a school called |
| 11 12 13 14 15 | having been duly sworn, testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. TILLERY: BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Would you state your name for this record, please? | 11 12 13 14 15 16 | Q. And what was your first college that you attended after well, in America, we refer to it as high school, so where would you where would your college be after that period? A. Okay. My high school was a school called Fulneck Boys School, which is a small public school near |
| 11 12 13 14 15 16 | having been duly sworn, testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. TILLERY: BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Would you state your name for this record, please? A. John Christopher Atkin. | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | Q. And what was your first college that you attended after well, in America, we refer to it as high school, so where would you where would your college be after that period? A. Okay. My high school was a school called Fulneck Boys School, which is a small public school near Leeds. |
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| | Page 14 | | Page 16 |
| 1 | economics; livestock; just everything you could think of | 1 | and my my job was in the in the department which |
| 2 | in the world of agriculture. But the zoology piece was | 2 | was concerned with entomology, and it was advising |
| 3 | quite specific. It was mainly concerned with insects, | 3 | farmers on how to protect their crops against insect |
| 4 | pests, a very applied science, but it also covered | 4 | pests and some non-insect pests, and it was also |
| 5 | ecology and the environment and other aspects. | 5 | involved in developing new technology, new techniques, |
| 6 | Q. Okay. And was that a four-year program? | 6 | I should say, to to combat pests. |
| 7 | A. No, that was a three-year program. | 7 | Q. And how long did you remain in that job? |
| 8 | Q. Okay. And you graduated there? | 8 | A. Two years. |
| 9 | A. I did. | 9 | Q. Then what did you do? |
| 10 | Q. And that degree was | 10 | A. I joined a company called May & Baker, who |
| 11 | A. Honors degree, BSC. | 11 | belonged to the Rhone-Poulenc group of companies, a |
| 12 | Q. Okay. And then what did you do? | 12 | French company. |
| 13 | A. They invited me back to do a PhD. | 13 | Q. What business were they in? |
| 14 | Q. And the PhD was in what topic? | 14 | A. They were in the business of researching, |
| 15 | A. It was about slugs, which are a shell-less | 15 | developing, producing and manufacturing crop protection |
| 16 | molluse, which in this instance, I was studying the | 16 | products. |
| 17 | attack of slugs on potatoes. | 17 | Q. And where was your office located with |
| 18 | Q. And what was the topic area of your PhD? | 18 | did you say May & Baker? |
| 19 | A. It was. | 19 | A. I did. |
| 20 | Q. And how long did did that PhD study | 20 | Q. All right. |
| 21 | | 21 | A. It was in a place called Ongar, which is |
| 22 | A. It lasted three years, and it took me a | 22 | north-east of London, and they had a research station |
| 23 | year to write it up. | 23 | there and that was also their headquarters at that time |
| 24 | Q. Okay. And you were awarded a degree | 24 | for people working in development. My job was in |
| 25 | • | 25 | product development. |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | Page 15 | | Page 17 |
| 1 | A. I was. | 1 | Q. What types of products were you |
| 2 | Q. And was that in the same topic area of | 2 | developing? |
| 3 | agricultural zoology? | 3 | A. Oh, herbicides, we had a lot of |
| 4 | A. It was specifically for the thesis that | 4 | herbicides. There were a number of very well-known |
| 5 | I wrote about slugs and their behavior in attacking | | • |
| | | 5 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil |
| 6 | potatoes and the difference between potato varieties. | 6 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. |
| 7 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. | | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the |
| | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to | 6 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became |
| 7 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to go to the university that awarded that that degree, | 6 7 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became involved in. But also fungicides I worked with. So it |
| 7 8 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to go to the university that awarded that that degree, what would we find on your the listing for the | 6 7 8 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became involved in. But also fungicides I worked with. So it was a broad-range job. But particularly herbicides, |
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| 7 8 9 10 11 12 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to go to the university that awarded that that degree, what would we find on your the listing for the doctorate? What would it be called? A. It would just be a a PhD. It doesn't | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became involved in. But also fungicides I worked with. So it was a broad-range job. But particularly herbicides, I would say. Q. Have you given a deposition before? |
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| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to go to the university that awarded that that degree, what would we find on your the listing for the doctorate? What would it be called? A. It would just be a a PhD. It doesn't have a subject title next to it. Q. But it corresponds to the dissertation topic that you A. Exactly. Q. I see. Okay. After that, that takes us to what year on graduation after your dissertation? | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became involved in. But also fungicides I worked with. So it was a broad-range job. But particularly herbicides, I would say. Q. Have you given a deposition before? A. Never. Q. Have you ever testified before? A. No. Q. This is your first foray into this? A. It is. Q. All right. How long did you stay at |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to go to the university that awarded that that degree, what would we find on your the listing for the doctorate? What would it be called? A. It would just be a a PhD. It doesn't have a subject title next to it. Q. But it corresponds to the dissertation topic that you A. Exactly. Q. I see. Okay. After that, that takes us | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became involved in. But also fungicides I worked with. So it was a broad-range job. But particularly herbicides, I would say. Q. Have you given a deposition before? A. Never. Q. Have you ever testified before? A. No. Q. This is your first foray into this? A. It is. |
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| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | So it was a it was a specific thesis-driven PhD. Q. And what would the if if we were to go to the university that awarded that that degree, what would we find on your the listing for the doctorate? What would it be called? A. It would just be a a PhD. It doesn't have a subject title next to it. Q. But it corresponds to the dissertation topic that you A. Exactly. Q. I see. Okay. After that, that takes us to what year on graduation after your dissertation? A. Okay. So that takes us to 1977. Q. And and that did that end your | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | products discovered at that site bromoxynil, ioxynil would be two, called the HBNs as a class of chemistry. We also we had new developments which were at the very early stage there, testing compounds which I became involved in. But also fungicides I worked with. So it was a broad-range job. But particularly herbicides, I would say. Q. Have you given a deposition before? A. Never. Q. Have you ever testified before? A. No. Q. This is your first foray into this? A. It is. Q. All right. How long did you stay at May & Baker? A. I stayed between '79 and '84. |
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25 Agriculture, and I went to a place called Wolverhampton, 25 the UK, and I left as head of the department.

| | Page 18 | | Page 20 |
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| 1 | Q. And what did you do after you left | 1 | with any complaints or other issues. |
| 2 | May & Baker? | 2 | Q. What kind of products were you selling at |
| 3 | A. I came here, to Brussels, to work for an | 3 | that time? |
| 4 | American corporation called FMC. | 4 | A. Well, by this time, this product, |
| 5 | Q. And what was your job at FMC? | 5 | bifenthrin, which was called Talstar, was launched, |
| 6 | A. I was responsible also initially for | 6 | so the primary goal was to to sell that, but we had |
| 7 | product development with a particular focus on | 7 | other products too. One was called Marshall, which was |
| 8 | insecticides here in Europe, both east and west Europe. | 8 | a carbamate insecticide, we also sold that one. And we |
| 9 | Q. What type of insecticides were you working | 9 | developed a herbicide called clomazone, or Command, so |
| 10 | on developing? | 10 | there were three three products, essentially, that we |
| 11 | A. Primarily pyrethroid insecticides. They | 11 | were involved with. |
| 12 | had a new pyrethroid called bifenthrin, and that was | 12 | Q. You described a type of herbicide, and to |
| 13 | I think the main the main reason they brought me to | 13 | clarify for the reporter on the record, what type of |
| 14 | the company, to develop that product in Europe. | 14 | herbicide was it? |
| 15 | Q. Were you working in a laboratory? | 15 | A. It was a herbicide which was used |
| 16 | A. No. No, I was working about half a | 16 | particularly here in Europe on oil seed rape crops. |
| 17 | kilometre from here, in an office. We worked through | 17 | Rape crops. |
| 18 | cooperators and distributors. | 18 | Q. You used a term to describe it is what |
| 19 | Q. How was your research conducted? | 19 | I was |
| 20 | A. There was a research station in Princeton, | 20 | A. Oh, clomazone. Oh, excuse me. We called it Command. That was its trade name at the time. |
| 21 | New Jersey, and that's where they did the the basic | 21 | |
| 22 | research, and then the development work we did through cooperators, so we would contract field trials or we | 23 | Q. All right. Did you sell products that were comparable at any time to atrazine? |
| 24 | would work with universities or other interested parties | 24 | A. No. |
| 25 | to develop the technology. | 25 | Q. How long did you stay with FMC? |
| | | | |
| | Page 19 | | Page 21 |
| 1 | Q. Did you deal directly with universities in | 1 | A. I left FMC in 1989. |
| 2 | terms of retaining them to do research? | 2 | Q. So you were there a total of how many |
| 3 | A. Occasionally, particularly in east Europe, but it was more common that we worked with contract | 3 4 | years? A. Five. |
| 5 | organizations specialized in doing field trials. | 5 | Q. Your job title was the same when you left? |
| 6 | Q. And what was your responsibility, or what | 6 | A. No. I came in the development capacity |
| 7 | did it become at FMC? | 7 | and I left as head of the marketing and sales. |
| 8 | A. What did it become? Oh, it became head of | 8 | Q. That's what I mean: it's it was |
| 9 | marketing. After a couple of years in this role, | 9 | marketing and sales director? |
| 10 | I became the head of sales and marketing for for FMC. | 10 | A. Yes. |
| 11 | Q. In Europe? | 11 | Q. What did you do then? |
| 12 | A. In Europe, yes. | 12 | A. I went to join Sandoz in Switzerland. |
| 13 | Q. And could you tell me what that job really | 13 | Q. What was your job at Sandoz? |
| 14 | involved in terms of responsibility? | 14 | A. My job was as global product manager for |
| 15 | A. Yes. It involved positioning the product, | 15 | insecticides. |
| 16 | so deciding which markets they they go into; what the | 16 | Q. Your office in Switzerland was located |
| 17 | price of these products should be; which customers | 17 | where? |
| 18 | and in our case, these were distributors, because we | 18 | A. Basel, Switzerland. |
| 19 | were a very small operation, so we worked through | 19 | Q. How far from where it's currently located? |
| 20 | national distributors, usually, so a selection of | 20 | A. About one and a half kilometres. |
| 21 | distributors, to market these products; and then I had a | 21 | Q. Have you been located there since the time |
| 22 | couple of people helping me with the logistics, the | 22 | you joined Sandoz? |
| 23 | provisioning of the product, the support, the | 23 | A. Oh, sorry, the office I'm in now is |
| 24 | everything that's associated with putting a product on | 24 | different from the one I was in |
| 25 | the market and supplying it to customers and dealing | 25 | Q. Of course, yes |

| | Page 22 | | Page 24 |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------|---|
| 1 | A when I was at Sandoz. | 1 | Q. And how long did you stay there? |
| 2 | Q. Yes, of course. But in that same area of | 2 | A. Not very long: about 18 months. At that |
| 3 | Basel, have you been there since joining | 3 | time, the operating model changed, and the the |
| 4 | A. No, when I I had I had two different | 4 | products were then distributed by the Sandoz operating |
| 5 | assignments when I outside of Basel. | 5 | companies throughout the world, so the business ceased |
| 6 | Q. All right. We'll get to those. | 6 | to be coordinated or led through the Zoecon operation. |
| 7 | A. Okay. | 7 | Q. And what did that mean for you? |
| 8 | Q. All right. So your job, then, you've told | 8 | A. It meant that I came back to Basel and |
| 9 | me, what was the specific responsibility within that | 9 | I was given the job as to be to be head of northern |
| 10 | job? | 10 | Europe. |
| 11 | A. Specifically, I was charged with taking | 11 | Q. Of what, for sales and marketing? |
| 12 | the insecticide portfolio, which was quite small, and | 12 | A. Sales and marketing for the entire Sandoz |
| 13 | also included a compound in the same class as the one | 13 | product portfolio, yes, and to be responsible for the |
| 14 | I had been working with with FMC, pyrethroid products, | 14 | operations in those countries of northern Europe. |
| 15 | but there were one or two others, and I was charged with | 15 | Q. When you say "operations", what do you |
| 16 | trying to expand these products, to grow them, to | 16 | mean? |
| 17 | position them in new markets, to develop new labels, | 17 | A. Well, for example, in Germany, we had a |
| 18 | new uses. I didn't do that myself. I worked with the | 18 | an affiliate there. We did in the UK. So both those |
| 19 | development team. And to improve the business. | 19 | countries had country offices. In Scandinavia, we just |
| 20 | Q. And walk me through the jobs that you had | 20 | had a couple of people based in Denmark; in Belgium we |
| 21 | and your entire experience at Sandoz? | 21 | had I think we ran that at the time out of Basel, |
| 22 | A. So after two years, '89 through '91, | 22 | actually, so that was different. But the two main |
| 23 | in 1991 I went to Dallas, Texas, to work in a company | 23 | operations were in England, the UK, and Germany. |
| 24 | called Zoecon, which was a Sandoz company. Zoecon was | 24 | Q. And how long did you stay in that job with |
| 25 | involved in the animal health business. | 25 | those responsibilities? |
| | Page 23 | | Page 25 |
| 1 | Q. Would you spell that for the reporter, | 1 | A. I stayed there between '93 and '95, so |
| 2 | please? | 2 | two years. |
| 3 | A. Z-O-E-C-O-N. | 3 | Q. Then what did you do, sir? |
| 4 | Q. And what did you do there in Dallas, | 4 | A. I became head of France, head of the |
| 5 | Texas? | 5 | France the French affiliate for Sandoz. |
| 6 | A. I was I had two roles. One was | 6 | Q. Doing what in terms of responsibility? |
| 7 | marketing for the whole of their product line. Their | 7 | A. I was the general manager, |
| 8 | product line was insecticidal dog collars, against fleas | 8 | directeur generale. |
| 9 | and ticks; also some very new and interesting treatments | 9 | Q. Was that for the all operations for |
| 10 | for the animal itself, spray-on or shampoo-type | 10 | their |
| 11 | treatments. So I had that marketing responsibility, and | 11 | A. All excuse me. It was for all their |
| 12 | the line was mainly sold through veterinary | 12 | agrochemical operations, Sandoz Agro France it was |
| 13 | veterinary surgeons or through pet stores, and I had a | 13 | called at the time. |
| 14 | responsibility also to develop the business outside of | 14 | Q. And that included not only sales, that |
| 15 | the United States, which was primarily in the UK, | 15 | included all aspects of the business? |
| 16 | Australia and starting in in Brazil and Japan. | 16 | A. It included all aspects of the business, |
| 17 | Q. Who were you working for when you were in | 17 | yes. |
| | the United States? Who was your ampleyer? | 18 | Q. How long did you stay in that job? |
| 18 | the United States? Who was your employer? | | |
| 19 | A. Zoecon. | 19 | A. I stayed until the creation of Novartis, |
| 19 20 | A. Zoecon.Q. And you were paid by Zoecon? | 20 | which which happened right at the end of '96, so it |
| 19 20 21 | A. Zoecon.Q. And you were paid by Zoecon?A. I was. | 20 21 | which which happened right at the end of '96, so it was it was almost two years, but not quite. |
| 19 20 21 22 | A. Zoecon.Q. And you were paid by Zoecon?A. I was.Q. Okay. Who was you were supervisor there? | 20 21 22 | which which happened right at the end of '96, so it was it was almost two years, but not quite. Q. What did you do then? |
| 19 20 21 22 23 | A. Zoecon.Q. And you were paid by Zoecon?A. I was.Q. Okay. Who was you were supervisor there?A. Joe Lavin. | 20 21 22 23 | which which happened right at the end of '96, so it was it was almost two years, but not quite. Q. What did you do then? A. Then I was I was given a role as as |
| 19 20 21 22 | A. Zoecon.Q. And you were paid by Zoecon?A. I was.Q. Okay. Who was you were supervisor there? | 20 21 22 | which which happened right at the end of '96, so it was it was almost two years, but not quite. Q. What did you do then? |

| | Page 26 | | Page 28 |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | patron for Asia, and I also had a seat on the on the | 1 2 | job? |
| 3 | management I mean, it was a multi-divisional company, | 3 | A. How long did I stay in that job? |
| | but we had the equivalent of an executive committee to | | I was not much more than two years in that job, maybe |
| 4 5 | run the business, and I had a position on that managing | 4 5 | not quite two years. |
| 6 | oard. Q. And when you say "managing board", was | 6 | Q. And your responsibilities in that job? |
| 7 | that Novartis International AG? | 7 | A. As I mentioned, I was I was responsible |
| | A. Was that Novartis International AG? | | for insecticides. They had a sort of business unit |
| 8 | Q. Or was it Novartis AG? | 8 | running insecticides out of Basel, and then I was patron |
| 10 | A. It was I'm not sure. It was it was | 9 | for Asia, which was more of a coordination role for the Asian countries. |
| | | 11 | |
| 11 | Novartis Crop Protection that I worked for. But I | 12 | Q. With the same agrochemical orientation? |
| 12 | I can't give you a precise answer, excuse me. | 13 | A. Yes, always. |
| | Q. Of which committee what the committee | | Q. And what did you do after it would be 1998? Is that when the transition occurred, the next |
| 14 | was attached to? A. It was Novartis crop it was I cannot | 14 15 | job |
| 16 | be I cannot give you a clear answer. | 16 | - |
| 17 | Q. Okay. In terms of the executive | 17 | A. The next job Q or was it '97? |
| 18 | committee, was the executive committee the overriding | 18 | A. I think that is in my CV, actually, it |
| 19 | authority for operating that that company? | 19 | in the short one. I think I moved yes, '98, I moved |
| 20 | A. Well. like the executive committee as we | 20 | on to be head of portfolio for the for the whole |
| 21 | have today, it dealt with strategic matters and it dealt | 21 | company, portfolio management. I mean, shortly after |
| 22 | with performance. It was the most senior executive | 22 | things moved quite quickly. Shortly after that I was |
| 23 | group, yes. | 23 | named as chief operating officer and then right at the |
| 24 | Q. That's what I'm saying, that Novartis | 24 | end I became CEO. |
| 25 | executive committee you served on was the most senior | 25 | Q. Okay. Let's if if we can, let's |
| | · | | |
| | Page 27 | | Page 29 |
| 1 | group for operations? | 1 | let's back up and make sure we get all this correctly. |
| 2 | A. For the crop protection business, yes. | 2 | A. Sure. |
| 3 | Q. All right. Was there a higher level | 3 | Q. In 1998, you became chief operating |
| 4 | Novartis group? | 4 | officer? |
| 5 | A. Oh, yes. | 5 | A No I I think chief operating was |
| 6 | Q. Okay. Above the crop protection? | | A. No, I I think chief operating yes, |
| | | 6 | it could could I look to be to be precise. |
| 7 | A. Sure. | 7 | it could could I look to be to be precise. Q. Yes. Of course you can. Of course. |
| 8 | A. Sure.Q. Okay. And what was that one? | 7 8 | it could could I look to be to be precise. Q. Yes. Of course you can. Of course. A. Those dates were quite compressed. Okay. |
| 8 9 | A. Sure.Q. Okay. And what was that one?A. That was the Novartis executive committee, | 7 8 9 | it could could I look to be to be precise. Q. Yes. Of course you can. Of course. A. Those dates were quite compressed. Okay. I was chief operating officer in '99, head of portfolio |
| 8 9 10 | A. Sure.Q. Okay. And what was that one?A. That was the Novartis executive committee,which was for the entire company. | 7 8 9 10 | it could could I look to be to be precise. Q. Yes. Of course you can. Of course. A. Those dates were quite compressed. Okay. I was chief operating officer in '99, head of portfolio of management in '98, so that's |
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| 8 9 10 11 12 13 | A. Sure. Q. Okay. And what was that one? A. That was the Novartis executive committee, which was for the entire company. Q. All right. And do you know who was on that committee? A. Sure. | 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | it could could I look to be to be precise. Q. Yes. Of course you can. Of course. A. Those dates were quite compressed. Okay. I was chief operating officer in '99, head of portfolio of management in '98, so that's Q. What what were the differences in those responsibilities? A. Quite different: portfolio management was |
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Page 30 Page 32 1 chief operating officer? A. Okay. So it was -- it had authority over 2 A. Well, then I -- I had a responsibility for all the worldwide employees in -- in crop protection; 3 essentially the whole crop protection operation over all the different affiliate groups that existed in 4 worldwide. And then shortly after that, the reason why the different territories. It -- it led the business. I wanted to refer to this, I mean, shortly -- in the 5 Q. And would that include all the subsidiary same year, I was promoted to chief executive officer for 6 employees? 7 7 the crop protection business. A. To the extent that that was laid out in 8 Q. In 1999? how we operated, yes. I mean --8 9 A. Yes, and I reported, in that capacity, 9 Q. Let's put it this way: all the subsidiary 10 to -- prior to this, I had reported to the previous CEO, crop protection employees? 10 whose name was Wolfgang Samo, S-A-M-O. In '99, he left 11 A. Yes. But let me be clear: I mean, those and I reported to Heinz Imhof, who was head of 12 subsidiaries were set up with their own articles of 13 agribusiness, so he had seeds and an over -- overarching incorporation, they had their own roles and 14 responsibility. 14 responsibilities, and in the center we had ours, but to 15 Q. So at the time, or the day before Syngenta 15 the extent that it was overall, in that context, yes. 16 was formed, what was your job title at that time? 16 Q. And if you could tell me, was there a 17 A. CEO crop protection. 17 Novartis Crop Protection Inc. in the US at that time? 18 Q. CEO of crop protection for Novartis? A. Yes. 18 19 A. Yes. 19 Q. And where was it headquartered? 20 20 Q. You served on the executive committee? A. Greensboro. 21 A. I served on the executive committee that 21 Q. Was it in the same location that Syngenta 22 Crop Protection Inc. is currently located? 22 I talked to you about -- I was leading it at that time, 23 just before the merger. 23 A. It was. It was. 24 Q. And I want to make sure we define which Q. Now, tell me -- we are going to walk 24 25 executive committee. Tell me which one that you served through in a minute your responsibilities after Syngenta Page 33 Page 31 was formed, up until the current time, but if you could 1 on? 2 A. It was the one that was looking after the 2 tell me -- we'll start a new question at this time. crop protection business worldwide. 3 3 Okay. Q. And do you know by what authority that 4 Tell me the management differences, if you can, 4 executive committee was formed? in terms of the structure of the organization between 5 5 the Novartis structure of companies that you worked for 6 A. I don't, but it -- it was -- no, I don't. 7 Q. Do you know by -- was it a separate legal 7 and the evolving Syngenta group of companies? 8 entity, that executive committee? 8 A. In what sense do you mean the question? 9 A. I don't -- I don't know. 9 Q. In terms of -- in terms of the management 10 Q. Do you know if it -- it derived its -- its structure over the operations within the group that you power to act through the overriding or overall worked for, the agrochemical businesses? 11 11 corporation or from the agribusiness corporation or the 12 A. So there were some similarities and some 13 source of its authority? differences. In Syngenta, we operate through -- in the 13 14 A. My business card at the time said, if I'm crop protection business we have four region heads, and 15 not mistaken, "Novartis Crop Protection AG", so we had that was very similar to the way we operated in -- in 15 16 a -- a legal entity which covered the -- the crop 16 Novartis. protection business. 17 Q. Would you tell me what those four region 17 18 Q. Do you know which of the entities it 18 heads are? 19 derived its authority to act? 19 A. Yes, I will. They -- we have -- and still 20 20 have -- a region head based in Singapore looking after 21 Q. Do you know, if you can tell me, what Asia-Pacific, and we --21 authority that particular committee had at that time? 22 22 Q. Was that the same at -- at Novartis?

23

24

9 (Pages 30 to 33)

A. It was very similar, the difference being

that in -- well, there were two legacy companies. We --

we were operating out of Hong Kong at the time with one

Q. In other words, over which groups it had

23

24

25 authority?

A. Yes.

| | Dago 24 | | Page 26 |
|--|--|--|---|
| | Page 34 | | Page 36 |
| 1 | of the legacy companies, and we we brought the | 1 | A. Currently, the president of Syngenta Crop |
| 2 | operations together in in Singapore subsequently. | 2 | Protection Inc. is Vern Hawkins, the head of Canada is |
| 3 | We operated for Novartis we did not have the | 3 | Jay Bradshaw and the head of Mexico is Marcelo Valentin. |
| 4 | concept of NAFTA. We operated Greensboro for the | 4 | Q. And who is the boss of the Canadian and |
| 5 | United States, and in Syngenta we have we have NAFTA | 5 | Mexican operations? Who is that person from Greensboro? |
| 6 | as a as a region, so that's that's both a | 6 | A. Oh, well, they report to Vern Hawkins. |
| 7 | similarity in the sense of where it was based and a | 7 | Q. They report to Hawkins? |
| 8 | difference in the in the scope. | 8 | A. Yes, they do. |
| 9 | Q. Did at that time I'm sorry for | 9 | Q. Does Hawkins have a position with either |
| 10 | interrupting, but rather than waiting until the end to | 10 | of the other companies, in Canada or Mexico? Is he |
| 11 | ask, if you don't mind. | 11 | employed with them? |
| 12 | A. Mmm. | 12 | A. No. No, he is employed by he is |
| 13 | Q. The operations at Novartis, in terms of | 13 | employed in in the US. |
| 14 | North America, did Novartis Crop Protection Inc. have | 14 | Q. And by Syngenta Crop Protection Inc.? |
| 15 | authority over sales in Canada and in Mexico? | 15 | A. Yes. |
| 16 | A. No. | 16 | Q. How is it that they report to him? |
| 17 | Q. Were there any sales in Canada and Mexico | 17 | A. How? |
| 18 | through Novartis Crop Protection Inc.? | 18 | MR. POPE: Excuse me, how? |
| 19 | A. Not to my knowledge. | 19 | MR. TILLERY: Yes. |
| 20 | Q. Okay. Did the sales in Canada and Mexico | 20 | MR. POPE: Object to the question. |
| 21 | start after the formation of Syngenta? | 21 | MR. TILLERY: All right. I'll withdraw the |
| 22 | A. There were there were sales in those | 22 | question. |
| 23 | places, but they came together after the formation of | 23 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 24 | Syngenta. | 24 | Q. If you could explain to me how the |
| 25 | Q. All right. Were they being sold through | 25 | A. Sure. |
| | | | |
| | Page 35 | | Page 37 |
| 1 | Page 35 Novartis entities in Canada and Mexico? | 1 | |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | Q Canadian and Mexican operations, |
| | Novartis entities in Canada and Mexico? A. Yes. Yes. | | Q Canadian and Mexican operations, in terms of the heads of their group, report to him in |
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25 comprise this group?

Q. And who is that?

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| | Page 38 | Г | Page 40 |
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| | | | Page 40 |
| 1 | A. Sure. | 1 | A. I believe so. |
| 2 | Q. Where are they from? | 2 | Q. All right. And this individual, you said, |
| 3 | A. All the rest are from are based in the | 3 | has a tie. Can you explain that to me? |
| 4 | United States. | 4 | A. Right. So just a word about the |
| 5 | Q. And do you know where, from which | 5 | overall company set-up. My responsibility is the |
| 6 | companies? | 6 | chief operating officer for crop protection, but that's |
| 7 | A. Yes, they work for Syngenta Crop | 7 | a commercial responsibility, primarily. We are a |
| 8 | Protection Inc. and we have on that group, we have | 8 | matrixed organization, so the functions have their own |
| 9 | we have the heads of the US business units as well, so | 9 | reporting line, so in the case of human resources, there |
| 10 | Jim Peters from an area we call Prairie and Mountain, | 10 | are two Daniel Loria has two lines of connection, |
| 11 | which which I think describes itself well; | 11 | one to his global leader, functional leader, who is |
| 13 | Tommy Jackson from from the north; we have Scott Langkamp, who does horticulture; and we have | 12 | Caroline Luscombe, and one through the the operating |
| 14 | Michael Boden, who does the south. And so these | 14 | entity in the US. Q. And that would be who at the operating |
| 15 | these are the US business units. | 15 | entity? |
| 16 | So, therefore and then we have the head of | 16 | A. Vern Hawkins. And and that that |
| 17 | marketing, who is Travis Dickinson, and then we have the | 17 | same set-up is true for our supply chain, it is true for |
| 18 | head of human resources, who is Daniel Loria. We have | 18 | our finance operation. It is true it is the way we |
| 19 | the head of finance, who is Jason Fogden. I don't | 19 | operate the functions and the businesses. |
| 20 | I don't know if you want me to go through the entire | 20 | Q. When you say "for the supply chain", who |
| 21 | Q. Keep going. Your memory is amazing. Keep | 21 | would that be in the supply chain? |
| 22 | going. | 22 | A. So that's John Riley, so |
| 23 | A. We have now you've thrown me off. | 23 | Q. And who would who would he respond to |
| 24 | Q. It was the only way I could stop you. | 24 | on a global basis? |
| 25 | A. John Riley is the head of supply chain. | 25 | A. Mark Peacock. |
| | | | |
| | Page 39 | | Page 41 |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | And we have a legal counsel on there, and I'm I'm not | 1 2 | Page 41 Q. And he is in Basel? A. He is. |
| | | | Q. And he is in Basel? |
| 2 | And we have a legal counsel on there, and I'm I'm not going to recall it used to be Vince Alventosa, but it | 2 | Q. And he is in Basel?A. He is. |
| 2 3 | And we have a legal counsel on there, and I'm I'm not going to recall it used to be Vince Alventosa, but it isn't anymore. | 2 3 | Q. And he is in Basel?A. He is.Q. And how would he explain to me how that |
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Page 42 describe as being specific formulations. But when of that distribution? you -- when you look at them in their packed form, that 2 translates into around 550, so about double. 3 Q. And when you say 550, that's 550 different 4 4 5 products? 5 6 A. 550 -- well, they've got -- they are in 6 7 7 different package sizes to meet different market needs. A. Yes. I would say that -- there are 250 different products, so 8 formulations with different uses. The multiplier is to 9 A. So -do with the pack size. 10 10 11 Q. And how is it that when you're -- you --11 12 you mentioned -- and I'm just trying to understand a 12 and we haven't done it recently. But the -- the --13 little better the Saint Gabriel location, and then how the coordination would take place in terms of more of a 14 15 global connection with that operation. Explain that to 15 16 me? 16 A. Sure. So they -- they have a process 17 18

17 18 which is well defined about active ingredient planning, 19 production planning, and what happens is all the operating units have their S&OP processes, standard 20 processes, for planning the demand, and these demands 22 are all collected up globally and then relayed to the --23 to the supply chain in -- in the United States.

24 So they are then in a position to -- to plan 25 the production of atrazine: you know, when it -- when

A. At the very highest level, Mark Peacock's leadership team will -- will discuss the demand and the plant capacity and the occupation. Sometimes if it's over capacity we have to buy it on the outside market.

Page 44

Page 45

Q. Is that market primarily in China now?

Q. All right.

Q. I'm sorry for interrupting you. Go ahead.

A. But not uniquely. If we ever have do it,

I should correct myself: it's -- for this particular

molecule, it isn't primarily China, it is not, when we

buy -- if we have to buy on the -- on the -- on -- from

others. It's not on this particular. Most, it is.

So they would -- they would look at that. We also have a -- a global S&OP process where I chair,

19 so we also would look at that with some of the marketing

and business people around the table. But at a more 20

detailed level, there are active ingredient planners who are working one level below, and they would communicate 22

23

this to their opposite numbers in the United States and 24 the -- the thing would get produced.

Q. And when you say "S&OP", is that -- what

Page 43

25

5

12

13

14

22

23

1 does that stand for? 2

A. The global -- this is the -- I think it's

better that I describe what it is. It's the process by 4 which demand and supply comes together.

Q. All right.

6 A. It's just a planning process where we 7 discuss demand and we discuss supply and we try and 8 align them. That's all it is.

9 Q. Okay. When you said these people who are one step below, are they below Mr. Peacock? 10

A. They are. 11

Q. All right. Are they in Basel?

A. Most of them are, yes.

Q. All right. And they would be working

in -- from which company? 15

A. They would -- they would almost 16

certainly -- I say "almost certainly" because I don't 17 have the absolute proof in -- or data in my head, but 18

Syngenta Crop Protection AG. 19

20 Q. All right. And under Mr. Peacock's

21 direction?

Q. And he's an employee of Syngenta Crop

24 Protection AG? 25

A. No, he's my colleague on the executive

it's needed for Australia, when it's needed for the US,

when it's needed for -- for Latin America, and that's

3 how it works.

4

5

Q. And how does that communication take place between the global needs and the production? How does

7 A. Well, at the highest level, Mark Peacock, 8 who is head of global supply, he has his -- his own

9 leadership team, on which John Riley will sit. So at

10 the highest level, he has a planning vehicle for that --

11 that to take place.

12 Q. And when -- so whoever -- Peacock or 13 people working with Peacock's office -- he's in Basel;

14 correct?

15 A. Right.

Q. Do they coordinate the global distribution

17 then?

16

18 A. Yes, yes.

19 Q. And how -- when -- if it's needed. And we

20 haven't finished our discussion of all of these

21 four different groups, okay, but -- when we got into 22 this topic, but let's say more or less is needed in

23 different parts of the world from the St. Gabriel

production location. Explain to me how that 25 communication would take place back to America in terms

Page 46 Page 48 committee, so he's -- he's Syngenta International AG. Q. All right. Now, where we -- I think where 2 Q. All right. And do you know who would be 2 my mind takes us back to, and I -- I didn't want to 3 their boss at Syngenta Crop Protection AG? 3 interrupt where you were going in your discussion in A. Okay. If they're not reporting directly 4 4 explaining it to me, but it goes back to the 17-person NAFTA group. 5 to Mark Peacock, I don't, off the top of my head. 5 I'd have to reflect on that. 6 A. Yes. 6 7 7 Q. All right. And, anyway, these people O. That -- is there -- is there a head of 8 then, as you say, make this recommendation. 8 that group? 9 9 A. Mmm. A. Vern Hawkins. Q. And they have now made a determination as 10 10 Q. All right. And does he have a title for 11 to where the atrazine goes. 11 that group? 12 A. Well, he's president of -- of A. Yes. 12 13 Q. What happens at that point? How is it 13 Crop Protection Inc. and in that -- he's head of the --14 communicated? 14 head of the region. 15 A. It would be communicated back through the Q. Head of the NAFTA region? 15 United States planning process. In the United States, 16 A. That's what we call him, yes. 16 they have their own process, so they would receive the 17 Q. All right. And do you know what his 18 international demand and they would then factor that in responsibility as head of that region would be? 18 19 to the running of the St. Gabriel operation, and they 19 A. Yes, in broad terms. I mean, he's 20 would -- they would do the detailed scheduling of 20 responsible for the -- I mean, we have a global 21 production themselves. strategy, which I could describe to you, but he's 22 Q. And who would that be? When you say responsible for -- our global strategy is a framework, 22 23 "they would do that in America", who would that be? 23 nothing more, nothing less, and he -- he is responsible 24 A. Well, that would be all over John Riley, for developing a local strategy in line with Syngenta 24 25 who is looking after that whole thing, and of course we framework and standards, and to expand our business, Page 47 Page 49 have a plant head and -- and some planners in the 1 to grow it, to improve profitability, to increase market 2 United States, whose names I don't know. share, and market share is one of our biggest measures, most important measures, and in fact that -- you know, 3 Q. And who is John Riley? A. He is the head of global supply for NAFTA. 4 profitably grow market share is -- is, if you like, 5 Q. And by whom is he directly employed? 5 shorthand for what he -- he does. 6 A. Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. He also has an important responsibility when it 7 7 comes to public affairs. He works -- he works with Q. And where is his office? 8 A. Greensboro. 8 stakeholders in the United States to build the Syngenta 9 9 Q. And -- and what would the head of global supply for NAFTA mean? 10 Q. In terms of his NAFTA responsibilities, 10 or as head of that group, of the NAFTA group, of which 11 A. It would mean he -- we have -- our 11 12 business in -- in -- in NAFTA in 2009 was around 12 I think you said the heads of Canada and Mexico were members --13 \$2.5 billion, so his responsibility is to provide the 13 products on time to the customers to satisfy that 14 A. They are. 15 Q. -- what is his job in terms of that -- and 15 \$2.5 billion business. 16 you called that 17-person board or something, you called 16 Q. For -- and when you said for -- is that in 17 the name -- I don't remember the name. 17 the NAFTA region? 18 A. Regional leadership team. 18 A. NAFTA region, yes. 19 19 Q. Regional leadership team. What is Q. 2.5 billion is from the NAFTA region? 20 A. Yes. There was 1.9 billion was the 20 his responsibility as head of the regional leadership team? 21 United States, and the rest was Canada and Mexico. 21 22 A. He is driving and monitoring performance 22 Q. Okay. How much of that is atrazine? 23 23 of the business; corrective action, where necessary; A. How much of that is atrazine? About --

24

he is leading the creation and the adaptation of

strategy; he is leading the succession planning

atrazine and atrazine-containing products, about

24

350 million.

| | Page 50 | | Page 52 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | discussion, everything concerned with human resources, | 1 | is because the while the video can see you nodding, |
| 2 | how we we deal and manage people is brought together | 2 | the reporter has to note it on the record. |
| 3 | in that group; they discuss things also such as | 3 | A. Okay. |
| 4 | remuneration, pay, we're now in the process of | 4 | Q. All right. So now, if you can, walk me |
| 5 | discussing pay rises around the world, that would be a | 5 | through, then, how the same type of thing would work in |
| 6 | topic that they would discuss. | 6 | the other three regions that you've identified? |
| 7 | Q. And he would have that over the NAFTA | 7 | A. At a high level, it's quite simple, |
| 8 | region? | 8 | because if we if we go south to to Latin America, |
| 9 | A. He would discuss that he would yes. | 9 | we're based in San Paulo, and there we have also a |
| 10 | Yes, he would well, yes, he would discuss it, but | 10 | regional leadership team, and Antonio Carlos Guimaraes |
| 11 | that doesn't mean to say that they don't have those | 11 | is the head of head of our region down there. |
| 12 | discussions for Canada for Canada and Mexico. | 12 | Q. And what would the region be comprised of |
| 13 | Q. I understand that. | 13 | in terms of Syngenta affiliates or subsidiaries? |
| 14 | A. Yes. | 14 | A. In terms of Syngenta affiliates or |
| 15 | Q. But, I mean, in terms of the NAFTA region, | 15 | subsidiaries? I will not be able to describe to you in |
| 16 | he would be at least given in this committee, as | 16 | detail the names of the affiliates that we have down |
| 17 | regional head, the oversight or control over that | 17 | there |
| 18 | region, the NAFTA region? | 18 | Q. All right. |
| 19 | A. Yes. | 19 | A the legal entity names, but I can tell |
| 20 | Q. Now, how long has that organization been | 20 | you how we are organized down there. |
| 21 | established? | 21 | Q. All right. Can you tell me how many of |
| 22 | A. The RLT? | 22 | them there are down there? |
| 23 | Q. Yes. | 23 | A. How many affiliates there are? |
| 24 | A. We've had RLTs and that's a | 24 | Q. Yes. |
| 25 | particularly large one, but we have them in all the | 25 | A. No, because I don't know how many country |
| | Page 51 | | Page 53 |
| 1 | | | |
| 1 | regions and we've had them since the company was | 1 | affiliates there are down there. |
| 2 | regions and we've had them since the company was created, or within a very short time of the creation of | 1 2 | affiliates there are down there. Q. Are there several? |
| | | | |
| 2 | created, or within a very short time of the creation of | 2 | Q. Are there several? |
| 2 | created, or within a very short time of the creation of the company. Q. Now, by what authority does he derive the power as head of this regional group? | 2 3 4 5 | Q. Are there several?A. There will be several, yes.Q. All right. And where are they located, in what countries? |
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| C | Official - Fursuanc | L. | o the Protective order |
|-----|--|-----|---|
| | Page 54 | | Page 56 |
| 1 | each country? | 1 | A. I'm not sure. |
| 2 | A. Yes, mostly. | 2 | Q. Okay. Do you know how he derives his |
| 3 | Q. All right. Now and then tell me how | 3 | authority to act as head of the leadership team for |
| 4 | that would work, then? | 4 | South America? |
| 5 | A. So it's quite similar. Antonio Carlos | 5 | A. In the legal entity sense, no. |
| 6 | Guimaraes would would have his regional leadership | 6 | Q. Who does he report to after he acts and |
| 7 | team, and we've actually split that region as follows: | 7 | runs the leadership team? I assume he has authority |
| 8 | we have Latin America south, which which is | 8 | over that whole area in South America |
| 9 | headquartered in Buenos Aires, and that brings in Chile, | 9 | A. He has authority |
| 10 | Uruguay, Paraguay, Bolivia and Argentina together; and | 10 | MR. POPE: Objection. Objection to what |
| 11 | then we have we have Brazil, which is Brazil; and | 11 | "authority" means. |
| 12 | then we have what we call ACC, which is Andean | 12 | THE WITNESS: Yes. |
| 13 | Andean Central America and Colombia, Colombia and | 13 | MR. POPE: You've used "coordination", you've |
| 14 | Central America, which includes all almost all the | 14 | used "control", you've used certain terms. |
| 15 | countries I haven't mentioned as far north as Mexico, it | 15 | MR. TILLERY: That's fine. I'll withdraw it. |
| 16 | stops at the Mexican border. So Colombia, Guatemala, | 16 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 17 | all the Caribbean, Venezuela, right up to to the | 17 | Q. What what do you think of in terms of |
| 18 | Mexican border. | 18 | his relationship with these other entities? |
| 19 | Q. And do does the product atrazine get | 19 | A. I think of him as providing the strategic |
| 20 | sold in those entities? | 20 | leadership to these other entities, to helping |
| 21 | A. In many of them, yeah, it does. | | to helping and not there's a big coaching. |
| 22 | Q. All right. Then tell me how this | 22 | I mean, he's a very he's the senior guy, he helps |
| 23 | individual and I'm not going to try to pronounce his | 23 | coach some of the younger leaders on how on to |
| 24 | name that you you've described, how he works in | | improve their their performance. |
| 25 | terms of that regional area? | 25 | He is monitoring performance, he's he's |
| | Page 55 | | Page 57 |
| 1 | A. How he works? | 1 | looking at the income statements, are we spending too |
| 2 | Q. How he runs it or how the operation works, | 2 | much, have we invested he gets investment proposals, |
| 3 | in terms of a leadership team. | 3 | acquisitions. We're in the process of of acquiring a |
| 4 | A. Okay. Well, we talked a lot about the | 4 | business in Latin America south, and he's very much |
| 5 | leadership team, but of course it's much more than that. | 5 | involved in that. |
| 6 | I mean, he he would travel regularly to these places | 6 | Q. Well, and who would who would be |
| 7 | and meet with customers, meet with the operating and | 7 | acquiring that business? Who would actually buy it? |
| 8 | country leadership teams that exist in these places. | 8 | A. Who would who is buying buying it? |
| 9 | He would he would in his regional | 9 | From a legal entity standpoint, I have to say I'm not |
| 10 | leadership team and outside it, he would discuss | 10 | sure. |
| 11 | strategy, he would discuss product portfolio, he would | 11 | Q. And when you say he's assisting the other |
| 12 | discuss ideas about how we could segment the market, | 12 | leaders, would that be the other leaders of the other |
| 13 | new innovations that we have, either developed through | 13 | entities? |
| 14 | Basel or developed locally. | 14 | A. The other leaders |
| 15 | Q. And which company does he work for? | 15 | Q. Of the other of the other subsidiaries |
| 16 | A. Brazil. The Brazilian company. | 16 | in South America? |
| 17 | Q. Does he work for any of these other | 17 | A. Yes, correct. |
| 18 | companies? | 18 | Q. And would who would be in charge there |
| 19 | A. I don't believe so. | 19 | of coordinating the distribution in Latin America? |
| 20 | Q. All right. And do you know what his title | 20 | A. The the physical distribution of the |
| 21 | is at the Brazilian subsidiary? | 21 | products? |
| 22 | A. No. No, I don't know exactly what his | 22 | Q. Yes. |
| 23 | title is, no. | 23 | A. Okay. So he would have his there is a |
| 0.4 | O D 1 'C1 ' d 1 1 Cd 4 | 0.4 | 1 1 C 1 1 1 1 1 1 C D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |

24 head of global supply also in San Paulo, very much in

25 the way I described to you the Greensboro set-up, and it

Q. Do you know if he is the head of that

25 Brazilian entity or is he in a leadership role there?

24

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Page 60 Page 58 would operate in a very similar way. leadership team work for, directly? 2 Q. And that would be a person who would do 2 A. He reports to me. 3 what with respect to all of those entities? 3 Q. And is he in Basel? 4 4 A. He is. A. It's very similar to the way I described John Riley's role. We do have a very large formulation 5 Q. And how many different legal entities are facility in Paulinia, which is in the state of 6 within his -- within the umbrella of his leadership 7 7 San Paulo, and that is supplying product throughout team? 8 8 Latin America, and so, you know, the big task for him is A. A great number. I mean, we have them in to -- he's not concerned in this instance with exporting 9 France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Bulgaria recently set up. 10 product outside Latin America -- Latin America. He is 10 Everywhere. 11 very much concerned with provisioning our customers 11 Q. And are these all separate legal entities, 12 throughout the Latin American region. 12 as far as you know? 13 Q. And who would he work for, the person in 13 A. I believe so. 14 terms of global supply from South America? Who would --14 Q. And without going through all of the same 15 A. So it's exactly the same as the set-up 15 questions we went through for NAFTA and with John Riley: he works -- he works for both Antonio South America/Latin America, would the organization be 16 16 17 Carlos Guimaraes, who is the business lead, and the head 17 the same in terms of his -- his management of that 18 of global supply, who is Mark Peacock. 18 leadership team and responsibility, as well as the 19 Q. And his assignment is in Brazil? 19 coordination of global supply within that group? 20 20 A. His -- his assignment is in Brazil, yes. A. It has a lot of similarities, yes. 21 Q. Okay. Now, we've talked about NAFTA 21 Q. Are there any -- if there are any 22 22 region and the South American region. There are differences, tell me? 23 two other regions. 23 A. Well, we didn't go into all detail on 24 A. There are. 24 this, but of the information I've given you, I think 25 Q. Could you walk me through those, please? it's -- it's pretty similar. Page 59 Page 61 1 A. Europe is headquartered in Basel, and 1 Q. Okay. About the Pan-Asian? that encompasses -- it's Europe, Africa, Middle East, so 2 A. Well, we head that -- we headquarter that 3 out of Singapore, and it's run by an Australian called it encompasses -- well, I think it's fairly descriptive: it's everything, Europe east and west, Africa, the Andrew Guthrie, and he has his regional leadership team. 5 Middle East and all of -- all of Russia and the CIS. 5 Of course his region is extremely diverse, from Japan in 6 Q. And how is that operated? the north to New Zealand in the south and China in the 7 7 -- in the west, China and India, and Pakistan is the A. Again, we have a regional leadership team. The head of the whole region is called Jon Parr, with 8 western boundary. And, again, he -- he runs it in a --9 9 two Rs, and he -- he leads his leadership team and he -in a similar way. he is doing a similar role to that of Antonio Carlos 10 I should perhaps have pointed out that -- I did 11 Guimaraes and -- and Vern Hawkins. 11 tell you that Latin America was split up: Latin America 12 O. And that would include -- well, we don't south, ACC and Brazil. In Europe, we have eastern Europe as a -- you know, we have an area head who 13 really need to go back over all of this and ask the same 13 questions. It would be -- is there any notable reports to Jon Parr who runs the whole of eastern difference in terms of his authority or his -- or his --Europe, and we have one man running Africa/Middle East 15 15 16 his operation, or use any word you want to describe what who reports to him. So we have -- we have grouping of 16 17 he's doing, that's up to you? 17 countries. And, equally, we do in -- in Asia. We -- we 18 group south-east Asian countries, for example. A. I -- I don't think there is much of a 18 19 Q. And how do they -- where do the group 19 difference, except that that is our biggest region, so 20 it is bigger than the others, it's more -- more diverse 20 leaders -- where do they work? than the others because it encompasses Africa and -- and 21 A. In -- in the case of Europe, in Basel; in the case of Asia, in Singapore. 22 22 Russia, but apart from that, it's -- you know, it's --23 23 it's strategy, it's performance, it's new businesses, Q. And would they -- in Asia -- in Singapore,

24

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16 (Pages 58 to 61)

would they work for one of the subsidiary entities?

A. If they're based in Singapore, I believe

Q. And who does this leader -- head of the

24 it's investment proposals and --

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Page 62

- they would work for our -- of which I'm a board member -- our Asia-Pacific Pte Singapore listed --
- 3 registered company.

4

- Q. And do you know the name of that company?
- 5 A. Asia-Pacific Pte, I think, I believe, but
- I can correct that after the break. 6
- 7 Q. If you can. It's not -- that's -- that's
- okay. In terms of that particular entity, what role 8
- does it have in terms of leadership in the Asian area?
- 10 A. As an entity, it is an entity which houses 11 the people who work there.
- 12 Q. I see. So it's -- really, we're talking
- 13 about the people, then. And the person or people that
- 14 come from there are just the leadership team leader or
- 15 head from that company?
- 16 A. Yes, yes.
- 17 Q. And what is his name?
- 18 A. Andrew Guthrie.
- 19 Q. All right. And does his responsibility
- parallel that of the other leadership team members, like 20
- Mr. Hawkins that we talked about earlier?
- 22 A. Yes, it's similar. Yes, it's similar.
- 23 Q. And -- and how would he -- how many
- 24 different corporate entities would exist that would be
 - sort of under that leadership team?

Page 64

- 1 And we also have manufacturing out there.
- In Goa, India, we have active ingredient manufacturing.
- In China we manufacture active ingredients, we have
- formulation plants. It's quite a complex supply chain 4
- 5 role that he has.
- 6 Q. Well, that's one of the things I was going
- 7 to ask you: how do you coordinate the -- this need in
- 8 Asia, this in Europe and NAFTA and South America? How
- 9 does this all work? Explain it to me?
- 10 A. Well, at a very high level, that's the
- 11 reason why we have a strong supply chain function which
- 12 is globally coordinated, for exactly that reason,
- 13 because it is -- so the planning -- that's -- the
- planning is centralized. 14
- 15 Every operating unit has its own planning
- 16 process that we talked about before, and that comes
- 17 together at a global -- in a global planning process,
- 18 and it -- it works reasonably well.
- 19 We're never fully satisfied with it, but it
- 20 works reasonably well. So it's a combination of local
- planning and global planning, but of course with,
- 22 you know, the benefits of modern computing and
- 23 communication, we can do that reasonably well.
- 24 Q. And is there a head of -- of global
- 25 supply, then, in Basel that oversees all of this?

Page 63

- A. Well, we have legal entities in -- in
- 2 all -- all those countries, in all those countries.
- 3 Q. As far as you know, it is a separate legal
- entity in each one of the countries?
- 5 A. As far as I know, apart from ones where
- we -- you know, in places like Cambodia, you know, we do
- 7 it as an export business. But apart from that, yes.
- 8 Q. In terms of global supply or supply needs,
- 9 is there a person who does the same sort of thing there
- 10 as in NAFTA?

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- 11 A. There is.
 - Q. Who is that person, do you know?
- 13 A. We've just changed him. He has just --
- 14 the previous incumbent has moved to Basel, and I cannot
- 15 recall the name of his replacement.
- 16 Q. And what would that person's job be? What
- would they do in that responsibility? 17
- A. Well, in the case of -- of Asia, there's 18
- 19 quite a big logistic task. We -- we have a lot of
- 20 product for ease of distribution that comes through
- 21 Singapore before going on to all the customers
- 22 throughout the region, so his task is -- is quite a
- 23 complex logistic task of making sure we get all these
- 24 different products in all these different markets on
- 25 time.

A. Yes, Mark Peacock, yes.

- 2 Q. And he is -- he is the head of monitoring
- 3 the needs throughout the -- the corporate entity
- throughout the world?
- 5 A. Ultimately, and -- and he and I, on this
- global team, will sit together with representatives from
- 7 the regions quite frequently and -- and discuss some of
- 8 the issues that are resulting from this rather complex
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- 10 Q. And in terms of some of the other issues
- you talked about, in terms of human -- well, let's just 11
- pick human resources. How do human resources work in
- terms of your specific operation in the agrochemical 13
- 14 business of Syngenta?
 - A. Okay.
- 16 Q. In the terms of needs of people, and,
- 17 actually, if you could speak to how it works in terms of
- moving one person to another. I talked about that 18
- yesterday with Mr. Maeder, but I'd like to see, in terms 19
- 20 of your specific business, how that works?
 - A. Okay.
- 22 MR. POPE: Should he focus on that last
- 23 question, as opposed to --
- 24 MR. TILLERY: If you want me to withdraw it,
- 25 Mike, I will.

Page 65

Page 66

MR. POPE: No, just so he is clear.

Dr. Atkin, you are being asked about simply moving people from place to place.

4 BY MR. TILLERY:

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- Q. Why don't we start with that, and if -- if you want me to rephrase the question, I'll be happy to do that.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. All right.
- 10 A. Well, we have a succession planning
- 11 process, so every -- every operating unit, you know,
- 12 that starts in a country will have identified talents,
- 13 people who -- who are capable of being promoted and
- 14 moved, and this will be discussed at the regional level
- 15 and then it will come together at the global level, and
- 16 so we'll have a -- a globally coordinated list and --
- 17 and plan against -- against each of the senior jobs:
- 18 who could replace this man or this lady if they left or
- 19 if they were promoted in turn. So we -- we -- it is
- 20 bottom up, it's driven bottom up, but we have -- for the
- 21 more -- for the most senior jobs, we have -- I have this
- 22 visible at my level.
- Q. One of the things I talked to Mr. Maeder
- 24 about, was discussed, was a talent review, this sort of
 - 5 thing. Are you part of that group as well?

Page 68

- 1 and Vern Hawkins was in the succession plan, so he was
- 2 the proposal of the -- of the board, Syngenta Crop
- 3 Protection Inc. He was already in the plan, and -- and
- 4 his name came forward on this principle of one over one.
- 5 Q. What does that mean? I saw that in some 6 of the documents: one over one?
- 7 A. Yeah, well, he reports to me, so the idea
- 8 is that I wouldn't just go away -- go ahead and nominate
- 9 him to that role without consulting my boss, who is the
- 10 chief -- chief executive operator.
 - Q. And who is that?
- 12 A. Mike Mack. Officer. Mike Mack is the
- 13 chief executive officer. So that's -- that's the way it
- 14 works. So that's -- that's a good example of what
- 15 happens.

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- Q. And did that happen with respect to
- 17 Mr. Hawkins?
 - A. It did, exactly that way.
- Q. Now, I think we've covered the
- 20 four different groups. We were talking about --
- 21 what led us down all of this discussion was an initial
- 22 question about the comparison of Novartis AG and the
- 23 operations there with Syngenta AG's facilities --
- 24 facilities and operations, and you were trying to
- 25 describe, I think, the differences.

Page 67

- A. Very much so, yes.
- Q. How does that work?
- A. Well, first of all, we have a specific
- meeting. We haven't talked about my crop protection
- 5 leadership team at a global level, but we have a
- 6 specific meeting, which is most of the people who are in
- 7 that crop protection leadership team, to discuss the
- 8 talent.

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- 9 So we will sit and -- we will sit and -- and
- 10 look at sometimes individual names, sometimes the shape
- 11 of it, have we -- you know, do we have enough people in
- 12 our pipeline or should we -- you know, should we be
- 13 hiring more, and, you know, what sort of people should
- we be hiring. So we do discuss it at the more seniorlevel, yes.
- Q. And how does it work in terms of
- 17 identifying a particular person? For example, a need
- 18 arises at Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. for a particular
- 19 type of person. How does your talent review end up with
- 20 selecting somebody that would be a good fit for a
- 21 particular company?
- A. Okay. Well, that arose one year ago when
- crop -- Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. resigned one year
 ago. We looked at the talent list and succession plan,
- 23 the head of -- when the head of -- the president of24 crop -- Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. resigned one year

Page 69

- Could you tell me, in terms of the overall
- differences, you described that NAFTA was different, we
- 3 talked about that. What else do you see in terms of
- 4 operational distinction between Novartis and Syngenta?
- 5 A. It would take a long time to do. There 6 are --
 - Q. Are there a lot of them?
 - A. There are a lot of differences.
- 9 I don't -- there are a lot of differences that have real
- business meaning, whether you would call them all
- 11 operational, but, you know, the strategy that we deploy,
- 12 the way we work with public affairs, which we never did
- 13 very -- I mean, we're a public company now. We were
- 14 part of a multi-divisional company before.
- I mean, you -- you know, there are so many
- 16 striking differences in the way we -- the way we operate
- 17 that -- I don't know which particular bit you'd like to
- 18 talk about
- Q. And I don't mean to -- I don't think it
- 20 would be helpful to go through the business differences,
- because that's not, you know, really what we're talkingabout.
- In terms of, let's just say, operational
- 24 management, I mean, let 's narrow that question down to
 - the management structure of the company versus the

Page 72 Page 70 business decisions that you make and the way you -- the because its customers are global. way you run your -- in other words, the way you go after 2 Q. Well, let's now go back to the transition business or market share or anything else. Let's just 3 date that we talked about, in terms of you starting at 4 talk about the operational systems in terms of the your job with Syngenta, and when Syngenta was formed, 5 set-up or hierarchy of responsibility. How is it what was your title and responsibility? different between Novartis and Syngenta? A. Chief operating officer for the crop 6 7 A. We have a much more developed matrix 7 protection division. system in Syngenta than we did in -- in -- either in 8 Q. And by whom were you directly employed? Novartis or in the Zeneca legacy company. That would 9 A. By Syngenta International AG. 10 be, I think, if you were to compare the two, and we're 10 Q. And what was the group -- was there a talking ten years ago here, so maybe my memory will not 11 separate entity over which you had responsibility, a 12 be as good as it should be, but we have a stronger and a separate legal entity? 12 13 more clearly defined matrix system and --13 A. Well, I was on the board of -- I was on --14 Q. What does that -- what does that mean, if I was -- I was put on, or I -- I was invited to 14 15 you don't mind, a matrix system? participate -- I became on the board of crop -- Syngenta 15 16 A. It means that we have heads of functions, Crop Protection AG, and I was already on the boards of 16 17 like Mark Peacock, who has a responsibility to ensure two of the legacy organizations, the Crop 18 that people sitting in the regions and the territories Protection Inc. organization and the -- the one in 18 are coordinating their activities globally, as opposed 19 Asia-Pacific. 20 to the local operating unit having total management 20 Q. And the Syngenta Crop Protection AG control of all aspects of that supply chain and not 21 entity, is that in Basel? 22 having it coordinated very strongly globally. That's a 22 A. Yes. 23 difference. 23 Q. And who also is on that board? 24 Q. Does that result in economies, in terms of 24 A. John Ramsay and Christoph Maeder. 25 operational economies? 25 Q. Did it have any subsidiaries? Page 71 Page 73 MR. POPE: Do you mean at the time of the A. Yes. Yes. 1 1 2

Q. Does it streamline and make the overall

Syngenta AG and its affiliated companies more efficient?

A. It does.

4

5

6

Q. How -- explain that to me?

A. Well, because it's enabled -- I mean,

7 one -- one of the things we did when we created the

8 company and we needed to do was -- one of the reasons it

9 was created was to be more efficient.

10 We -- you know, the two individual businesses 11 wouldn't have been viable to be public companies on

their own. So, you know, we shared 3,000 jobs, we

13 had -- we had to do that. Quite a few of those were in

14 the manufacturing area. We didn't need all the -- the

15 formulation plants we had, we didn't need all the

facilities that we ran, and so we were able to create a

17 much more efficient global supply chain.

I would -- I would, though, like to draw a 18

19 distinction between what is global and what is local.

20 What I'm talking about is what is genuinely global.

21 To the extent that there is a local formulation facility

22 like we have in Omaha in the United States, that will

23 serve local needs and be managed locally, with a very,

24 very light touch globally, but the atrazine plant in

25 St. Gabriel is very strongly coordinated globally

2 merger or do you mean now?

BY MR. TILLERY: 3

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9

24

Q. You can expand that question. He raises a good point. At any time from -- from the time of the 5 merger, its creation, up until now, did Syngenta Crop 7 Protection AG have any subsidiaries?

A. I don't think I can answer your question accurately.

10 Q. What I'm looking for is to know if it is a company which has any direct line to any of the crop 11 12 protection companies. Do you know that one way or another? 13

14 A. It's in the word "direct" -- the phrase 15 "direct line", but I'm --

16 Q. And if it -- and if it's indirect, that's 17 fine as well.

MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the 18 19 question.

20 THE WITNESS: I believe it -- I believe it must have direct and indirect lines, but I can't 21 22 describe them all to you. It's quite complicated.

23 BY MR. TILLERY:

Q. Do you know what the relationship is 25 between Syngenta Crop Protection AG and Syngenta Crop

(Pages 70 to 73)

| | Page 74 | | Page 76 |
|----|---|--------|--|
| 1 | Protection Inc. in the United States? | 1 | discovery work ongoing. |
| 2 | A. No. | 2 | Q. And what and what do these three are |
| 3 | Q. Now, you were talking about all of these | 3 | these laboratories? |
| 4 | coordinated efforts of the the activities of these | 4 | A. Yes. |
| 5 | different entities, and streamlining and making it more | 5 | Q. Scientific? |
| 6 | efficient. How do you share information in terms of any | 6 | A. Yes. |
| 7 | research for any of the products that you sell? | 7 | Q. And the Stein location |
| 8 | A. There are there are two principal ways. | 8 | A. Yes. |
| 9 | The R&D community have a development committee. They | 9 | Q who runs the Stein location? |
| 10 | have a global development committee and there are | 10 | A. Martin Clough. |
| 11 | development committees in all the regions and some of | 11 | Q. And by whom is he employed? |
| 12 | the some of the affiliate country companies, so that | 12 | A. He well, he is head of our crop |
| 13 | there are committees where all of these things are | 13 | protection research overall, actually. |
| 14 | reviewed: new compounds, we have a stage plan, so if | 14 | By whom is he employed? He is probably in |
| 15 | something is in stage 2, which is just before stage 3 | 15 | crop protection oh, no, he may not he may be |
| 16 | is the big development investment. If it's in stage 2, | 16 | international also, he may be international. I can't |
| 17 | then it would be communicated to operating to the | 17 | it's one or the other. |
| 18 | regional development committees and they would discuss | 18 | Q. Okay. He would be one or the other, |
| 19 | what they had to do with preparation for it to be | 19 | international or what was the other one? |
| 20 | promoted to stage 3, and of course whether it's in | 20 | A. Crop Protection AG. |
| 21 | stage 1, 2 or 3, it's debated in the Basel global | 21 | Q. Crop Protection AG? |
| 22 | development committee. | 22 | A. Or International AG. |
| 23 | Q. And if you wouldn't mind, walk me through | 23 | Q. Or International AG. Okay. And do you |
| | how a new product in that context would find its way | 24 | know what his responsibility is? |
| 25 | onto the market in the in Syngenta today, how this | 25 | A. Global responsibility for crop protection |
| | Page 75 | | Page 77 |
| 1 | process would take place? | 1 | research. |
| 2 | MR. POPE: This would be a hypothetical | 2 | Q. And would that be for all three of the |
| 3 | product? | 3 | laboratories? |
| 4 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 4 | A. Yes. |
| 5 | Q. It is. And if you want to pick one, | 5 | Q. And would you mind spelling his name |
| 6 | I don't care, it is up to you. Otherwise, I'll just use | 6 7 | again? A. Clough, C-L-O-U-G-H. |
| 7 | a hypothetical product. But if you want to pick a | 8 | Q. Okay. |
| 8 | particular one for the purposes of explaining it, fine; if not, just do a hypothetical? | 9 | A. Martin. And so if we discover a molecule, |
| 10 | A. If it's ours from the start, and bear in | 10 | it will either either be discovered by serendipity, |
| 11 | mind that we do license-in products. | 11 | random screening; more likely, it will be a it will |
| 12 | Q. I understand. | 12 | be a product of having understood the literature and |
| 13 | A. If it's ours from the start, then it would | 13 | the the whole patent estate that is already in the |
| 14 | be discovered in one of three places: either Stein, | 14 | public domain or visible to us and found clever ways of |
| 15 | which is our research station near Basel. | 15 | improving on it. |
| 16 | Q. Would you spell that, please? Stein? | 16 | So, you know, you can do a lot of modeling |
| 17 | A. Yes, Stein? | 17 | to to figure out what would a better compound look |
| 18 | Q. Okay. Stein. I'm sorry, I didn't | 18 | like. |
| 19 | understand. | 19 | So once we have once we have a compound, |
| 20 | A. Stein or Jealott's Hill, which is | 20 | generally we wouldn't settle on exactly what this |
| 21 | Jealott's Hill specializes in herbicides, Stein | 21 | compound would be in the very early stage, but once |
| 22 | specializes in fungicides and insecticides. So it will | 22 | we've found it, it then goes through preliminary |
| 23 | be discovered the chances are, it would be discovered | 23 | testing, and we're able to to screen it against most |
| 24 | in in one of those two places, although we do have a | 24 | weeds, pest and diseases that are of economic importance |
| 25 | small unit in Goa, India, where there are there is | 25 | worldwide, and we can do that screening in Stein or in |

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Page 80 Page 78 Jealott's Hill. These are the two principal places control the major weeds -- in corn, for example, in where this screening -- these are the two places where corn. Is it -- is it going to be suitable as a corn 3 this screening would occur. herbicide? And once we've -- once we've established --Q. And -- now once, then, there's been a -there are two very distinct phases. The first phase is 4 4 5 do any of these -- strike that question. under cover. So we do it in greenhouses. And this is 6 Do any of the subsidiaries have laboratories extremely -- you need special permits to test compounds 6 7 themselves? 7 of relatively unknown toxicology in -- in all parts of 8 A. They do. We have a small laboratory in 8 the world wherever you want to do it, but we've got 9 these special permits in the UK and Switzerland to do Greensboro. Q. And what does the -- what is the purpose this, and so these are sealed systems that are -- they 10 10 11 or function of that laboratory? 11 are handled in very special ways because we don't know 12 A. It's to support -- it's principally to 12 the toxicology. 13 support the local business in matters such as analysis 13 And then the next phase is they are permitted, 14 and -- analytical methods and -- and other things which 14 and there's a process behind that, to be used in small pertain to -- to work which is required in the 15 plots outside, and then, as we -- as we move -- to make 15 United States, but it's not -- it's only a small unit 16 it quick, we -- we move through all that phase into 16 17 and it's -- it's nothing -- it doesn't have a role in large-scale field trials and experimental use permits 18 this first phase of -- of product. and then regulatory dossiers, and it takes seven years 19 Q. It's not a product development laboratory? 19 before it shows up on the market. 20 A. Not -- not really. It's a support 20 Q. And when it shows up on the market, then, 21 21 is it made available to all the subsidiaries? laboratory. 22 22 Q. Would it be like a compliance laboratory? A. Is it made available? MR. POPE: You mean the product, you're 23 A. You could call it that. It's closely 23 linked to the registration requirements of the 24 24 talking about? United States. 25 BY MR. TILLERY: Page 79 Page 81 1 1 Q. I understand. And are there -- do many of Q. The product. the other subsidiaries around the world have 2 A. Yeah. Through these development 3 laboratories? 3 committees, and indeed through our -- our marketing 4 coordination, we ascertain where this product will fit, A. Well, this one, Goa, in India, is -- is 4 5 5 and that's part of the process. part of the Indian -- broader Indian operation. 6 Q. Does it have an actual scientific base 6 We -- we don't -- it costs \$200 million from --7 7 roughly from test tube to packed product to get it crew that's developing molecules? 8 A. It has -- in -- in Goa? 8 there. So we don't engage in the -- the majority of 9 9 that \$200 million spend until we have reasonable Q. Yes. certainty that it will be suitable for a reasonably 10 A. There's a -- there's a team that we've 10 11 developed out there that are involved in the discovery large market. 11 12 process. I can't give you much more detail than that. 12 So that involves consultation processes with 13 the regions and with the affiliates in different Q. All right. Now, in terms of these 13 14 territories, and that consultation process happens at three --15 the development level and it happens at the marketing 15 A. Yes. 16 16 Q. -- Jealott's Hill -level. 17 17 Q. Now, Jealott's Hill is how big of an operation? Q. That would be more relevant in terms of --18 18 19 of herbicides, I guess. 19 A. Quite big. I can't tell you exactly how 20 A. Yes. 20 many people work there, but it is -- it is quite big. 21 Q. And who pays for that operation? Q. Walk me through, then, how this happens? 21 One of them is identified, the -- the scientific A. It's -- it's -- okay. At the highest 22 22

23

24

21 (Pages 78 to 81)

level, it's consolidated in our group income statement.

It -- it shows up in the Crop Protection income

statement in my division and --

A. And then we test it -- we test it. We --

we make sure -- I mean, it's got to work. So does it

analysis is undertaken, and then --

23

24

25

| | onfidential - Pursuant | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Page 82 | | Page 84 |
| 1 | Q. Under Crop Protection AG or crop or | 1 | Q. Yes, access. Let me let me withdraw |
| 2 | International or do you know where it is located in the | 2 | that poorly worded question. |
| 3 | operation? | 3 | Mike does a good job of correcting my questions |
| 4 | A. Okay. I don't. | 4 | and helping me improve my record. |
| 5 | Q. Okay. It's not being paid for by a | 5 | MR. POPE: All I seek is clarity. |
| 6 | subsidiary, I presume? | 6 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 7 | A. No. | 7 | Q. Could you explain to me the access that a |
| 8 | O. And | 8 | subsidiary entity's employees would have to |
| 9 | A. That's why I hesitate. It's not | 9 | Jealott's Hill or Stein, please? |
| 10 | it's not associated with our local business in the UK. | 10 | A. There are two levels. They most of |
| 11 | It operates quite separately from our local business in | 11 | these entities will take customers to these locations at |
| 12 | the UK | 12 | times which suit them, so we we often host |
| 13 | Q. And | 13 | delegations from Italy. I mean, there was one recently |
| 14 | A but we have a UK holding company. | 14 | who came to Stein from Italy, for example. I had one |
| 15 | Q. Right. And is the same true with respect | 15 | come from Venezuela to Stein also quite recently. That |
| 16 | to Stein? | 16 | is to show and to demonstrate to customers, and indeed |
| 17 | A. Stein the cost of Stein does not show | 17 | our local employees, the process of of product |
| 18 | up in our income statement for our Swiss Crop Protection | 18 | research and development, which I have described to you, |
| 19 | business: it does not. | 19 | and to show them how much we are investing in their |
| 20 | Q. And so it is, again, under the the | 20 | business, essentially. |
| 21 | International operation? | 21 | So we we use these sites to to both |
| 22 | A. I believe so. | 22 | educate and to and to demonstrate to customers, |
| 23 | Q. But you don't know which of the entities | 23 | you know, "This is a company you should do business with |
| 24 | it is paying for it? | 24 | because we are we're serious and we're innovative |
| 25 | A. I don't know. | 25 | and, you know, we're market leaders, and here is why". |
| | | | and, you must, we to manier toucots, and note is will t |
| | Dage 84 | | - 0- |
| | Page 83 | | Page 85 |
| 1 | Q. And, likewise, in terms of the employees | 1 | Q. And would in terms of just the |
| 2 | Q. And, likewise, in terms of the employees who run Stein, do you know who they are connected to | 2 | Q. And would in terms of just the scientific testing facilities, would subsidiary |
| 2 | Q. And, likewise, in terms of the employees who run Stein, do you know who they are connected to within the corporate structure of Syngenta? | 2 3 | Q. And would in terms of just the scientific testing facilities, would subsidiary companies have access to the scientific testing or |
| 2 3 4 | Q. And, likewise, in terms of the employees who run Stein, do you know who they are connected to within the corporate structure of Syngenta? A. I believe I don't know this, but I | 2 3 4 | Q. And would in terms of just the scientific testing facilities, would subsidiary companies have access to the scientific testing or laboratory needs of Jealott's Hill? |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. And, likewise, in terms of the employees who run Stein, do you know who they are connected to within the corporate structure of Syngenta? A. I believe I don't know this, but I I think it should be Crop Protection AG, but that may not be correct. Q. And you mentioned another unit in India | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. And would in terms of just the scientific testing facilities, would subsidiary companies have access to the scientific testing or laboratory needs of Jealott's Hill? A. They would walk around in protective clothing and they would see everything that I described to you going on, but we would not be presenting to them |
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25 that occasion to do that, but it actually has happened

25 BY MR. TILLERY:

Page 88 Page 86 that -- for example, through university contacts in 1 Brazil, we have come across something very interesting 2 A. It has to work -- it has to work locally and why wouldn't we test that? Would we test that in 3 and it has to be an opportunity for them. But if that's 4 4 the case, if we don't have a product that fits in the our facilities? Yes. And we do that under a confidential disclosure agreement, non-disclosure 5 United States and it doesn't fit in Brazil, you're agreement, and -- and, yeah, that -- that does happen. 6 really getting to the point where is it worth it, so 7 It does happen. 7 those are our number 1 and number 2 markets worldwide, 8 Q. All right. And when -- when intellectual 8 and we look for most of our technology to have property rights are established through molecule 9 applications in the United States and Brazil. Q. Well, if -- how do you coordinate the development, how are they retained within the umbrella 10 10 of agrochemical businesses of Syngenta? 11 specific needs of a market area and how do you make a 12 A. Who owns the IP? 12 decision about that, allocating product to those needs? 13 O. Yes. 13 MR. POPE: Excuse me, Steve, are you now still 14 A. I can't give you a complete answer to that 14 talk about new products doing developed? 15 question. It's owned by different legal entities, but 15 MR. TILLERY: No. it -- it's -- I mean, that is -- that is done -- I'm not 16 MR. POPE: Are you talking about -- you have 17 determining who owns the IP. It does not come into my 17 now gone back to the basic supply chain? Okay. 18 area of responsibility. 18 MR. TILLERY: Yeah, any product. 19 Q. All right. Now, in terms of -- in terms 19 MR. POPE: Just to be clear. 20 THE WITNESS: Well, it happens from a very 20 of deciding the specific products, and let's just pick the Latin America area, okay, and I say Latin or 21 early -- early stage, because the crops that Brazil 22 southern, South America, that area that you talked about 22 wants to market products on are in our screen, so we under the leadership team that comes out of Brazil. How 23 have them in Stein and we have them in Jealott's Hill. 24 is it determined that a particular product will be 2.4 So from the very early stage, we have a preliminary view 25 marketed within that South American region? as to whether these things could -- could -- could fit. Page 87 Page 89 1 1 A. (a) because they want it. And then, as we go through the testing program, 2 Q. Who wants it? 2 they get to test it, we bring it together at our 3 A. The local affiliate, the local entity, management team globally, our CP leadership team that we want it. They need to be -- once they have been exposed haven't talked about, the -- the development committee to it, they will test it and they will say, "The data 5 in the territories and in -- and globally, you know, are such. We think there's a great opportunity here", shares information on it and -- and -- then we get --7 and we'll debate how big that opportunity is and --7 there are two big decision points, one is promotion to you can't -- you know, it's -- there's nothing more 8 stage 3, and at that point, we need the market 9 local than agriculture, if I can say. 9 opportunity well defined and the technical profile 10 I mean, we have millions of farmer customers defined sufficiently. That's -- that's a big -- that's around the world. This is a very local and complex 11 a big milestone. 11 business, and we rely on local people to understand 12 And the second big milestone is going from what's going on and to say, "This has a fit". stage 3 to stage 4. Stage 4 is selling. So we need to 13 13 14 So when they do that -- I mean, that is the decide, "Yep, the testing is done, this product is fit 15 single biggest and most important element to this. 15 for sale". 16 Q. Namely, that there is a market for the 16 BY MR. TILLERY: 17 Q. Hold on one second. Okay. Let's take 17 product? 18 A. Right, which they determine. 18 five minutes and then I want to -- what I'm going to do 19 Q. And so if you're selling -- if you're is go back to your last answer and just flesh out some 19 20 seeking -- if you have on your product list things that 20 of these points. don't apply to products that they have in a particular 21 A. Okay. Thank you. 22 country in South America, it would be silly to try to 22 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The 23 23 sell it there? time is 10:33 -- microphone.

24

25 deposition of John Atkin.

End of tape 1, volume I of the videotaped

A. It would, and we wouldn't try and suggest

24

25 that they do.

Page 90 Page 92 (10:33 a.m.) me how he would be contacted. Where is he located? 2 (Break taken.) 2 A. He's in Basel. 3 (10:53 a.m.) 3 Q. Okay. And for whom does he work directly? A. He reports -- I'm -- I believe he now 4 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape 4 number 2, volume I in the videotaped deposition of reports to Sandro Aruffo. Sandro Aruffo is our head of John Atkin. Going on the record. The time is 10:53. global R&D. That's who he reports to. 6 7 7 Thank you. The reason I hesitated slightly is that we 8 BY MR. TILLERY: 8 recently combined all toxicology aspects, whether they 9 Q. We talked a little bit about the use of be seeds or crop protection, and he has that role and, 10 the laboratories at Jealott's Hill. How is information therefore, he reports to our head of R&D, global head of 10 that is learned in one part of the world about a product 11 12 conveyed to other parts of the world in a way that could 12 Q. Has he just recently moved into that role? 13 help other members of the subsidiary -- subsidiary 13 A. He fairly recently moved into it, yes. 14 groups benefit from that knowledge? 14 Q. And did he move to Basel? 15 A. They develop a database which is shared 15 A. He did. He was in the United States 16 between people who -- who are part of the development before, although he is Swiss. 16 17 process, so whether it's toxicology or efficacy data, 17 Q. And what was his job before he moved into 18 then reports are generated and these reports are able to 18 his current position? 19 be shared, and that's how the scientific community 19 A. He was responsible for all matters 20 within the company gets informed, for the most part, 20 toxicological and data preparation, although he wasn't a 21 initially, initially. regulator, in the United States. He was doing a -- a 22 Q. And is there a particular center of the 22 toxicologist-type role, but just for the United States. 23 scientific analysis in the community -- in the company? 23 Q. Was it just for the United States or was 24 A. There are -- well, yes. I mean, we have 24 it for NAFTA? toxicologists and we have a head of toxicology, for 25 A. Yes, I believe he also was involved with Page 91 Page 93 example, and he is -- he is the company's senior man on 1 Canada and Mexico. 2 all matters toxicological. 2 Q. All right. And -- and now he is in charge 3 of toxicology for the entire umbrella of companies? 3 Q. And who is that? 4 A. Peter Hertl, H-E-R-T-L. 4 5 Q. And what issues would be presented to 5 Q. And what were his -- when you say he deals with all toxicological issues, how would they be Mr. Hertl to -- for analysis from a toxicological 7 7 standpoint? I guess all issues would be presented to presented to him? 8 A. Two -- two ways. One, first of all, in 8 him? 9 A. Yeah. I mean, you know, his role is as 9 the study design. I mean, there are -- I don't know how many people are involved. There are toxicologists in much to do with how the work is designed and planned as 10 the company in different locations. But studies are it is to deal with the output of the work. So he has 11 11 12 designed. He would be aware and involved in the most 12 those two -- two responsibilities. 13 Q. Do you know who he is employed by? 13 important of those studies, and -- and then when the studies are reported, he would have access to the data, 14 A. I don't know. I don't know, no. Q. Is -- is his office physically located in 15 and those data would be shared with the regulatory 15 community to support petitions for registrations around 16 Basel? 16 17 17 the world. A. I believe so, because -- I haven't visited 18 him in his Basel office, but I believe so. Q. And how would -- does he have a committee 18 19 or does he work by himself or how does he work as a 19 Q. The person that you indicated is his 20 toxicologist? 20 supervisor, who does that person work for? 21 21 A. He reports directly to the CEO, A. No, he has a -- a team around him, and 22 I've never been part of his leadership team, so I -- I'm 22 Michael Mack. 23 not sure how -- exactly how he operates it, but he has a Q. Mr. Hertl does?

24

25 who reports to Mike Mack.

24 (Pages 90 to 93)

A. No, Mr. Hertl reports to Sandro Aruffo,

Q. And does he work -- let me -- explain to

team of scientists with whom he works.

24

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| | Page 94 | | Page 96 |
|----|--|----|--|
| 1 | Q. Where does Mr. Aruffo work? | 1 | A. Yes. |
| 2 | A. In Basel. | 2 | Q. There are no restrictions that you're |
| 3 | Q. And do you know which company? | 3 | aware of that would prevent them from getting other than |
| 4 | A. International. Syngenta International AG, | 4 | limitations within their field of of work? |
| 5 | I believe. | 5 | A. Other than limitations within their field |
| 6 | Q. Now, in terms of the information as you | 6 | of work and the stage which the data is at. Interim |
| 7 | said, we were talking about sharing information. If a | 7 | data wouldn't routinely be shared. |
| 8 | study is done that impacts a product in one part of the | 8 | Q. What do you mean by that, sir? |
| 9 | world, how is that information transferred to other | 9 | A. Well and I'm not a toxicologist, but |
| 10 | people who are involved with that same product? | 10 | I do know that they they take interim data on a on |
| 11 | A. Through the sharing of documentation that | 11 | a study which is is perhaps of two years in duration. |
| 12 | I referred to, through the discussion of all matters, | 12 | These interim data may not be shared because they're not |
| 13 | development in these these development committees, | 13 | final data, and it's it's not necessary and useful |
| 14 | which happen centrally and in the the regions, and | 14 | for others to see it. |
| 15 | also because we we have a an obligation to submit | 15 | Q. Wouldn't it also be the fact that some of |
| 16 | data, whether it's generated in wherever it's | 16 | that data may not some of that study may not result |
| 17 | generated in the world, to authorities who are concerned | 17 | in the production of a product, so it wouldn't even be |
| 18 | with our product, so we have we are under an | 18 | relevant? |
| 19 | obligation to submit all data that may be relevant. | 19 | A. That yes, and that's an important |
| 20 | Q. Is there a central store storage area | 20 | distinction to make. Products which are at the very |
| 21 | for for documents or information of a scientific | 21 | early stage, those data would not be routinely shared. |
| 22 | nature relating to Syngenta products? | 22 | Q. You were talking earlier today about |
| 23 | A. There is. We recently correction. | 23 | the individual in Brazil who is the head of the |
| 24 | We most of our archiving is now electronic, | 24 | South American leadership team in terms of marketing |
| 25 | I believe, although we also have physical documentation. | 25 | efforts and helping. Do you expect the other leadership |
| | Page 95 | | Page 97 |
| 1 | Most of that centrally is in Basel. | 1 | team members to assist in that respect as well? |
| 2 | Q. Is the database in Basel? | 2 | A. In the respect of |
| 3 | A. Most of it, although the regions will have | 3 | Q. Marketing and assisting marketing? |
| 4 | their own databases as it relates to their local | 4 | A. We have a head of marketing in all of the |
| 5 | regulatory submissions, for sure. | 5 | regions who reports to the head of the the business, |
| 6 | Q. Is information in that database restricted | 6 | the regional head, so we have a we have a marketing |
| 7 | from access by to the to the people in the | 7 | function, sure. It is their responsibility to do |
| 8 | subsidiaries, or do they have access to it? | 8 | marketing, yes. |
| 9 | A. It is it is restricted in the sense | 9 | Q. Right. What I meant was that could you |
| 10 | that it is for those people who need to have it. It | 10 | tell me the name of the fellow in Brazil again who heads |
| 11 | doesn't mean to say it's restricted from access to the | 11 | the leadership team for South America? |
| 12 | subsidiaries. If they need it, then they have access to | 12 | A. Antonio Carlos Guimaraes. |
| 13 | it. And here I I need to need to say I'm not | 13 | Q. Carlos? |
| 14 | sure, but most of the data is visible to most of our | 14 | A. Antonio Carlos. |
| 15 | development specialists. | 15 | Q. Carlos? |
| 16 | Q. Whether | 16 | A. Yes. |
| 17 | A. Whether they need it or not. | 17 | Q. Carlos. Okay. |
| 18 | Q. Right. Outside of Basel is what you're | 18 | A. Antonio Carlos. |
| 19 | saying? | 19 | Q. You indicated that he actually goes out |
| 20 | A. Yes. | 20 | and assists in the other subsidiary regions and assists |
| 21 | Q. So whether what you're saying is that | 21 | them, or at least trains them, in terms of how to market |
| 22 | some of the people in marketing may not need access to | 22 | products? |
| 23 | scientific data, whether or not they could get it or | 23 | A. Maybe those those verbs or adjectives |
| 24 | not, but the people who would actually need it would | 24 | aren't aren't quite right. He supports them, he |
| | have access to it? | 25 | consults with them. Most of them are are |

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Page 98

professionals of a high standing, but he does what is

- needed to -- to improve the performance and optimize the
- performance of these subsidiaries.
- 4 Q. And the -- and the sales and
- market share?
- 6 A. Yes, to -- to help them. And also,
- 7 there's quite a bit of transfer of know-how from Brazil
- 8 to other parts of Latin America. Brazil is by far our
- most developed business and most successful, and some of
- the things they're doing, he will transfer -- or not 10
- 11 only him, but other members of his team.
- 12 Q. Now, would you expect, for example, the
- 13 person in Asia to do the same thing as leadership team,
- 14 or is -- or is the South American experience different?
- 15 Are they all basically the same, in terms of marketing?
- 16 A. They are all basically the same, but --
- 17 but I -- I don't -- I want -- I want to be precise on
- this point: each of these affiliates in all these
- 19 territories are charged, and it's very explicit, with
- 20 running their own businesses.
- 21 I mean, we -- we talk about -- and it's -- it's
- 22 on our website and it's in the analyst presentations we
- 23 do.

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22 23

24 from? 25

13 do it.

marketing?

marketing group in Basel.

- 2.4 We talk about tailored models. What that means
- 25 is, every country has its own strategy, its own way of

you -- when we have leaders from a region going to a

Q. Right. But he assists them, and would

A. Mr. Hawkins and Mr. Bradshaw. When he

goes to Canada he will -- he will -- he will discuss the

way that Canadian operation is going, and if there is

Q. All right. Now, in terms of overall

A. We have a global -- we have a global

Q. And what does that group consist of?

Q. And from -- which entities would they come

A. I believe they are, in the most -- for the

A. It consists of people who are global

product managers, or business managers.

15 marketing -- and I don't mean just in the local areas --

is there a -- is there a global strategy in terms of

anything that he can do to help, then he will -- he will

territory, he is -- he is going to help them in their local operation, not to define their local operation.

that apply in NAFTA as well?

O. With Mr. Hawkins?

A. Yes.

most part, working for Syngenta Crop Protection AG.

Page 100

Page 101

- Q. And do you know the names of those people?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. Who are they?
 - A. Rob Neill is the leader. He is a
- б Canadian. Mike Stepan is the second-most senior
- 7 individual, who has a group of products and product
- 8 managers under him. And then we have more senior people
- looking after some of our bigger products; for example,
- 10 a gentleman called Mark Bidwell is leading our 11 azoxystrobin business from a marketing -- a global
- 12 marketing standpoint.
 - Q. And what do they do in this committee?
- 14 A. What do they do? They are -- they are
- 15 responsible -- they have a number of responsibilities.
- 16 They have an important link with the supply chain.
- 17 We talked about active ingredient management earlier.
- 18 These people are helping in the planning of -- of supply
- 19 to the demand, so they are bringing the demand bit to
- 20 the supply piece, and that's -- that's an important part
- 21 of what they do.
 - They are -- if it's an early stage product,
- 23 they're helping define the positioning of such a
- 24 product: how does it fit in the product range; how does
 - it compare with competitive products; what is the

Page 99

marketing, its own customer base, its own approach. So 1 profile of this product?

- They prepare some documentation which will help
- 3 the local affiliate to define their own marketing plans.
- It's input for them to define on which they would base 4
- their local marketing plans. These are the types of 5
- 6 things that they do.
- 7 Q. How do they coordinate their --
- 8 the results of their meetings and studies with the local
- 9 subsidiaries?
- 10 A. There is a marketing leadership team
- chaired by Rob Neill where the heads of marketing from 11
- 12 the regions participate, and some of these business
- managers will also participate. It will be on a, 13
- 14
- you know, as-appropriate basis, for the most part, and
- 15 this is a -- you know, an approach that brings together
- some of the most important products and some of the most 16
- 17 critical marketing decisions and strategies.
- Q. Let's pick NAFTA, if we can. Talk to me 18
- about how the coordination would work for the NAFTA 19
- 20 marketing and the NAFTA coordinated leadership team?
- 21 A. All right. So Travis Dickinson, who is --
- who is head of marketing in NAFTA, would participate in
- this global marketing leadership team, and he would --23
- 24 they would discuss new products which could be available
 - for North America; they would discuss provisioning of

26 (Pages 98 to 101)

Page 102 Page 104 existing products; they would discuss development in Asia. programs for -- for all products which had relevance for 2 So what -- what the person from Asia can learn NAFTA and, of course, relevance globally to try and --3 about what they've done in America is very important for to try and find, you know, where are the differences, 4 deployment in their local markets. where are the synergies between North America and other 5 Q. Well, does Travis Dickinson have a team in parts of the world. 6 North America? 7 7 Q. Where is he, Travis -- I didn't catch his A. Yes, he does. last name? 8 8 Q. Who is on his team? 9 A. Dickinson. 9 A. He has a team of brand managers who look Q. Dickinson. Where is he located? 10 10 after these different product brands. I mentioned Quilt 11 A. In Greensboro. to you. There'll be a -- there is somebody looking 12 Q. Does he work for Syngenta Crop Protection 12 after the corn herbicides, which would include atrazine, 13 Inc.? and so on and so forth. I cannot give you the names of 14 14 A. Yes. all the members of his team. 15 Q. And does he also then coordinate with the 15 Q. Does his team have members from other 16 global leadership team? NAFTA companies -- I'm sorry, other NAFTA subsidiaries? 16 17 A. With the -- he coordinates with the 17 A. No. No. His team is a US team but he, 18 marketing leadership team, with this team --18 on an as-needed basis, links to -- to Canada and Mexico. 19 Q. I'm sorry, excuse me, the marketing 19 Q. Now, do you know how he coordinates 20 leadership team, which is the overall global 20 marketing efforts with the global leadership team and 21 leadership --21 22 22 A. I have some knowledge of that, through A. Yeah, right. 23 Q. -- in terms of marketing? 23 face-to-face meetings, which are not very frequent, 2.4 A. Right. Yes, it is. I think it -- if I 24 four or five per year, perhaps, maybe six at the 25 can suggest, we're dealing with a, if I can use the 25 outside. And, of course, there is informal contact,

Page 103

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analogy, a very small part of a big iceberg here. The majority of -- of what Travis Dickinson does relates to marketing in -- in North America. There are bits of the marketing which need to be linked globally. That is the bit that he is dealing with when he participates in the marketing leadership team.

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7 Q. Explain that to me. 8 A. Well, for example, if we take our 9 fungicide range in North America, we have a product called Quilt. The pricing of Quilt, the positioning of 10 Quilt, the customer base, the sales volumes, everything 11 12 associated with Quilt locally is determined locally. 13 It's not anything to do with global. The only time that 14 it touches global is the provisioning of the active 15 materials to manufacture the product. That's where there has to be coordination, because azoxystrobin is

17 manufactured -- which is the active material, is 18 manufactured in the UK, so there clearly has to be a 19 linkage there.

20 When they discuss these types of products at 21 the global level, it's more to do with sharing --

22 sharing information, because we're trying to build, 23 for example, a fungicide business like they have in the

United States in Latin America, we're trying to build a 24 fungicide business like they have in the United States

16 17

Q. What other parts of the world is it sold in, besides what you've told me?

18 19 A. It's sold in many smaller territories. 20 I've given you the major ones.

Q. All right. Is there -- is there a global

23 A. Not a leadership team, but within global 24 marketing, atrazine is part of the responsibility of the

Page 105

as -- as necessary.

2 Q. Where is atrazine sold throughout the 3 world by Syngenta? 4

A. The United States; Canada, I believe; most of the countries of Latin America; Australia; several countries in the rest of Asia-Pacific.

Q. Europe, is it sold?

8 A. It is sold in some parts of Europe, but 9 not in the European Union.

Q. Which countries of Europe is it sold in?

A. Parts of eastern Europe that are not in the European Union.

Q. Why isn't it sold in the European Union?

A. Because in 2004 it was not -- the registration was not renewed for it to be sold in the

European Union.

leadership team which has atrazine as -- as a topic?

man who is looking after our global corn herbicide

| | Page 106 | | Page 108 |
|----|--|------------|--|
| 1 | range. | 1 | Q. And what does it do? |
| 2 | O. Who is that? | 2 | A. It controls a broad spectrum of weeds in |
| 3 | A. Dave Elser. | 3 | corn. |
| 4 | Q. And what is his relationship with | 4 | Q. Okay. And and is that sold in many of |
| 5 | atrazine? | 5 | the subsidiaries or by many of the subsidiaries in |
| 6 | A. It's part of our global corn range. | 6 | South America? |
| 7 | Q. So he would have responsibility for | 7 | A. In almost every place where we've got |
| 8 | atrazine? | 8 | corn, we we have a Callisto product. |
| 9 | A. He has | 9 | Q. Okay. Who makes you said you were |
| 10 | MR. POPE: In what sense, excuse me? | 10 | talking to me about the fact that a local emerging |
| 11 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 11 | market, when we talked about South America, could ask |
| 12 | Q. In terms of oversight and marketing. | 12 | for a product that they think they could sell? |
| 13 | A. Marketing, yes oversight of the the | 13 | A. Yes. |
| 14 | bit the bit that is that is global, yes. | 14 | Q. Who ultimately makes the decision about |
| 15 | Q. Is there some part of atrazine marketing | 15 | whether it's going to be sold there? |
| 16 | that he that is excluded from his consideration? | 16 | A. Well, several things. There's no |
| 17 | A. He doesn't deal with the local positioning | 17 | this this may sound sound as though I don't want |
| 18 | of atrazine in the United States, he doesn't deal with | 18 | to answer your question directly, but there's the |
| 19 | the pricing of atrazine in the United States, he doesn't | 19 | decision emerges. A decision emerges because the the |
| 20 | do any deals with the third parties that we sell | 20 | market is there I mean, several things have to |
| 21 | atrazine to, he is not involved in in the customer | 21 | happen: is there a market for it, is there enough |
| 22 | deals. I mean, most of it he's not involved in. | 22 | sites, "yes" or "no"; is the technical data such that |
| 23 | Yes, he's involved in linked to the supply | 23 | this thing can be registered in this place and does it |
| 24 | of atrazine. He's he understands all the the | 24 | control the weeds, "yes" or "no"; is is the |
| 25 | the opportunities and issues and questions that surround | 25 | opportunity of sufficient volume that we could formulate |
| | Page 107 | | Page 109 |
| 1 | atrazine, as he does with many other products, but he | 1 | it in a place which would make it accessible to that |
| 2 | he is not deeply involved in atrazine in the | 2 | market? And so on and so forth. So there's a sort of |
| 3 | United States, in the sense I think you mean it. | 3 | checklist of points. |
| 4 | Q. Who has the ultimate strike that. | 4 | And whether you're looking at that checklist |
| 5 | Let's pick a product in South America that | 5 | locally or globally or regionally, you will almost |
| 6 | one of your products that's sold there that's a | 6 | always reach the same conclusion. There are times when |
| 7 | herbicide. Can you give me an example of a product | 7 | we have to debate it. It falls into a grey zone. But, |
| 8 | that's sold in South America? | 8 | typically, whether it should be sold there is is |
| 9 | A. Sure. | 9 | quite obvious. |
| 10 | Q. Let's let's say broad sales throughout | 10 | Q. Yes, and and I would imagine that's the |
| 11 | South America. | 11 | case, is that on most of your products, if there's a |
| 12 | A. Broad sales throughout South America and a | 12 | need in the market and it's subject to registration to |
| 13 | herbicide. Well, the most ubiquitous one is is | 13 | where it can be legally sold, then if they can sell |
| 14 | glyphosate, of course, but that may not be a perfect | 14 15 | enough of it to make it worthwhile, then you sell it; |
| 16 | example for what we're going to discuss. Q. Okay. And why wouldn't it? | 16 | right? A. Yes. |
| 17 | A. Well, simply because it's a commodity | 17 | Q. The question I had is, let's say it falls |
| 18 | product. It's not one of it's not a speciality | 18 | into one of those grey areas. How is that evaluation |
| 19 | product. It's not one of it's not a speciality product. It's an important product. | 19 | done? |
| 20 | Q. Can you pick another one, then? | 20 | A. We use the same process, but then we |
| 21 | A. All right. Callisto. | 21 | we have to look at is it worthwhile or not? Are we |
| 22 | Q. Callisto; what does that do? | 22 | going to are we going to invest the money needed to |
| 23 | MR. POPE: Do you want to spell that for her? | 23 | develop this product which cannot be used in Brazil |
| 24 | THE WITNESS: C-A-L-L-I-S-T-O. | 24 | because, you know, there's some concern about it |
| 25 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 25 | persisting in the soil or there's some other concern and |

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| | Page 110 | | Page 112 |
| 1 | we can't it's not going to work in Brazil, but it's | 1 | Q. And the executive committee of SAG? |
| 2 | hugely valuable for Russia, Australia and the US. | 2 | A. Yes. |
| 3 | I mean, is this going to make sense. | 3 | Q. Syngenta AG? |
| 4 | Q. Who is doing that analysis? | 4 | A. Yes. Yes. |
| 5 | A. Well, the territories do that analysis | 5 | Q. Now, you were talking before we took our |
| 6 | about their own markets, and then it will come together | 6 | break about a crop protection committee CPLT it's |
| 7 | at the global marketing level. | 7 | referred to? |
| 8 | Q. And and the global marketing people | 8 | A. Yes, crop protection leadership team, yes. |
| 9 | then, as as you just went through the analysis, who | 9 | Q. And what is that? |
| 10 | is the head of that team who would make that type of | 10 | A. That's that's a group which is chaired |
| 11 | analysis? | 11 | by me. There are 11 members, four region heads, |
| 12 | A. Okay. So then Rob Neill, who is head of | 12 | heads of global marketing. We have legal membership, |
| 13 | global marketing, would make a recommendation. That | 13 | we have financial membership, we have global supply |
| 14 | recommendation would come to the crop protection | 14 | chain, and we have HR participation as well on an |
| 15 | leadership team, which I chair, and we would and | 15 | as-needed basis. |
| 16 | on on which sits the heads of regions, the head of | 16 | So, if you like, it it mirrors a bit how the |
| 17 | global marketing, so the leaders of the crop protection | 17 | regional leadership teams operate, but it's global. |
| 18 | business, and we would collectively decide what we | 18 | Q. And could you walk me through the actual |
| 19 | wanted to do. | 19 | head and membership on that committee? |
| 20 | Q. Make it to decide whether to sell that | 20 | A. Yes, I can tell you who's in it. |
| 21 | in that particular region or not, or | 21 | Q. All right. |
| 22 | A. To the but often it often these | 22 | A. I'm the head of it; Vern Hawkins, head of |
| 23 | decisions are are global no, it wouldn't if the | 23 | NAFTA; Jon Parr, head of Europe/Africa/Middle East; |
| 24 | product was viable and it was a local decision whether | 24 | Andrew Guthrie, head of Asia; Antonio Carlos Guimaraes, |
| 25 | to sell it or not, that would be a local decision. If | 25 | head of Latin America; Mark Patrick, head of finance; |
| | Page 111 | | Page 113 |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | the grey area was such that it questioned the viability of the product globally, we would make that decision. | 1 2 | Mark Peacock, head of supply chain; Gigi Hoh, who is a legal counsel; Rob Neill |
| 3 | Q. That's where we were, is in this grey area | 3 | Q. You know, I'm going to interrupt your |
| 4 | of the discussion. | 4 | answer, if you don't mind, and I'm terribly sorry. |
| 5 | A. Yes. | 5 | Could you explain to me the locations, in terms |
| 6 | Q. And you would make the call on whether or | 6 | as you're describing these people and which |
| 7 | not it's going to be sold there? | 7 | A. Sure. |
| 8 | A. We would make the call on whether or not | 8 | Q entities they come from? I'm sorry, |
| 9 | it was going to be sold at all. I think that's where we | 9 | sir. |
| 10 | may be not communicating in the same way. | 10 | MR. POPE: Where they're where they're |
| 11 | Q. Right. | 11 | employed, you mean? |
| 12 | A. This would be a decision about whether | 12 | MR. TILLERY: Yes. |
| 13 | this product had a future globally or not; not whether | 13 | THE WITNESS: Yes. So they |
| 14 | it could be sold in Brazil. | 14 | MR. POPE: Just so you know. |
| 15 | Q. And what if you decided about who | 15 | THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you. So the region |
| 16 | who would make strike that. | 16 | heads, I think we've discussed where they are. |
| 17 | Who would make the same call with respect to | 17 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 18 | discontinuation of the product? | 18 | Q. Yes, we have. |
| 19 | A. That would follow a similar process, | 19 | A. Each of the |
| 20 | so under my chairmanship, we would we would debate | 20 | Q. We have talked about them. |
| 21 | it, and and we would decide whether a product should | 21 | A places. Mark Patrick, head of finance, |
| 22 | be discontinued, and we may under those | 22 | he ishe is in he is in Basel. |
| 23 | circumstances, we we may end up making a | 23 | Q. Do you know which entity? |
| 24 | recommendation for support and for information to the | 24 | A. It's probably International, but it could |
| | | 10- | |

29 (Pages 110 to 113)

25 be Crop Protection AG. I -- I'm not sure.

25 executive -- the executive committee.

Page 114 Page 116 Q. All right. there is deviation, could we do about that. A. The lawyer Gigi Hoh is in Basel. 2 2 Q. You talked about efficiencies with the 3 Q. Do you know which entity? 3 formation of Syngenta? 4 A. One or the other. I suspect in her case 4 A. Yes. 5 it's International. 5 Q. How does this team work in terms of 6 Q. Okay. 6 improving efficiencies on a global basis? 7 7 A. Mark Peacock, he is International, he is A. So we -- we can compare income statements my SEC colleague, global supply chain. A man called 8 8 across the company and we can look for companies, Goppelsroeder, which we'll give you the spelling affiliates, that are less efficient than others, and we afterwards, it is quite complicated, he is head of our can help them to improve their efficiency. That's one 10 10 seed care business. He is in Basel. 11 way we can do it. 12 Q. Do you know which entity? 12 We can -- we can provide input to the supply 13 A. Either International or -- I believe 13 chain about how they could improve their efficiency as International. I'm not sure. well. There are a number of ways that we can go about 14 14 15 Q. Okay. it, but efficiency is an important part of what we do. 15 16 A. And who else I have missed? And then we 16 Q. And how do you coordinate with -- you have 17 have HR participating also from time to time, and 17 other leadership teams associated with the four regions; 18 sometimes that is Caroline Luscombe, who is global head 18 correct? 19 of HR, or it is a lady called Christina, and her second 19 A. Yes. 20 name I find very difficult to pronounce, so I won't 20 O. Below this. pronounce it, but I will get it for you, and I seem to 21 22 22 have missed one out. Q. How does this overriding crop protection 23 Q. Right. 23 leadership team coordinate with the four region 24 A. We are almost there. We are almost there. leadership teams? 24 25 Q. If you think of that other person, let me 25 A. The four region heads who are on the crop Page 115 1 know. protection global leadership team bring the most 2 A. Yes, I will. I'm sure I will, if I have important issues for them to the crop protection 3 leadership table. In fact, the agenda is an agenda it. 3 4 Q. Could you tell me what this team does? which is largely developed by the members, so we 5 A. Sure. Strategy for the overall crop would -- I would invite Andrew Guthrie to put on the protection business worldwide. 6 agenda things that he thinks are important for him to 7 7 discuss at a global level but which might pertain to his Q. What does that mean? 8 A. It means what is the framework, 8 region. So that's -- that's how the linkage would --

Page 117

9 strategic framework, in which we want to aim --

towards which we want to aim. I can describe it to you

11 very quickly. There are three elements to it: what we

12 call portfolio enhancement, so accelerating new products

13 through to market and licensing-in technology that we

14 feel we should have and we don't; it is tailored models,

15 that means how we can particularly accelerate the

16 development of our business in emerging markets, what

17 can we do to do that; and it is operational efficiency,

18 how can we be more efficient as a company. Those are

19 the three pillars to our global strategy. That global

20 strategy was defined by the members of the crop

21 protection leadership team three or four years ago. So

22 we do that.

23 We do performance checking: what's the latest

24 estimate, how are we doing compared with budget,

what's -- you know, how are we performing, and what, if

9 would be made.

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10 And, equally, if there are matters which are discussed which have a relevance to that leadership team 11 12 afterwards, then he would -- he would bring that back with him when he returns to Singapore. 13

Q. We've talked about marketing leadership teams, overall crop protection leadership teams, 15 16 regional leadership teams. You even talked about the toxicology and development. Are there others within your particular agrochemical business section, apart from seeds? Is there -- is there some other group or --20 of leadership teams?

21 A. Country leadership teams. They have their 22 own leadership teams by country, typically.

Q. And give me an example of that;

24 for example, for Asia? 25

A. So in Japan they have their leadership

Page 118 Page 120 team under the leadership of the head of the country, registration worldwide sitting on it. Yes, he does. and -- and, you know, they will do a lot of the things 2 Q. And where are they located? 3 we've discussed, but on a local -- local basis. 3 4 4 Q. And any other leadership teams within the Q. And by whom is he employed? Syngenta Crop Protection business? 5 A. Ramos? Either International or Crop A. Some of the bigger territories, like the 6 Protection. 6 7 7 US, will have a commercial steering team, what we call a Q. And what does he do? What is the CST. That -- that is a subset of the RLT. I mean, the 8 responsibility of his team? RLT, with 17 people in it, is not very suitable for 9 A. He has under him the whole product discussing short-term commercial matters. development portfolio, so we spend -- we spend about 10 10 11 Q. What is the RLT? three hundred and -- between 300 and \$350 million a year 12 A. The regional leadership team. 12 on product development, as distinct from research, and 13 13 that -- he is responsible for the oversight as is O. Right. A. So they have a smaller group called the 14 14 appropriate globally for that spend. 15 commercial steering team who discuss day-to-day 15 Q. And, more specifically, who would be in business, and that is a subset of the regional charge within his group of determining issues relating 16 16 17 leadership team, but for the United States only. 17 to human health and environmental issues? 18 Q. Are there any global leadership teams 18 A. Peter Hertl would be the man who had the 19 within the Syngenta Crop Protection business we haven't 19 oversight on those kind of toxicology issues, in 20 talked about? 20 coordination with a man called Dave French, who is our 21 A. Are there any global leadership teams 21 regulatory head. So the regulators would also 22 22 within the business that we have not talked about? participate very much in that. And the steward, we have We've talked about -- well, there is a finance 23 a -- we have a -- Richard Brown is head of global 24 leadership team, but that -- as I mentioned to you, that stewardship. He would also have an input. 24 25 is within the function. We have this matrixed 25 Q. What does "stewardship" mean? Page 119 Page 121 1 organization, so I -- I don't consider that to be part 1 A. It means looking after our products 2 of --

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Q. What is the finance leadership team?

A. That is chaired by John Ramsay, who is our chief financial officer.

6 Q. And how would that impact members of Crop 7 Protection subsidiaries?

8 A. The -- Mark Patrick, who -- who provides 9 financial support and leadership for me, is on that financial leadership team, so he would bring any matters 10

that were relevant to the crop protection leadership 11 12 team and, therefore, it would become connected.

13 Q. Is there a global team for health 14 assessment and environmental science?

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15 A. That would be under Peter Hertl if it's

16 toxicology, but I'm -- you know, Gerardo Ramos, we

didn't mention his name, and he's the one I missed off 17

my crop protection leadership team, he's the head of 19 crop protection R&D, R-A-M-O-S, Gerardo in English.

20 He has his development -- well, devco, we did 21 talk about that, development leadership team. But he --

22 he may have a subset dealing with -- he does have a

23 subset dealing with matters relating to environmental 24 science and -- and registerability of compounds. He has a small team which does that with the head of our

and the health and welfare of our customers in the use 3 of these products.

Q. And is there a global policy regarding stewardship?

forms. In -- it is very different if you are discussing stewardship in the United States with professional farmers who are very conscious of what they need to do, compared to if you're discussing it in Indonesia, where you need to hand-hold farmers, small farmers, in how

A. Yes, there is. This -- this takes many

they protect themselves when they operate -- use our products. 13

14 Q. But this policy, is there such a global 15 policy?

A. We absolutely have -- and we have 17 documents which talk about Syngenta's stewardship. I'm not sure you would describe it perhaps quite as a 18 policy in the way that you mean it, but we have lots of 20 documentation about how we go about stewardship, and --21 and much of it in the public domain.

22 Q. Who is in charge of determining that 23 policy regarding stewardship?

A. Richard Brown is our lead steward.

Q. And by whom is he employed?

31 (Pages 118 to 121)

| Page 122 1 A. Either either International or or 2 Crop Protection. 3 Q. He is in Basel? 4 A. Yes, he is. 5 Q. How does he come up with 6 MR. POPE: Crop Protection AG you meant? 7 THE WITNESS: Yes. 8 BY MR. TILLERY: 9 Q. He is in Basel? 10 A. Yes. 11 Q. And by what method does he work with 12 subsidiaries in terms of that policy for stewardship? 13 How does he communicate with them? 14 A. Yes. Well, he personally travels quite a 15 bit to to to meet with them and familiarize them 16 with some of the latest developments in the world of 17 stewardship. 1 is evaluation evaluation evaluation, where it's 2 it's 3 Q. That's still in the laboratory? 4 A. No, it goes into small plots in the 5 field 6 Q. Yes. 7 A under permit. And stage 3 is 8 large-scale development. 9 Q. Okay. Would you walk me through how 10 goes from 2 to 3 to 4 and who is responsible for development the global development committee 11 are there are two important steps. The 12 development the global development committee 13 are there are two important steps. The 14 development the global development committee 15 assemble all the members of that committee and 16 their different responsibilities would assemble the 17 data, and the product would be discussed at the | his |
|--|-----------|
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| * | |
| | |
| He also he is he supports stewardship 18 development committee: is it safe, is it useful, is i | 41 |
| 19 from the affiliates to the center. But we I think 19 viable, commercially? There's a marketing input to | ınat |
| 20 it's important to say, we we have product stewards in 20 group. | |
| 21 all our affiliate operations, pretty well. There is a 21 And then they would they would propose | |
| 22 stewardship responsibility throughout the world. 23 O. I 25 for promotion to stage 3, or they would they world as yellow and yello | J |
| | |
| 24 A. I mean, it's an integral part of our 24 promoted to stage 3". 25 business. 25 That recommendation would come to the cro | |
| | |
| Page 123 Page | 125 |
| 1 Q. I understand. I'm just asking you, 1 protection leadership team with the business peop | on |
| 2 though, how he would coordinate his office 2 it, and we would | |
| 3 responsibilities with the subsidiaries? 3 Q. Just so we're clear, I know I'm | |
| 4 A. I understand. I don't believe he has a 4 interrupting you, but that crop protection leadership | |
| 5 leadership team in the way I've described it, because 5 team is the one that you head in Basel? | |
| 6 it's much more diffuse than some of the other things, 6 A. Correct. | |
| 7 but he would within the development community 7 Q. Go ahead, sir. | |
| 8 particularly, he is able to communicate face to face and 8 A. And and we would we would look | |
| 9 remotely. 9 the proposal, which would have a commercial piece | |
| Q. You talked about earlier before we took 10 and a technical development piece to it, and then v | |
| 11 our break, about a step process for a particular 11 would decide whether or not this should be promo | |
| 12 product? 12 Then Syngenta's executive committee would be a large of the syngental and the syngental | be |
| 13 A. Yes. 14 Q. Could you take me through that entire 13 informed, and we would seek their support for the 14 decision that we've made. | |
| | |
| 15 process? 16 MR. POPE: This is the development of a new 16 composed of whom? | CC 18 |
| | |
| 17product.17A. Eight of us: Mike Mack as CEO; myse18BY MR. TILLERY:18head of the crop protection business; Davor Pisk a | |
| 19 Q. Yes, let's the product step process 19 of the seeds business; John Ramsay as head of fine | |
| 20 that you discussed earlier? 20 Christoph Maeder as head of legal and taxes; | ω, |
| 20 that you discussed earlier: 21 A. Stage plan? Yeah 21 Mark Peacock as head of the supply chain; and | nd |
| 22 Q. Stage stage planning? 22 Sandro Aruffo as head of research and developme | |
| 23 A. Stage plan. 23 Q. And then this presentation would be ma | |
| | - |
| 25 A. Stage 1 stage 1 is discovery. Stage 2 25 A. It never I've never known it to be | |
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Page 126

voted on. It's not necessary to vote on. It would be made to them to tell them about the decision we've made and to get any feedback they would wish to give us. 3

- Q. Why would you go to them? What's the purpose in taking it to them? Why don't you just launch the product yourself?
- 7 A. Because we've spent \$200 million of the 8 company's money, and because some of these assets can generate sales of over half a billion, so we think they should know about it. 10
- 11 Q. Is that the only reason?

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- 12 A. It's the best reason. It's the only one 13 that comes to mind immediately.
- 14 Q. Is there another reason that you're 15 required to, under the -- under the operational guidelines of the company? 16
- 17 A. I'm not sure whether we're absolutely 18 required to do that, to be -- to be honest, but we do.
- 19 Q. Have you ever taken a product to market 20 without going to the Syngenta AG executive committee?
- 21 A. Yes, but not a big one that we have
- 22 invested a lot of money in. 23 Q. What was the product you went on the
- market without getting their permission to? 24
 - A. We license-in many products from third

Page 128

- executive committee, but the local deal -- the local 2 deals we did not.
- 3 Q. Are they subject to this four-part step 4 test?
- already-marketed products, and if we're going to --7 if we're going to mix them with some of our technology, 8 they -- they may automatically enter into step 3, so 9 some basic formulation development and then they go straight to step 4. So they don't go through the whole 10 11

A. No, because they sometimes come in as

- Q. Okay. So of the process -- of those molecules that are subject to that process that we were talking about, have you ever taken any of them to market without bringing it to the Syngenta AG executive committee?
- 17 A. Not of the ones we've done internally, no; none of the big ones, absolutely not, no. 18
- 19 Q. They have all been approved?
- A. They have all been discussed and consulted 21 on.
- 22 Q. Have they ever been -- have you ever been 23 told by the Syngenta executive committee not to market a product? 24
 - A. That we have already approved at

Page 127

- parties, some of them have got local importance, some of them have got regional importance. I would not -- if I did inform the executive committee, it would just be
- an "any other business" matter. I wouldn't seek any 5 feedback from them.
- 6 Q. Okay. Well, can you give me the name of 7 that product that you went on the market with without 8 getting permission?
- 9 A. I didn't say I -- I was looking for their permission, but -- well, there are so -- there are 11 so many examples. Let me -- let me just -- just reflect 12 on it for a second.
- 13 We have reached agreement with Dow, with 14 Dow Agrosciences, to -- to mix some of their technology with ours and market it in -- particularly in Europe, 15
- 16 and we --

17

- Q. Is this a license?
- A. It's a license, yes. It's a license deal.
- 19 It's a supply coupled with -- typically, in these cases,
- 20 it will be a supply contract and a licensing deal of
- some sort, and -- and we -- we have done several of
- 22 these local deals. We do that without any information
- 23 being passed upwards.
- 24 We did, however, do a much bigger deal with 25 Dow Agrosciences, and on this occasion I did inform the

Page 129

- 1 crop protection leadership team level, not to my 2 recollection, no.
- 3 Q. Has Syngenta ever taken a product off the 4 market?
 - A. Yes.
 - O. Which one?
 - A. We have replaced several organophosphate insecticides, both in the legacy company and Syngenta, with better products that we could replace them with.
 - Q. And tell me how that -- was that a substitution or a withdrawal? How did that happen?
 - A. Yeah, it was a -- it was a -- it was a substitution over time and we just -- I mean, you know, we spend -- the company spends a billion dollars on innovation across the business, we spend half that in crop protection, and the idea is to innovate. So it's part of the whole lifecycle management. You know, it goes through a growth phase, it gets mature and then we phase it out.

So when we phase it out, we replace it with something better and, you know, a case in point, these old insecticides that we had for many years were phased out and replaced by better solutions.

24 Q. That same discussion has taken place about 25 atrazine, hasn't it?

| | Page 130 | | Page 132 |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1 | A. Oh, yes. | 1 | Q. Both. |
| 2 | Q. About phasing it out? | 2 | MR. POPE: Well, ask one at a time. |
| 3 | A. About do we have a better solution and | 3 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 4 | should we replace it. | 4 | Q. Well, you you answer it as you wish. |
| 5 | Q. Yes. I saw that as early as 2003 that | 5 | A. We discuss atrazine frequently. |
| 6 | discussion was going on? | 6 | Q. Okay. |
| 7 | A. Yes, yes, correct. | 7 | A. We have discussed replacing it very |
| 8 | Q. It's an ongoing discussion about atrazine? | 8 | infrequently. |
| 9 | A. About atrazine, about paraquat, about | 9 | Q. And you discuss it frequently at the |
| 10 | metolachlor, about most of our older chemistry, yes, of | 10 | Syngenta executive committee, frequently for what |
| 11 | course. | 11 | reason? |
| 12 | Q. Who has charge of that discussion? Where | 12 | A. Frequently along with other products |
| 13 | is that discussion taking place? | 13 | that that we have matters that we need to |
| 14 | A. It's taking place between development and | 14 | we need to bring to our attention. For example, the |
| 15 | marketing and between global, regional and local, | 15 | SAP process is is running with the EPA in the |
| 16 | depending on the specific approach. | 16 | United States. That's an important matter. |
| 17 | Q. Well, specifically with respect to | 17 | We are very conscious of and very aware of |
| 18 | atrazine, where has it been discussed that you're aware | 18 | of stakeholder attitudes to atrazine, as with other |
| 19 | of? | 19 | products. We are very conscious and aware of customer |
| 20 | A. It's been discussed globally, it's been | 20 | attitudes to atrazine, as with other products. These |
| 21 | discussed in the United States, it's it's been | 21 | are matters that we we we discuss at the executive |
| 22 | discussed in other parts of the world where atrazine is | 22 | committee relatively frequently. |
| 23 | important. | 23 | Q. Would you say it's how often strike |
| 24 | Q. How is it being discussed globally? | | that. |
| 25 | A. In the context of our overall development | 25 | How often does the executive committee meet? |
| | Page 131 | | Page 133 |
| 1 | portfolio, so we'll look at where does atrazine fit, | 1 | A. It meets once a month, on average. |
| 2 | what do we have to invest in it, what are the economic | | |
| | | 2 | Q. How many times in the last year have you |
| 3 | consequences if we we decide to replace it or do we | 3 | Q. How many times in the last year have you discussed atrazine? |
| 3 4 | | | |
| | consequences if we we decide to replace it or do we | 3 | discussed atrazine? |
| 4 | consequences if we we decide to replace it or do we have a suitable product to replace it with, how can | 3 4 | discussed atrazine? A. I would say at most of these meetings. |
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| 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 | consequences if we we decide to replace it or do we have a suitable product to replace it with, how can we how can we how can we optimize our our business in the context of life with or without atrazine. Q. And who is when you're saying "we" you are using a lot of "we"s. Is that the crop protection leadership team or is there some other organization on a global basis that's talking about atrazine? A. We have debated that at the devco, the development committee that I referred to, and we have debated it at the crop protection leadership team from time to time. Q. Has it also been debated at the Syngenta executive committee level? A. We've had discussions about that, but not recently and not frequently. Q. How many times in the last ten years have you had discussions at the Syngenta executive committee | 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | discussed atrazine? A. I would say at most of these meetings. Q. How long do the meetings last? A. A day between one and two days. Q. Has there been a meeting you can remember where atrazine wasn't discussed in the last year? A. I can't remember a specific meeting when it wasn't, no. Q. Is there a particular person on the Syngenta AG executive committee strike that. Is there a particular person on the executive committee that you talked about who is charged with that topic of atrazine, or do all of you have equal responsibility or authority with it? A. There are three of us who are particularly involved involved, informed. Sandro Aruffo, who is head of research and development; myself, as head of business; and Jonathan Sullivan as well, who we've mentioned before, sitting over there. Q. He is on the executive committee? |

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Page 134

- accordance with the plan. He discusses agenda topics
- with the CEO and it's -- it's the CEO's decision as to
- what is and is not on the agenda.
- 4 Q. Let's go back to your role at the
- beginning of Syngenta. What were you doing -- what --
- strike that. 6
- 7 What did you do at the very beginning of
- 8 Syngenta, in terms of your role at the company?
 - A. When it was created or before it was?
- Q. I think you've actually told me what you 10
- 11 were doing right before it was created, haven't you, in
- 12 the record?

9

1

- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. All right. So after the day it was
- 15 created, what was your role?
- 16 A. Just to make the point that, before it was
- 17 created, we were able to meet and discuss its creation.
- 18 We didn't talk about that.
- 19 Q. You know what, we talked -- I talked a lot
- 20 about that with Mr. Maeder yesterday. Would you tell me
- 21 what your role was in terms of its creation?
- 22 A. I was with Christoph Maeder -- I think he
- 23 mentioned Richard Steiblin and Heinz Imhof -- on the
- 2.4 small team that -- that was involved in creating it.
- 25 Q. And what did that involve?

Page 136

- 1 What were the other reasons why it wasn't as
- 2 successful as it could be?
- 3 A. The market, the cost base I mentioned. 4 I mean, the other reason, which wasn't as apparent then
- as it is now, was that both companies operated under
- parent companies which had multiple divisions. We
- 7
- weren't free to do the things that we now do. So that 8 became -- I mean, that was a -- that was -- we assumed
- 9 that would be the case, but it turned out to be much
- 10 more important than it seemed at the time.
- 11 Q. Management structure was an issue, and was 12 inefficiency of operation a big issue?
 - A. Yeah, sure.
- Q. And wasn't that something that you deemed 14 15 to be important, and I think every member of the team
- deemed to be important, in terms of structuring the new 16
- 17 Syngenta company?
- 18 A. Correct. Because there's no way we were 19
- going to be able to be a viable public company and spend
- 9 or 10 percent on R&D if we didn't get efficient, and 20
- 21 the only way -- we had to -- we had to spend this money
- 22 on innovation, because without that, the company
- 23 wouldn't have existed after very long.
- 2.4 Q. Which translated into what formation? It 25
 - translated into doing what with the new entity?

Page 135

- A. It involved a lot of things that
- I understand Christoph Maeder talked about yesterday,
- but for my -- my involvement was particularly around how
- we prepare to operationalize the company, from the point
- of view of people, the viewpoint of cost and -- and
- sales, and from the viewpoint, in a very, very broad
- 7 framework sense, of -- of strategy.
- 8 Q. The two entities that went together to
- 9 form it, create Syngenta --
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. -- was it your view that they were
- 12 successful in the agrochemical business?
- 13 A. Prior to the creation of the company?
- 14 Q. Correct.
- 15 A. They were successful for the most part,
- 16 but in the two or three years immediately preceding the
- 17 merger, less so.

19

- 18 Q. Do you know why that was?
 - A. Some of it was to do with the -- the
- 20 market and the fact that it wasn't growing at that time;
- 21 difficulties in -- in -- in getting sufficient return
- 22 for -- particularly for the R&D investment that both
- 23 companies were making, which was close to 10 percent.
- 24 Q. What were the other reasons why it wasn't 25 successful? All right. Sorry, strike that.

- Page 137
- 1 A. It translated into these two divisions:
- 2 one to focus on crop protection; and then
- subsequently -- well, yeah, and then one to focus on
- seeds. And it translated into strong functions, a
- 5 strong finance function that could manage the financial
- aspects of the business; it translated into a investor
- 7 relations function that could help to communicate what
- 8 our company was all about to financial analysts who
- 9 weren't familiar with -- with a company like this. It
- 10 translated into many things.
- Q. Well, one of them -- and this is listed in 11
- 12 the 2005 annual review -- was a worldwide agrochemical
- business under common direction and control that acted 13
- 14 as a single coordinated entity. Wasn't that --
 - A. Yeah, we --
- 16 Q. Wasn't that one of the purposes?
- 17 A. Well, to be coordinated, yes; absolutely.
- Particularly in the areas I just mentioned: finance, supply chain. 19
- 20 Q. Is it fair to say that, in forming the
- company, you were going to take all of the resources and 21
- organize them for the highest operational efficiency
- 23 across regions, corporate boundaries and operational
- 24 divisions?

15

25

A. Yes, in so much as you can summarize that

| | Page 138 | | Page 140 |
|----------|---|----|--|
| 1 | in a couple of sentences, that's right, but of course | 1 | pretty big number. |
| 2 | that doesn't capture the full nature of running the | 2 | Q. It involved eliminating duplicate-type |
| 3 | business. It doesn't capture the how-to, by any by | 3 | functions at facilities? |
| 4 | any means. | 4 | A. For example, yes. |
| 5 | Q. All I was trying to say is, rather than | 5 | Q. It involved eliminating and moving other |
| 6 | repeating what the two predecessor entities were doing | 6 | employees to different corporate units? |
| 7 | in the same way, in order for you to have the vision, as | 7 | A. Sometimes. |
| 8 | a member of this team, to have a company that was going | 8 | Q. I'm now just reading from some of the |
| 9 | to do something different | 9 | documents. |
| 10 | A. Sure. | 10 | A. Sure. |
| 11 | Q you had to look at this differently? | 11 | Q. Would that have involved changes for |
| 12 | A. We did. | 12 | people working at Syngenta Crop Protection Inc.? |
| 13 | Q. And you did look at it differently? | 13 | A. It did, yes. |
| 14 | A. We did. | 14 | Q. Okay. Could Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. |
| 15 | Q. And that translated into something that | 15 | have refused to participate in that program upon the |
| 16 | was going to be more efficient? | 16 | formation of Syngenta? |
| 17 | A. It was, and is.Q. And is more efficient? | 17 | MR. POPE: Objection. Which program are you talking about? |
| 18 19 | A. (Witness nods head.) | 18 | MR. TILLERY: The merger cost synergy program. |
| 20 | Q. You have to say "yes" or "no" on the | 20 | THE WITNESS: Well, it maybe technically could |
| 21 | record, I'm sorry? | 21 | have, but it was perfectly clear to everybody involved |
| 22 | A. Yes, it is more efficient. | 22 | that this was the right thing to do, and the board of |
| 23 | MR. POPE: Although you have to ask a question | 23 | Syngenta Inc. accepted that as part of the process of |
| 24 | before you get an answer. | 24 | merger. |
| 25 | MR. TILLERY: We're going to be real tight | | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| | | | |
| | Page 139 | | Page 141 |
| 1 | with that. | 1 | Q. Why don't you walk me through how they |
| 2 | MR. POPE: Well, I need to wake up and say | 2 | MR. POPE: Excuse me, one second, Steve. |
| 3 | something once in a while. | 3 | Would you read that last answer back? Did you mean |
| 4 | MR. TILLERY: That's your tenth cup of coffee, | 4 | as part of the merger, did you mean Crop Protection |
| 5 | Mike. | 5 | Inc.? |
| 6 | MR. POPE: And needed every one of them | 6 | THE WITNESS: Yes, I did: Syngenta Crop |
| 7 | needed. | 7 | Protection Inc. |
| 8 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 8 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 10 | Q. In the 2003 annual report, there's a reference to merger cost synergy program. | 10 | Q. I'm sorry, that's what I thought you said.A. Yeah. |
| 11 | A. Yes. | 11 | MR. POPE: That's what he intended. You |
| 12 | Q. Do you know what that is? | 12 | understood it. I was just helping clear up your record, |
| 13 | A. Yes. | 13 | as I like to do from time to time. |
| 14 | Q. What is it? | 14 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 15 | A. That was the targets that we set and | 15 | Q. Now, tell me how they technically could |
| 16 | communicated publicly which related to how much less | 16 | have done that, where they just said, despite the merger |
| 17 | expensive the combined operation would be than the | 17 | and formation of the new Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. |
| 18 | two legacy operations. | 18 | from Novartis Crop Protection Inc., they just informed |
| 19 | Q. Explain that to me? | 19 | you, "Sorry, we're not going to do that"? |
| 20 | A. Well, we from memory, we were going to | 20 | A. "We're not going to do the cost reduction |
| 21 | run this thing on 3,000 less people than if you just did | 21 | program"? |
| 22 | the head count of the two organizations separately, | 22 | Q. Yes, "We're not going to participate." |
| 23 | for example, and we said, as a consequence of that and | 23 | Walk me through how that would have worked out? |
| 24 | other things, that we'd save upwards of \$500 million. | 24 | A. Yes, it's very difficult to, because |
| 25 | I don't have the exact number in my head, but it was a | 25 | I can't imagine how that would have occurred, especially |

Page 142 Page 144 only way that such a position could have been taken, as the -- there was a massive interest amongst almost 2 all employees in -- in doing this. 2 yes. 3 3 So I just -- it's very hypothetical. I can't Q. And who was the sole shareholder of conceive they would have -- they would have called me up 4 4 Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. at that moment? and said, "Look, great idea, but we just don't want to 5 A. I'm not sure. do that". 6 Q. And how was the coordination of moneys at 6 7 Q. Well, can you tell me how it would have 7 the moment of merger in the creation of Syngenta Crop happened that Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. at that 8 Protection Inc. handled in terms of voting dividends, moment could have said, "We're just not going to do 9 do you know? 10 A. Well, I do know that we vote dividends 10 11 A. Well, I guess what could have happened 11 today as members of Crop Protection Inc.'s board. 12 would have been that the chairman of the board at that 12 Q. Right. I'm talking about at the time of 13 time --13 the merger; do you know how that would happen? 14 14 Q. The chairman of which board? A. I don't. 15 A. The Crop Protection Inc. board, and right 15 Q. Okay. What is the operational program 16 at the time of merger -- and I may need to correct that was called "operational efficiency"? 16 A. That was the program which encompassed something on the record. I -- I was not a member --17 18 I only came on in 2001, which was -- actually, 2001 was these cost-saving targets that you referred to earlier 18 19 the first effective year of the company, okay, so 19 Q. Eliminating duplicate functions and jobs 20 I guess -- I imagine in this hypothetical situation 20 21 that the chairman of that board could have said to the and facilities? 2.1 22 others -- the others of us, "Look, this doesn't make 22 A. Yes. Yes. sense. We -- we ain't going to do it", and -- and 23 Q. In the April 2002 SEC filing, Syngenta sought -- and sought for us all to agree to it. informed its shareholders of an accelerated synergy 24 24 25 Q. And who was the chairman of the board -program; do you know what that was? Page 143 Page 145 A. I --1 1 A. Yes, that is the -- that is the 2 Q. -- at the merger? 2 3 A. Well, I think -- I don't know, but I think 3 The merger synergies were -- was the term used it probably was a man called Gugger, who was head of externally to describe what we were doing. 5 the Novartis Crop Protection business in Greensboro and Q. I think in that same filing at page 18 you was -- was nominated, appointed, as head of the combined 7 business at the time of the merger. 7 8 Q. Are you talking about his position before 8 raw materials through to delivery to the customer? 9 9 or after merger? A. Yes. 10 A. I am now talking about his position after 10 O. Is that an accurate statement? 11 merger -- after merger. But he was appointed head of 11 A. Yes. Q. And that means there's a global control the to-be-combined businesses of Zeneca and -- and 12 and coordination of supply chains for products? 13 Syngenta, yes -- and Novartis. 13 14 Q. Who else was on the board of Syngenta Crop 14 A. Yes. As we discussed before, the only 15 15

Protection Inc. at the newly formed entity after merger? 16 A. Well, I was from -- from 2001. I can't

give you the exact month; I believe Christoph Maeder was 17 18 from a similar time; and may -- I don't know -- I don't

19 know for sure who the others were.

20 Q. And what you're saying is, it would have 21 taken an action of the board; right?

22 MR. POPE: Of Syngenta Crop Protection Inc.?

23 BY MR. TILLERY:

24 Q. Of Syngenta Crop Protection Inc.? 25

A. I believe that that would have been the

cost-saving program, the operational efficiency program.

said to the shareholders that Syngenta would manage its supply chain globally on a product-by-product basis from

point I would emphasize is that, where it concerns local 16 formulations for local consumption, the coordination is 17 very light, if at all.

18 Q. Now, when you decided to substitute these products that you talked about -- remember? 19

A. Yes, I do.

20

21

23

24

25

Q. Let's pick one of those. Let's say the most readily -- heavily used one of the ones you substituted. Which one would that be? A. Profenophos. I'll write it down for you

after. It's an organophosphate. P-R-O-F-E-N-O -- it's

| | | | Page 148 |
|--|---|--|--|
| , | | | |
| 1 | either P-H or F | 1 | Q. And how many of those have happened? |
| 2 | Q. See, you're not that much better at | 3 | I'm talking about from Syngenta to now? |
| 3 | spelling than I am. | | A. Yes. I would say 15, perhaps. Ten or 15. |
| 4 | A. I can't spelling without writing, | 4 | Q. Which is the biggest, top two or three? |
| 5 | unfortunately. I if I looked at it, I'd know, but | 5 | A. The biggest that we well, okay, the |
| 6 | we'll give it to you later. | 6 | top we divested a product called fluvalinate, that |
| 7 | Q. All right. | 7 | was required under the merger merger to get the |
| 8 | A. It's an insecticide. | 8 | merger approvals. We divested the most important one |
| 9 | Q. Where was that sold? | 9 | we divested was a strobilurin fungicide called |
| 10 | A. It was sold very broadly in the company at | 10 | trifloxystrobin, T-R-I-F-L-O-X-Y-S-T-R-O-B-I-N, |
| 11 | the time. We already started the the process of | 11 | trifloxystrobin. We sold that product |
| 12 | phase-outs in the Novartis legacy company, but it was by | 12 | Q. When? |
| 13 | no means done, so most of it was done after. | 13 | A. To to Bayer. |
| 14 | Q. Now well, maybe that's not a good | 14 | Q. When did you sell it? |
| 15 | example, then | 15 | A. We actually had to sell that one before |
| 16 17 | A. Oh, okay.Q if it was already started at the | 16 17 | We O Veels that was part of the margar? |
| | A. All right. | | Q. Yeah, that was part of the merger?A. It was part of the merger. |
| 18 | <u> </u> | 18 19 | Q. I'm sure you had regulatory concerns over |
| 19 20 | Q at the Novartis company? Do you have | 20 | |
| 21 | one that was done within the corporate structure at | 21 | the merger. A. Yes, we had to deal with that, and that |
| 22 | Syngenta from beginning to end? A. I think I should point out that most of | 22 | was a lot of what we did. |
| 23 | • | 23 | |
| 24 | the product assets that we didn't need we sold. We | 24 | Q. Excluding those. Which ones have you had to divest yourself of since the formation of Syngenta? |
| 25 | divested we reduced the range of active ingredients from 130-something down to 80 or 75, and most of those | 25 | A. Permethrin. Permethrin is |
| 25 | from 130-something down to 80 of 73, and most of those | 23 | |
| | Page 147 | | |
| | rage 147 | | Page 149 |
| 1 | assets were sold. Some of them, for merger control, we | 1 | Page 149 Q. Excuse me a second. |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | assets were sold. Some of them, for merger control, we had to divest anyway. So the number that were actually phased out were few. This isn't a bad example. I mean, | | Q. Excuse me a second.A. Yes.Q. Who names these chemicals? |
| 2 | assets were sold. Some of them, for merger control, we had to divest anyway. So the number that were actually phased out were few. This isn't a bad example. I mean, there are other smaller ones that we also phased out. | 2 | Q. Excuse me a second.A. Yes.Q. Who names these chemicals?A. There's a there's a group in Britain |
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| 2 3 4 5 | assets were sold. Some of them, for merger control, we had to divest anyway. So the number that were actually phased out were few. This isn't a bad example. I mean, there are other smaller ones that we also phased out. I'm just trying to most of these assets were sold, not phased out. Q. Do you have any that were just | 2 3 4 5 | Q. Excuse me a second. A. Yes. Q. Who names these chemicals? A. There's a there's a group in Britain it would have the British, right, who did that who approves these common names. It's a chemical name. Q. Okay. Sorry. |
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| | Page 150 | | Page 152 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | Q. So what happened then? They made the | 1 | Steve. Who is "they"? I mean, if you're talking about |
| 2 | recommendation then? | 2 | Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. cannot act without the |
| 3 | A. They did. | 3 | board of directors' approval, of course; I don't think |
| 4 | Q. Who did it did it come to you? | 4 | that's what you meant. |
| 5 | A. It did. | 5 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 6 | Q. And | 6 | Q. Who owned that who owned that |
| 7 | A. It came to me on the board of initially | 7 | intellectual property? |
| 8 | on the board of of of Syngenta Crop | 8 | A. Yeah, who owned the IP? I'm not sure who |
| 9 | Protection Inc. | 9 | owned the IP. |
| 10 | Q. And and were you the representative of | 10 | Q. Is that |
| 11 | the board, because it came up through Crop Protection, | 11 | A. In this instance. |
| 12 | that presented that? | 12 | Q. Is that Participations AG? |
| 13 | A. I did present that proposal and this was | 13 | A. I don't know who owned the IP. |
| 14 | presented for information to the executive committee as | 14 | Q. Okay. Do you think Syngenta Crop |
| 15 | well that we wanted to do that, and had decided so to | | Protection Inc. owned that intellectual property? |
| 16 17 | do. | 16 17 | A. I don't know. I don't know who owned the |
| 18 | Q. And who decided?A. The US business. | 18 | Q. Okay. Are you testifying here under oath |
| 19 | Q. Right. I'm just saying, you said it came | 19 | today, sir, that Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. had the |
| 20 | up to you as on the Crop Protection | 20 | authority to sell the intellectual property rights to a |
| 21 | A. Inc., yes. | 21 | product line that it did not own? |
| 22 | Q Crop Protection as in your role | 22 | A. No. |
| 23 | A. Yeah. | 23 | Q. All right. |
| 24 | Q and then you presented it to the | 24 | A. I don't know. |
| 25 | executive committee? | 25 | Q. Okay. |
| | | | - |
| | Page 151 | | Page 153 |
| 1 | _ | 1 | |
| 1 2 | A. For information only. | 1 2 | MR. TILLERY: Are we going to have lunch soon? |
| 2 | A. For information only.Q. Okay. When was the decision made? | 1 2 3 | MR. TILLERY: Are we going to have lunch soon? MR. POPE: We normally have lunch. |
| | A. For information only.Q. Okay. When was the decision made?A. Boy, back in the early 2000s. It was one | 2 | MR. TILLERY: Are we going to have lunch soon? MR. POPE: We normally have lunch. THE WITNESS: It's a bit early. |
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| | Page 154 | | Page 156 |
|--------|--|--------|---|
| 1 | things, I think, Steve. I object to the question. | 1 | years? |
| 2 | THE WITNESS: I cannot tell you which legal | 2 | A. It's now part of R&D under Sandro Aruffo. |
| 3 | entity owns those IP rights. I cannot tell you. | 3 | So it's different. |
| 4 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 4 | Q. When did that change occur? |
| 5 | Q. Do you know of a subsidiary who owns any | 5 | A. It occurred it occurred five or six |
| 6 | intellectual property rights to a chemical that's sold | 6 | years ago. |
| 7 | within the Syngenta umbrella besides Syngenta AG or | 7 | Q. Who did Lewis Smith work for? |
| 8 | Syngenta Participations? | 8 | A. He reported to me. |
| 9 | A. From a viewpoint of legal entity, I am | 9 | Q. Who did he who was his company |
| 10 | very poorly informed on where these IP assets are held. | 10 | employer? |
| 11 | Q. So you don't know the answer to my | 11 | A. Either I'm not I'm not sure. |
| 12 | question? | 12 | I'm not sure. |
| 13 | A. I don't. | 13 | Q. Did he work for a Basel company? |
| 14 | Q. Now, we were talking about your role. | 14 | A. He he moved from the UK to Basel and he |
| 15 | You discussed your role at the beginning of of | 15 | was based in Basel, so I believe so. |
| 16 | Syngenta formation. You were discussing your role in | 16 | Q. You don't know for sure? |
| 17 | the transition. What job did you occupy at the very | 17 | A. I don't know for sure. |
| 18 | beginning of the formation of Syngenta? | 18 | Q. And when did he retire? |
| 19 | A. Essentially, the one I hold today. | 19 | A. He's not fully retired, but he he |
| 20 | Q. Has there been any change in your job | 20 | actually ceased that role at the time that the the |
| 21 22 | title or responsibility? A. Responsibility. Not in my job title, but | 21 22 | function left my responsibility and became part of R&D. He he stopped doing that. |
| 23 | in my responsibility, yes. | 23 | Q. Okay. And tell me what other changes |
| 24 | Q. How has it changed? | 24 | occurred in your responsibility? |
| 25 | A. At the start of the company and for a | 25 | A. Okay. So up until four years ago, I had |
| | Page 155 | | Page 157 |
| 1 | | | |
| 1 2 | period of five years, I had responsibility for product development directly. The the function of R&D | 1 2 | responsibility also for what we call professional products. Professional products are includes seed |
| 3 | collectively did not exist at that time. I had | 3 | treatments, which I still have, but it also includes |
| 4 | Crop Protection development as part of my | 4 | products for lawn and garden and golf courses and |
| 5 | responsibility. | 5 | non-crop products. That we now call lawn and garden, |
| 6 | Q. And which products? | 6 | and that is the responsibility of Robert Berendes, and, |
| 7 | A. All of them. | 7 | by the way, I should have named him as a member of the |
| 8 | Q. All them sold by the agrochem business? | 8 | SEC. I failed to do that. Robert Berendes. He is head |
| 9 | A. Yes. | 9 | of business development and he is also head of lawn and |
| 10 | Q. And who was in that committee what was | 10 | garden. |
| 11 | that committee strike that. | 11 | Q. As a member of "S"? |
| 12 | What was that committee called? | 12 | A. He's a member of the Syngenta executive |
| 13 | A. We dealt with it at the crop protection | 13 | committee as well. |
| 14 | leadership team level, development matters, and my head | 14 | Q. I see. I see. |
| 15 | of development at the time had his own committee. | 15 | A. I should have |
| 16 | Q. Who was that? | 16 | Q. Do you know who he's employed by? |
| 17 | A. Initially well, the last incumbent of | 17 | A. International. Syngenta International AG. |
| 18 | that role was Lewis Smith. He was the man who at the | 18 | Q. Any other changes in your responsibility? |
| 19 | time the change occurred, he was in charge of | 19 | A. No, those were the two changes. |
| 20 | development | 20 | Q. Any change in terms of board positions? Which boards |
| 22 | Q. And A reporting to me. | 22 | A. No. |
| 23 | Q. And where is he now? | 23 | Q. Strike that. |
| 24 | A. He's semi-retired. | 24 | Which boards do you sit on today? |
| 25 | Q. And how has this changed over the last few | 25 | A. I sit on Syngenta Crop Protection AG, |
| | The non-map and changes over the last low | | I on on o jugetim crop i rotection i ro, |

| | Page 158 | | Page 160 |
|---|--|---|---|
| 1 | Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. and Asia-Pacific | 1 | for example, that that is paid for within the |
| 2 | Syngenta Asia-Pacific Pte, the Singapore entity: three. | 2 | Crop Protection Inc |
| 3 | Q. Syngenta Crop I'm sorry, the executive | 3 | Q. I'm talking about I move to strike that |
| 4 | committee that you serve on? The Syngenta executive | 4 | as unresponsive. |
| 5 | committee? | 5 | Who would who would pay the \$200 million |
| 6 | A. I sit on that too, yes. | 6 | that you talked about? I'm not talking about field |
| 7 | Q. Right. Can you tell me what entity that | 7 | development, sir. I'm talking about the 200 million to |
| 8 | Syngenta executive committee is connected to? | 8 | bring a product to market. Who pays that? |
| 9 | A. Connected to Syngenta AG. | 9 | A. That includes field development. |
| 10 | Q. Do you know how? | 10 | Q. Okay. If that includes it costs |
| 11 | A. No. | 11 | 200 million for field development? |
| 12 | Q. Were you one of the original members of | 12 | A. No, no, no. |
| 13 | the Syngenta executive committee? | 13 | Q. Okay. So who pays the 200 million? |
| 14 | A. I was. | 14 | A. It's in all sorts of different places and |
| 15 | Q. Was that planned from the beginning, | 15 | all sorts of different amounts and relates to some fixed |
| 16 | at the formation of the company? | 16 | costs, some variable costs. I mean, it's a it's a |
| 17 | A. Yes, it was. | 17 | it's a lot of small things which amount to that to |
| 18 | MR. TILLERY: Now would probably be a good | 18 | that amount. |
| 19 | time to break. | 19 | Q. Well, let's do it this way, then. |
| 20 | THE WITNESS: Okay. | 20 | The first stage, what's that first stage called? |
| 21 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. | 21 | MR. POPE: What product? |
| 22 | The time is 12:18. | | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 23 | End of tape 2, volume I of the videotaped | 23 | Q. Any product. |
| 24 | deposition of John Atkin. | 24 | |
| 25 | (12:18 p.m.) | 25 | Q. New product development. |
| | Page 159 | | Page 161 |
| 1 | (Lunch recess.) | 1 | A. Stage 1. |
| 2 | (1:11 p.m.) | | S |
| l | · 1 / | 2 | Q. Stage 1. Right. |
| 3 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape | 3 | Q. Stage 1. Right.A. That would that would take place in |
| | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape number 3, volume I in the videotaped deposition of | | Q. Stage 1. Right.A. That would that would take place in in Stein and that would take place in Jealott's Hill, |
| 3 4 5 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape number 3, volume I in the videotaped deposition of John Atkin. Going on the record. The time is 13:11. | 3 4 5 | Q. Stage 1. Right. A. That would that would take place in in Stein and that would take place in Jealott's Hill, and that's and I explained to you that I didn't know |
| 3 4 5 6 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape number 3, volume I in the videotaped deposition of John Atkin. Going on the record. The time is 13:11. Thank you. | 3 4 5 6 | Q. Stage 1. Right. A. That would that would take place in in Stein and that would take place in Jealott's Hill, and that's and I explained to you that I didn't know which legal entity those two operations were part of. |
| 3 4 5 6 7 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape number 3, volume I in the videotaped deposition of John Atkin. Going on the record. The time is 13:11. Thank you. BY MR. TILLERY: | 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. Stage 1. Right. A. That would that would take place in in Stein and that would take place in Jealott's Hill, and that's and I explained to you that I didn't know which legal entity those two operations were part of. Q. Okay. But let's say of the 200 million, |
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| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here begins videotape number 3, volume I in the videotaped deposition of John Atkin. Going on the record. The time is 13:11. Thank you. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Earlier today, you talked about, I think, roughly 10 percent of Syngenta's budget being allocated | 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. Stage 1. Right. A. That would that would take place in in Stein and that would take place in Jealott's Hill, and that's and I explained to you that I didn't know which legal entity those two operations were part of. Q. Okay. But let's say of the 200 million, where would what strike that. Of the 200 million you talked about, from |
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| | Page 162 | | Page 164 |
| _ | _ | _ | |
| 1 | Q. So whichever entity effectively owns | | Jealott's Hill? |
| 2 | Jealott's Hill or Stein would be accountable for that | 2 | A. In plots that we have outside. |
| 3 | cost? | 3 | Q. And what is the cost of field testing at |
| 4 | A. It would, and then it comes into my line, | 4 | Jealott's Hill? |
| 5 | the crop protection P&L, the crop protection income | 5 | A. I don't know. I don't know. |
| 6 | statement is where it would for me, I get a view of | 6 | Q. And how is the cost of field testing |
| 7 | it in the crop protection income statement. | 7 | allocated? To which entity? |
| 8 | Q. Explain that to me? | 8 | A. I don't know which entity it's allocated |
| 9 | A. Last year, on R&D in the crop protection | 9 | to. |
| 10 | income statement, there was around 500-and-some million | 10 | Q. Okay. In in terms of the four steps of |
| 11 | dollars of expenditure. | 11 | \$200 million, you said, from beginning to end, can you |
| 12 | Q. And you're talking about which crop | 12 | give me a percentage of that total allocated to each of |
| 13 | protection? | 13 | the four steps in the usual circumstance? |
| 14 | A. I'm talking about the consolidated income | 14 | A. Okay. I would say that 70 percent or more |
| 15 | statement which I get. | 15 | is in stage 3. |
| 16 | Q. Okay. But I'm just saying, that comes | 16 | Q. And what about the remaining steps? |
| 17 | under a consolidated income statement, but where was | 17 | A. Perhaps 20 percent in stage 2 and 10 in |
| 18 | that particular charge taken or cost accounted for? | 18 | stage 1. These are estimates. |
| 19 | With which entity? | 19 | Q. And where is the where is the |
| 20 | A. Yeah. I have to keep telling you that | 20 | field testing done in the US? |
| 21 | I don't know the legal entity structures well enough to | 21 | A. Vero Beach. If it's an early stage |
| 22 | tell you where that was accounted for. I just don't. | 22 | compound, we have a field research station at |
| 23 | Q. On the documents that you saw, the | 23 | Vero Beach, Florida. |
| 24 | 500-plus million dollars, where did it show that it was | 24 | Q. And what is the third stage of the |
| | | | |
| 25 | being allocated on those documents? | 25 | process? |
| 25 | Page 163 | 25 | process? Page 165 |
| 1 | <u> </u> | 1 | Page 165 |
| | Page 163 | | Page 165 A. The third stage of the process involves |
| 1 | Page 163 A. It didn't it showed it in the | 1 | Page 165 A. The third stage of the process involves all the product safety or toxicology testing, |
| 1 2 | Page 163 A. It didn't it showed it in the consolidated P&L, the consolidated income statement. | 1 2 | Page 165 A. The third stage of the process involves |
| 1 2 3 | Page 163 A. It didn't it showed it in the consolidated P&L, the consolidated income statement. Q. Okay. And now let's go to the second | 1 2 3 | Page 165 A. The third stage of the process involves all the product safety or toxicology testing, environmental safety testing and large-scale field testing. |
| 1 2 3 4 | Page 163 A. It didn't it showed it in the consolidated P&L, the consolidated income statement. Q. Okay. And now let's go to the second stage. What is that stage? | 1 2 3 4 | Page 165 A. The third stage of the process involves all the product safety or toxicology testing, environmental safety testing and large-scale field |
| 1 2 3 4 5 | A. It didn't it showed it in the consolidated P&L, the consolidated income statement. Q. Okay. And now let's go to the second stage. What is that stage? A. Stage 2. | 1 2 3 4 5 | Page 165 A. The third stage of the process involves all the product safety or toxicology testing, environmental safety testing and large-scale field testing. Q. And the environmental testing, where is |
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| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | A. It didn't it showed it in the consolidated P&L, the consolidated income statement. Q. Okay. And now let's go to the second stage. What is that stage? A. Stage 2. Q. Yes, what is it? A. It's testing either extended greenhouse testing or limited small plot field trials and some toxicology. Q. Okay. And what is the what is the very last product that you've put to field testing? A. There are many products. Q. No, the last one, sir. Which is the last one that's just gone out for field testing? A. In stage 2? Q. Yes. A. Chronologically, I couldn't be certain, but we have we have a product called Dash, coded Dash at that stage, for example. Q. Okay. And do you know where it's been field tested? | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | A. The third stage of the process involves all the product safety or toxicology testing, environmental safety testing and large-scale field testing. Q. And the environmental testing, where is that done? A. Some of that is carried out at our locations in Stein and in Jealott's Hill, but some of it is carried out in territories other territories around the world. Q. Including the United States? A. Including the United States. Q. Where is it done in the United States? A. Environmental work, quite a bit of that is done under contract. So we would subcontract to specialist organizations environmental testing. We tend to do that either in Europe or in the United States, with whom would you contract? A. I don't know the names of these organizations that we contract to. |

42 (Pages 162 to 165)

 $25\,\,$ of studies that we want doing. The contract lab would

Q. Where -- how is it field tested at

| | Page 166 | | Page 168 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | build that into a protocol and a proposal with a cost, | 1 | A. In the United States, no. |
| 2 | and maybe there would be two, probably two or maximum | 2 | Q. Do you know of strike that. |
| 3 | three, labs who would make the proposal to us, and our | 3 | Would you recognize the names if you heard |
| 4 | scientists would pick the one which represented the best | 4 | them? |
| 5 | mix of quality and price. | 5 | A. I might do. I certainly know one in |
| 6 | Q. And who are the scientists who would make | 6 | Europe reasonably well. |
| 7 | that call? | 7 | Q. Which |
| 8 | A. Scientists in the product safety | 8 | A. RCC. |
| 9 | organization. The organization that that I earlier | 9 | Q. And what is that, I'm sorry? |
| 10 | discussed is toxicology, which is headed up by | 10 | A. RCC. |
| 11 | Peter Hertl. | 11 | Q. What does it stand for? |
| 12 | Q. So would the the scientists there would | 12 | A. I don't know, but I know it's called RCC |
| 13 | be at Basel? | 13 | and I know they do contract toxicological product |
| 14 | A. The scientists would be in Basel or in the | 14 | safety type work. |
| 15 | United States. The studies we contract in the | 15 | • • • |
| 16 | United States, the people in the United States, | 16 | Q. And in the United States, you don't know where the contractors are? |
| 17 | are perfectly able to contract those studies themselves, | 17 | A. I do not. |
| 18 | I believe. | 18 | |
| 19 | Q. Right. Whether they are able to or not | 19 | Q. Who would keep a record of that? |
| 20 | A. They do. | | A. The product safety department.Q. Where? |
| | • | 20 | |
| 21 | Q. Okay. And who who is the contract with | 21 22 | A. In Greensboro and in Europe. |
| 22 | when you contract out in this third stage? Who signs | | Q. And would that third stage include |
| 23 | the contract? | 23 | field work? |
| 24 | A. The the professionals who work in | 24 | A. It would. It does. |
| <u> 2</u> 5 | product safety. | 25 | Q. And what field work would be involved? |
| | Page 167 | | Page 169 |
| 1 | Q. Right. With whom do they contract? | 1 | A. Most of this field work we would carry out |
| 2 | A. With the third party. | 2 | ourselves, and it would involve testing the product on |
| 3 | Q. Yes. But who is the third party | 3 | farmers' fields where the farmer enters into a a |
| 4 | contracting with? What entity? | 4 | cooperation with us to evaluate these products, and we'd |
| 5 | A. Ah, okay. We're coming back to the legal | 5 | either rent a piece of his field, or sometimes not, and |
| 6 | entity. I if it's in the United States, I assume | 6 | we'd we'd set up our trials. |
| 7 | that it's Crop Protection Syngenta Crop | 7 | Q. And do you do that with agricultural |
| 8 | Protection Inc., I assume. | 8 | departments of universities as well? |
| 9 | Q. But you don't know? | 9 | A. It is done sometimes they do it |
| 10 | A. I don't know. | 10 | independently, anyway, of their own volition. |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 11 | Q. Okay. And let me ask you, would some of | 11 | Q. On products that you were getting to |
| 12 | Q. Okay. And let me ask you, would some of the work that would be done in this third stage involve | 11 12 | Q. On products that you were getting to market? How would they have access to your products, |
| | | | |
| 12 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve | 12 | market? How would they have access to your products, |
| 12 13 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? | 12 13 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? |
| 12 13 14 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. | 12 13 14 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just |
| 12 13 14 15 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of | 12 13 14 15 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free |
| 12 13 14 15 16 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? | 12 13 14 15 16 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly | 12 13 14 15 16 17 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly involved in contracting work to be done. | 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the three-part process. |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly involved in contracting work to be done. Q. Are you talking about earlier in your | 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the three-part process. MR. POPE: Please don't interrupt, Steve. |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly involved in contracting work to be done. Q. Are you talking about earlier in your career at Syngenta? | 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the three-part process. MR. POPE: Please don't interrupt, Steve. MR. TILLERY: He's going down the wrong path. |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly involved in contracting work to be done. Q. Are you talking about earlier in your career at Syngenta? A. No. | 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the three-part process. MR. POPE: Please don't interrupt, Steve. MR. TILLERY: He's going down the wrong path. MR. POPE: Even so, let him go down the path |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly involved in contracting work to be done. Q. Are you talking about earlier in your career at Syngenta? A. No. Q. Okay. I'm talking about at Syngenta now? | 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the three-part process. MR. POPE: Please don't interrupt, Steve. MR. TILLERY: He's going down the wrong path. MR. POPE: Even so, let him go down the path and you can correct him. |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 | the work that would be done in this third stage involve university testing? A. It could. It could. Q. And and are you familiar with some of the contractors that have been retained to do this? A. Earlier in my career, I was directly involved in contracting work to be done. Q. Are you talking about earlier in your career at Syngenta? A. No. Q. Okay. I'm talking about at Syngenta now? A. No, I'm not familiar. | 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | market? How would they have access to your products, a new molecule? A. Well, they'll do it with products just after launch, for example, when they can have free access to it or Q. Remember, I'm talking about part of the three-part process. MR. POPE: Please don't interrupt, Steve. MR. TILLERY: He's going down the wrong path. MR. POPE: Even so, let him go down the path and you can correct him. THE WITNESS: Let me go down the right path. |

| | | | Page 172 |
|--------|---|-----|--|
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | step. A. Okay. | 1 2 | Q. Do you believe that a single entity owns the intellectual property rights to developed products? |
| 3 | Q. They wouldn't have the molecule unless you | 3 | A. For all our developed products around the |
| 4 | gave it to them, would they? | 4 | world? |
| 5 | A. Correct. | 5 | O. Yes. |
| 6 | Q. All right. So let's talk about a | 6 | A. I don't believe so, but I don't know. |
| 7 | situation let's stay focused on the three-part | 7 | Q. You think that they could be owned by |
| 8 | process, if we can. In the three-part process, in that | 8 | different entities? |
| 9 | third step, would universities be involved in the field | 9 | A. I think they could be. |
| 10 | testing? | 10 | Q. By more? You don't know? |
| 11 | A. They could be. They could be. | 11 | A. I don't know. |
| 12 | Q. How could they be? | 12 | Q. Who would you get on the phone if you |
| 13 | A. Because we ask them to be or because they | 13 | if you had this phone right here on the table, who would |
| 14 | learned about the product and they wanted to be. | 14 | you call to answer that question? |
| 15 | Q. Would they how would they learn about | 15 | A. I'd call the I'd call my colleague, |
| 16 | it before you launched the product? | 16 | Sandro Aruffo, head of R&D. |
| 17 | A. Because we publish our pipeline. | 17 | Q. Why would you call her? |
| 18 | Q. Before you go out? | 18 | A. Him. |
| 19 | A. No, but we publish our pipeline whilst | 19 | Q. Him. |
| 20 | products are still in stage 3 and sometimes whilst | 20 | A. Because he's head of R&D. Therefore, he |
| 21 | they're in stage 2. | 21 | has responsibility for the whole research and |
| 22 | Q. And do you do this before you have filed | 22 | development process. |
| 23 | before patent protection? | 23 | Q. And you're not familiar or you are |
| 24 | A. No. | 24 | familiar with the filing process in the United States |
| 25 | Q. When do you file for patent protection? | 25 | for patent protection on a new molecule? |
| | Page 171 | | Page 173 |
| 1 | A. As early as possible in the process. | 1 | A. No, I'm not familiar. I am not |
| 2 | Q. And after the molecule is found to be | 2 | responsible for R&D and I am not familiar with that |
| 3 | stable? | 3 | process. |
| 4 | A. It could be at that point, but that | 4 | Q. And you don't know which of the Syngenta |
| 5 | wouldn't mark the end of the filing. The filing would | 5 | entities is filing for protection? |
| 6 | continue, depending on what was patentable or what we | 6 | A. I'm not sure. No. |
| 7 | felt should be filed. | 7 | Q. Okay. And you said universities could do |
| 8 | Q. With whom would you file the patent?A. With the relevant authorities in countries | 8 | the field testing under one of the two conditions that you outlined: either they did it on their own |
| 10 | around the world. | 9 | A. Yes. |
| 11 | Q. Well, would you file in the United States | 11 | Q because they learned after you'd filed? |
| 12 | for protection? | 12 | A. Yes. |
| 13 | A. Yes. | 13 | Q. And that would be while the patent was |
| 14 | Q. With the United States Patent Office? | 14 | pending, probably, wouldn't it? |
| 15 | A. Yes. | 15 | A. It could be. I imagine it could be. |
| 16 | Q. Who would file for that? | 16 | I say "I imagine" because I am not I cannot quote you |
| 17 | A. I'm not sure whether it would be our local | 17 | specific cases, but I do believe that that is the case, |
| 18 | professionals or it would be done from Basel. I'm not | 18 | yes. |
| 19 | sure. | 19 | Q. And this is before a patent has been |
| 20 | Q. And you're unaware of the fact that a | 20 | issue, perhaps? |
| 21 | particular entity owns the patent rights to your | 21 | A. Yes, it could be. |
| 22 | developed molecules? | 22 | Q. All right. But you would, of course, get |
| 23 | A. I'm not unaware of the fact that they are | 23 | patent protection once it was finally issued? |
| | owned by particular entities, but I don't know which | 24 | A. Yes. |
| 25 | entities own which molecule IP. | 25 | Q. All right. Now, in the process of |

| | Page 174 | | Page 176 |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | granting patent protection in the United States, do you | 1 | Q. Can you tell me what this document is? |
| 2 | know who is ultimately assigned the patent protective | 2 | A. It's called "Principles, concepts |
| 3 | rights? | 3 | development principles, concepts and processes". |
| 4 | A. No. | 4 | Q. Are you familiar with it? |
| 5 | Q. Do you know of any universities in the | 5 | A. No. |
| 6 | United States which have undertaken field testing in the | 6 | Q. Do you want to look at it and see if you |
| 7 | third part of this four-part process? | 7 | are? |
| 8 | A. I could have no, I don't know for sure. | 8 | A. Sure. |
| 9 | Q. Were you aware of the fact that the | 9 | Q. And if if you'll note that the copies, |
| 10 | University of Illinois has been retained to do field | 10 | as you go through, or parts of them are cut off. I will |
| 11 | testing for your products? | 11 | point out to you that that is precisely the way it was |
| 12 | A. I wasn't aware, but I'm not surprised. | 12 | presented to us |
| 13 | Q. Why? | 13 | A. Mmm-hmm. |
| 14 | A. Because Illinois is an important state for | 14 | Q delivered to us as a copy. The one |
| 15 | agriculture, and for corn and soybeans in particular. | 15 | I have here marked as 9 shows 57 pages. Is that your |
| 16 | Q. That's a term that's a name you're not | 16 | the same as yours? |
| 17 | unfamiliar with; correct? | 17 | A. It is. |
| 18 | A. Illinois? | 18 | Q. Is this a PowerPoint presentation of some |
| 19 | Q. Yes, University of Illinois. | 19 | sort, does it look like? |
| 20 | A. No, I'm not unfamiliar with it. | 20 | A. It appears to be so, yes. |
| 21 | Q. How are you familiar with their | 21 | Q. Does this exhibit 9 describe Syngenta Crop |
| 22 | organization? | 22 | Protection's product development process prior to the |
| 23 | A. I'm not familiar with the organization at | 23 | restructuring of that function in 2005? |
| 24 | all, but I know I've heard the name before. | 24 | MR. POPE: I object to the form. I don't |
| 25 | Q. You're familiar with the school by | 25 | think you've identified whether he's ever seen this |
| | Page 175 | | Page 177 |
| 1 | reputation? | 1 | before. |
| 2 | A. Yes. | 2 | MR. TILLERY: It doesn't matter for my |
| 3 | Q. Do you know how that other 30 percent in | 3 | question. |
| 4 | the four-step process breaks down among the remaining | 4 | MR. POPE: Yeah, you've got to have a |
| 5 | three steps? | 5 | foundation. You have to have a foundation to ask a |
| 6 | A. I think I said I estimated 20 percent | 6 | question. |
| 7 | in stage 2 and 10 percent in stage 1, but that's purely | 7 | MR. TILLERY: Not for my question it doesn't. |
| 8 | my my estimate, based on what I know, which isn't | 8 | MR. POPE: Yes, it is. |
| 9 | complete. | 9 | MR. TILLERY: No, I do not. |
| 10 | Q. And in these other states strike that. | 10 | MR. POPE: I object to the form. |
| 11 | | | |
| 1 + + | In these other stages, you're not familiar with | 11 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 12 | In these other stages, you're not familiar with the allocation of cost associated with the different | 11 12 | BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Go ahead, sir. |
| | | | |
| 12 | the allocation of cost associated with the different | 12 | Q. Go ahead, sir. |
| 12 13 | the allocation of cost associated with the different testing levels for example, the toxicological testing? A. I'm not I'm not familiar with how it is | 12 13 | Q. Go ahead, sir.A. It appears to describe the process right |
| 12 13 14 | the allocation of cost associated with the different testing levels for example, the toxicological testing? A. I'm not I'm not familiar with how it is allocated to legal entities, no. | 12 13 14 | Q. Go ahead, sir. A. It appears to describe the process right at the very start of the company. Q. That's that's what I was asking. That's the process. This is a document that describes |
| 12 13 14 15 | the allocation of cost associated with the different testing levels for example, the toxicological testing? A. I'm not I'm not familiar with how it is allocated to legal entities, no. (Exhibit 9 marked for identification.) | 12 13 14 15 16 17 | Q. Go ahead, sir. A. It appears to describe the process right at the very start of the company. Q. That's that's what I was asking. That's the process. This is a document that describes the process that changed later. Was there what was |
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| | Page 178 | | Page 180 |
|--|---|--|---|
| | | | |
| 1 | Protection prior to that change? | 1 | A. It is. |
| 2 | A. I'm not sure. It describes principles, | 2 | Q. What Syngenta group company was |
| 3 | concepts and processes. I didn't I didn't study it | 3 | Derek Cornes' employer at the time of the request? |
| 4 | closely enough to know if it does what you say. | 4 | A. Derek Cornes. He was based in Basel at |
| 5 | Q. Can you take a look at it and see? | 5 | that time, so it would probably be Syngenta Crop |
| 6 | Take your time and look at it. | 6 | Protection AG, probably, but I cannot say for sure. |
| 7 | A. What can you repeat the question? | 7 | Q. What Syngenta group company was |
| 8 | Q. Yes: does it describe the roles and | 8 | Charlotte Croudace's employer at the time of the |
| 9 | responsibilities in product development that were | 9 | request? |
| 10 | assigned to different groups within the Syngenta Crop | 10 | A. I don't know. I don't know this lady. |
| 11 | Protection division? | 11 | Q. What Syngenta group company was |
| 12 | A. It appears to describe the jobs held by | 12 | Judy Garrett's employer at the time of the request? |
| 13 | individuals in product development, as a | 13 | A. Probably the same as Derek Cornes. |
| 14 | Q. And accurate at that time, from creation | 14 | Q. Which would be? |
| 15 | to 2004 when that role changed? | 15 | A. Syngenta Crop Protection AG. I don't know |
| 16 | A. I would have to spend some time, because | 16 | for sure. |
| 17 | we did improve the "improve"; we did change the | 17 | Q. And who was Hans Weber's employer at the |
| 18 | process of development when it reported to me. I did | 18 | time of the request? |
| 19 | took I took a glance at some of the time lines in | 19 | A. He was also Basel-based, so probably |
| 20 | here for stage 1, 2 and 3, and we shortened we were | 20 | Syngenta Crop Protection AG, but I'm not sure. |
| 21 | able to shorten some of these time lines. It was a | 21 22 | Q. To whom was this request submitted? |
| 22 | project we ran to do so. | | A. This would have been submitted in the |
| 23 | Q. When did you do that? | 23 | first instance to the development committee. |
| 24 25 | A. Right around the time that that the | 24 | Q. Which development committee?A. The global development committee. |
| 25 | responsibility left me and went to R&D. | 45 | A. The global development committee. |
| | 5 150 | | <u> </u> |
| | Page 179 | | Page 181 |
| 1 | Q. So from the inception of the company until | 1 | Page 181 Q. Global development committee of |
| 1 2 | Q. So from the inception of the company until that time, is it an accurate description of the product | 2 | Page 181 Q. Global development committee of crop protection that you head up? |
| | Q. So from the inception of the company until that time, is it an accurate description of the product development process, as far as you know? | | Q. Global development committee of crop protection that you head up? A. No, I don't head that up. It's headed up |
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25 time we didn't review formally all the first sales

25 selective herbicide called mesotrione?

| | P 102 | | D 104 |
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| | Page 182 | | Page 184 |
| 1 | proposals. | 1 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 2 | Q. If it wasn't your group that approved it, | 2 | Q. I'm going to hand you what's been marked |
| 3 | then global had the final word? | 3 | as exhibit 11. |
| 4 | A. The development committee would have had | 4 | A. Yes. |
| 5 | the final word, alongside the local affiliated | 5 | Q. Does this exhibit 11 reflect the Syngenta |
| 6 | development committees, who would also approve it. | 6 | Crop Protection development committee's recommendation |
| 7 | Q. And who would have paid for it to be | 7 | for release to first sales of mesotrione? |
| 8 | produced? | 8 | A. Yes. |
| 9 | A. The document? | 9 | Q. Does the application that's what the |
| 10 | Q. No, the product. | 10 | document's called; right? |
| 11 | A. I think we touched on that before. From a | 11 | A. (Witness nods head.) |
| 12 | legal entity standpoint, I don't know. | 12 | Q. Who's the application to? |
| 13 | Q. Was this a product that was sold in the | 13 | A. To the development committee. |
| 14 | United States? | 14 | Q. The application is to the development |
| 15 | A. Yes. | 15 | committee and the development committee's making the |
| 16 | Q. Was it sold in the state of Illinois? | 16 | recommendation in the same document? |
| 17 | A. Yes. | 17 | A. Yes, I think that's right, because the |
| 18 | Q. Is it still being sold in the state of | 18 | development what the development committee is saying |
| 19 | Illinois? | 19 | is there is no reason why this cannot go ahead and be |
| 20 | A. It is. | 20 | sold, but the decision to put it in packs and bottles |
| 21 | Q. Do you know in what volume it's being sold | 21 | and to provide it to customers has to be taken by a |
| 22 | in the state of Illinois? | 22 | local entity. |
| 23 | A. I don't know the volume that's being sold | 23 | Q. Does the application describe Judy Garrett |
| 24 | in the state of Illinois, no. | 24 | as the leader of the respective team? |
| 25 | Q. Who owns the intellectual property rights | 25 | A. It describes her as having provided the |
| | Page 183 | | Page 185 |
| 1 | to this product? | 1 | market overview, it seems. But it also it also says |
| 2 | A. I don't know. | 2 | that she's a leader, it also says "Leader of respective |
| 3 | Q. What are the US sales of this product? | 3 | team". |
| 4 | A. This particular version of this product, | 4 | Q. What team does that refer? |
| 5 | the sales are probably less than \$100 million, but | 5 | A. The corn team. |
| 6 | I can't we subsequently developed a range of mixtures | 6 | Q. The what team? |
| 7 | involving the same technology. Collectively, it's much | 7 | A. The global corn team, from a marketing |
| 8 | more than that. | 8 | perspective. |
| 9 | Q. Much more than 100 million? | 9 | Q. What is the global corn team? |
| 10 | A. Yes. | 10 | A. That is a product leadership team. |
| 11 | Q. Today? | 11 | She worked for our global marketing group and she is the |
| 12 | A. Yes. | 12 | marketing person who headed up that product leadership |
| 13 | Q. And what percentage of that is in | 13 | team. |
| 14 | Illinois? | 14 | Q. Well, tell me more about this global |
| 15 | A. I don't know. | 15 | marketing group for corn. Where is it headed up? |
| 16 | Q. When you do a general thumbnail estimate | 16 | In Basel? |
| 17 | of sales dealing with corn crops in the US, do you | 17 | A. In Basel. |
| 18 | mentally have an understanding of where sales will | 18 | Q. And and she was the head of that group? |
| 19 | normally come out per state in the corn belt? | 19 | A. She was, yes. |
| 20 | A. Me, no, but certainly the operating unit | 20 | Q. And is she still the head of it? |
| 21 | in in Greensboro will have a a view of that. | 21 | A. No. |
| 22 | Q. What farm product, crop product, is this | 22 | Q. Who is now? |
| 23 | chemical used on? | 23 | A. Dave Elser. |
| 24 | A. It's used on corn. | 24 | Q. And is it still located in Basel, the |
| 25 | | 25 | group? |
| | · | | |

| | onitidential - Fursuant | | |
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| | Page 186 | | Page 188 |
| 1 | A. The head of the team is located in Basel. | 1 | MR. POPE: Do you want to spell that for the |
| 2 | Q. Who else is on the team? | 2 | court reporter, please? |
| 3 | A. Representatives of all the involved | 3 | THE WITNESS: Suter, S-U-T-E-R. |
| 4 | functions, so product development, manufacturing, | 4 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 5 | research; whoever formulation people who need to | 5 | Q. At the very bottom of the application, |
| 6 | be who need to help to get this thing to first sales, | 6 | it indicates it was to be distributed to the product |
| 7 | and they have extended extended teams which sometimes | 7 | line manager? |
| 8 | extend into the territories so we make sure it's | 8 | A. Right. |
| 9 | properly coordinated. | 9 | Q. To whom does that refer? |
| 10 | Q. The other team members, are they from all | 10 | A. That's that because this is a very |
| 11 | over the world? | 11 | early document, the product line manager was the head of |
| 12 | A. The extended team members, to the extent | 12 | the herbicide product line. At that time, there was |
| 13 | that they are involved, are from from international | 13 | a it was a man called Dino Sozzi. |
| 14 | locations, yes. | 14 | Q. And and by whom was he employed? |
| 15 | Q. The immediate team members, where are they | 15 | A. Crop Protection Syngenta Crop |
| 16 | from? | 16 | Protection AG, I believe. |
| 17 | A. Immediate team members, on the whole, are | 17 | (Exhibit 12 marked for identification.) |
| 18 | based in Basel; on the whole. | 18 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 19 | Q. And and which entities are they | 19 | Q. I hand you number 12, sir. |
| 20 | employed by? | 20 | A. Thank you. |
| 21 | A. If they're based in Basel, they would be | 21 | Q. Just take a look at that. Is this |
| 22 | employed by Syngenta Crop Protection AB probably | 22 | exhibit 12 a presentation made to the development |
| 23 | AG probably, but I don't know that. Some of them, by | 23 | committee? |
| 24 | the way, could be coming from Jealott's Hill and, | 24 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the |
| 25 | therefore, be employed with the entity that | 25 | question. |
| | | | |
| | Page 187 | | Page 189 |
| 1 | Page 187 Jealott's Hill is associated with. | 1 | Page 189 THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | Jealott's Hill is associated with. | | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was |
| 2 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of | 2 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the |
| 2 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of that committee, or that group? | 2 3 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the conclusions of the development committee on one of the |
| 2 3 4 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of that committee, or that group? A. Could you explain what you mean by | 2 3 4 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the conclusions of the development committee on one of the slides, so it's a little difficult to to be sure. |
| 2 3 4 5 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of that committee, or that group? A. Could you explain what you mean by "the authority for"? | 2 3 4 5 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the conclusions of the development committee on one of the slides, so it's a little difficult to to be sure. BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of that committee, or that group? A. Could you explain what you mean by "the authority for"? Q. Yes. How was it how was that group | 2 3 4 5 6 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the conclusions of the development committee on one of the slides, so it's a little difficult to to be sure. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Okay. If if not, was it made to a |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of that committee, or that group? A. Could you explain what you mean by "the authority for"? Q. Yes. How was it how was that group created A. How was it Q that corn marketing group. A. It was created under our global marketing team to with the express intent of bringing together | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the conclusions of the development committee on one of the slides, so it's a little difficult to to be sure. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Okay. If if not, was it made to a group of which you were a member? A. I cannot recall. Q. Do you remember seeing this document? A. No. Q. What have you seen presentations like this before? A. Oh, yes. |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | Jealott's Hill is associated with. Q. What is the authority for the creation of that committee, or that group? A. Could you explain what you mean by "the authority for"? Q. Yes. How was it how was that group created A. How was it Q that corn marketing group. A. It was created under our global marketing team to with the express intent of bringing together chemical assets for deployment in corn crops all over the world. Q. Who created this marketing team? A. The head of global marketing at the time. Q. And who was that? A. At the very start, at the very start, we didn't have global marketing. There were separate teams for fungicides, insecticides and herbicides, and they the heads of those teams reported directly to me, but fairly quickly we we nominated a head of global marketing. His name was Jan Suter. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 | THE WITNESS: It's difficult to tell if it was made to the development committee. It reports the conclusions of the development committee on one of the slides, so it's a little difficult to to be sure. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Okay. If if not, was it made to a group of which you were a member? A. I cannot recall. Q. Do you remember seeing this document? A. No. Q. What have you seen presentations like this before? A. Oh, yes. Q. What do you believe it to be, by looking at the document MR. POPE: Objection to form BY MR. TILLERY: Q whether or not you've seen it before? MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. I think he just told you he doesn't know what it is. BY MR. TILLERY: |

| | Page 190 | | Page 192 |
|----|--|----|--|
| 1 | can't deny the existence of their authenticity, and | 1 | English, Cheshire. |
| 2 | there are several cases in the Seventh Circuit directly | 2 | MR. POPE: Would you clarify, when you say |
| 3 | on point that say that. | 3 | "this time", what you mean? |
| 4 | So I'm I'm using documents that were given | 4 | THE WITNESS: I mean on October the 16th, |
| 5 | to me in discovery, and and I'm representing to you | 5 | 2001. |
| 6 | that there has been not one single change to this | 6 | John Street was located in Basel; Robert Durand |
| 7 | document as given to you in its entirety? | 7 | was in Basel; Patrick Huguet in Basel; Eric Kuhn also in |
| 8 | A. I'm not denying its authenticity. | 8 | Basel; Dino Sozzi, Basel; Michel Bourguet, Basel; |
| 9 | MR. POPE: I'm not denying the integrity of | 9 | Robert Nyfeler, Basel; Anthony Skidmore in the UK, I'm |
| 10 | the document, Mr. Tillery. I'm just objecting to your | 10 | not exactly sure where. |
| 11 | request that he do some speculation as to what it is. | 11 | Q. And can you look explain the codes that |
| 12 | MR. TILLERY: Okay. | 12 | are on those behind their names, please? |
| 13 | THE WITNESS: I'm very familiar with the | 13 | A. "BS" is Basel. |
| 14 | content of this document. | 14 | Q. And the "CH" is for Switzerland? |
| 15 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 15 | A. Yes. |
| | | 16 | Q. Okay. And going down: "GB", |
| 16 | Q. Explain to me how you're familiar with it? | | |
| 17 | A. Well, the the data that's in here, | 17 | Great Britain and "JH" is for Jealott's Hill? |
| 18 | we we and many of my colleagues have discussed on | 18 | A. Right. |
| 19 | many occasions and in many forms, in many different | 19 | Q. The others, please? |
| 20 | forms. So the content is is known to me. | 20 | A. I don't know exactly what "AP" stood for. |
| 21 | Q. And what what in terms of content, | 21 | I just do know where he was located, though. I don't |
| 22 | what ultimately happened after the presentation or the | 22 | know what "FH" stands for either. "USGR" is US, |
| 23 | conclusions that were being sought strike the | 23 | Greensboro, Tim Pastoor. |
| 24 | question. | 24 | Q. And Tim Pastoor was making a presentation |
| 25 | What ultimately happened in terms of | 25 | then? |
| | Page 191 | | Page 193 |
| 1 | mesotrione? | 1 | A. It appears to be the case. |
| 2 | A. Mesotrione was launched firstly in the | 2 | Q. And what was the presentation about? |
| 3 | United States and subsequently in Europe and later on in | 3 | A. Global risk assessment. |
| 4 | Latin America and other parts of the world. | 4 | Q. For what? |
| 5 | (Exhibit 13 marked for identification.) | 5 | A. It doesn't say. |
| 6 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 6 | Q. And what how would Tim Pastoor have |
| 7 | Q. I show you what's been marked as | 7 | been making that presentation; do you know? |
| 8 | exhibit 13, sir. | 8 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the |
| 9 | A. Thank you. | 9 | question. |
| 10 | Q. What's a global risk assessment? | 10 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 11 | A. Risk is a combination of hazard and | 11 | Q. Do you know how he would have been making |
| 12 | exposure, so it takes the the hazard of any given | 12 | that presentation? |
| 13 | product and relates that to its potential for human and | 13 | A. Do you mean whether he was in person or |
| 14 | environmental exposure, so a global risk assessment | 14 | remotely? |
| 15 | would talk about risk in that sense. | 15 | Q. No, I'm sorry. How would strike that. |
| 16 | Q. And if you could take a look at the people | 16 | Why would Tim Pastoor be making a presentation |
| 17 | to whom this agenda item was was addressed and copied | 17 | to this group of people? |
| 18 | to, can you tell me where they were located? | 18 | A. Because |
| 19 | A. The the suffix indicates that | 19 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the |
| 20 | Vivienne Anthony was located in Basel; Paul Gordon was | 20 | question. |
| 21 | located in Basel; David Lawrence located in | 21 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 22 | Jealott's Hill at this time; Lewis Smith was located in | 22 | Q. Go ahead. |
| 23 | Britain. | 23 | A. Because he's he's an expert in this |
| 24 | At this time, he was at a place called CTL, | 24 | field. |
| | which was a toxicology center we had in the north of | 25 | Q. Okay. And he's an expert in the field of |
| | | | 2. Okuj. This he's an expert in the field of |

| | Page 194 | | Page 196 |
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| 1 | global risk assessment? | 1 | manager for selective herbicides in December 2001? |
| 2 | A. Risk assessment in general, yes. | 2 | A. I'm not sure. |
| 3 | Q. And does he occupy a leadership position | 3 | Q. Who do you think was the product manager |
| 4 | in risk assessment within the Syngenta group of | 4 | for selective herbicides at that time? |
| 5 | companies? | 5 | A. The global head of selective herbicides |
| 6 | MR. POPE: In 2001? | 6 | was Dino Sozzi and the person in charge of the overall |
| 7 | THE WITNESS: I don't know what his job title | 7 | corn strategy was was was himself and and |
| 8 | was in 2001. I don't know. | 8 | Judy Garrett, whose name is on this list. |
| 9 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 9 | Q. Which Syngenta group company was |
| 10 | Q. Now or any time, does he? Has he ever | 10 | Mr. Nyffeler an employee of at the time, December 2001? |
| 11 | occupied that? | 11 | A. I don't know, but if he was Basel-based, |
| 12 | A. I don't know I don't know what his job | 12 | which I believe he was, it would probably be Syngenta |
| 13 | title is today. | 13 | Crop Protection AG, but I don't know. |
| 14 | Q. Well, what irrespective of his title, | 14 | Q. Did this group have product management |
| 15 | does he occupy any role at any time since Syngenta's | 15 | authority with respect to selective herbicides sold in |
| 16 | been formed on risk assessment? | 16 | the United States at that time? |
| 17 | A. His job involves risk assessment. | 17 | MR. POPE: By "this group", you mean the |
| 18 | Q. Okay. But does he do it for anything | 18 | participants on this sheet of paper? |
| 19 | beyond the scope of of activities at Syngenta Crop | 19 | MR. TILLERY: Yes. |
| 20 | Protection Inc.? | 20 | THE WITNESS: No. |
| 21 | A. He may do. I don't know the answer. | 21 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 22 | He may do. He's principally devoted to matters | 22 | Q. Who did? |
| 23 | involving Crop Protection Inc., but I he may have | 23 | A. The authority for managing products in the |
| 24 | been involved in other matters. | 24 | United States lay with the United States team. At that |
| 25 | Q. And how would he have been involved in | 25 | time, it was headed by Hieri Gugger, which is a name |
| | Page 195 | | Page 197 |
| 1 | those other matters, by what authority? | 1 | I have given you before, and his his marketing team. |
| 2 | A. He would have been invited to be involved | 2 | Some of those people are on this were at this |
| 3 | in them. | 3 | meeting. |
| 4 | Q. By whom? | 4 | (Exhibit 15 marked for identification.) |
| 5 | A. By the head of development at the time. | 5 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 6 | Q. And the head of development at the time | 6 | Q. Now take a look, if you wouldn't mind, |
| 7 | was? | 7 | at exhibit 15. Okay. Is exhibit 15 the minutes |
| 8 | A. At this time, it was Vivienne Anthony, who | 8 | of a development committee meeting in Basel on |
| 9 | is at the top of the list. | 9 | September 10th, 2002? |
| 10 | (Exhibit 14 marked for identification.) | 10 | A. It is. |
| 11 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 11 | Q. It identifies the members of the |
| 12 | Q. If you'd take a look at number 14, please. | 12 | development committee, the document does? |
| 13 | Did Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. ever have an office in | 13 | A. It does. |
| 14 | Basel with the Syngenta companies? | 14 | Q. You were cc'd on those minutes; correct? |
| 15 | A. Not to my knowledge. | 15 | A. Yes. |
| 16 | Q. Is exhibit 14 the minutes of a 2001 | 16 | Q. At that time, the development committee |
| 17 | meeting of employees of various Syngenta group companies | 17 | included employees from more than one Syngenta group |
| 18 | on the subject of review of corn strategy and various | 18 | company? |
| 19 | triazine scenarios? | 19 | A. It did. |
| 20 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the | 20 | Q. How many different companies were |
| 21 | question. No foundation. | 21 | represented on that committee? |
| 22 | THE WITNESS: It's entitled "Review of Corn | 22 | A. I can't be sure because I don't know if |
| 23 | Strategy in various Triazine Scenarios", indeed. | 23 | Mike Bushell and Lewis Smith were in the same legal |
| | BY MR. TILLERY: | 24 | entity in the UK. |
| 24 25 | Q. Was Mr. Nyffeler Syngenta AG's product | 25 | Q. How would you how would you even |

| | Page 198 | | Page 200 |
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| 1 | identify which entity they were from? | 1 | A. I don't know if it has if it has ever |
| 1 2 | A. You can't. You can only tell which site | 2 | required them so to do. |
| 3 | they were at and which country they were in. | 3 | (Exhibit 16 marked for identification.) |
| 4 | Q. Okay. Are the individuals listed to | 4 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 5 | listed to the right of the "cc management" the persons | 5 | Q. Would you take a look at 16, please. |
| 6 | who had authority for the management of a specific | 6 | In about July 2002, did the development committee |
| 7 | Syngenta group company or companies? | 7 | approve the release to first sale of products called |
| 8 | A. No. No, these people are product people. | 8 | Lumax and Camix? |
| 9 | Q. Why are they listed as management? | 9 | A. I believe it did. |
| 10 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the | 10 | Q. What are those products? |
| 11 | question. | 11 | A. They are products containing, in the case |
| 12 | THE WITNESS: Because they're product | 12 | of Lumax, mesotrione, metolachlor and atrazine; in the |
| 13 | management. | 13 | case of Camix, mesotrione and metolachlor. |
| 14 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 14 | Q. Were those released for sale in the |
| 15 | Q. And where were they employed? | 15 | United States? |
| 16 | A. Excuse me, I I hadn't read the whole | 16 | A. They were. I cannot tell you exactly |
| 17 | list. There are people in here who indeed were | 17 | when. |
| 18 | are were heads of the territories or the regions. | 18 | Q. Would that include sales in the state of |
| 19 | Maercio Rezende, San Paulo; Piet Smits, Europe; | 19 | Illinois as well? |
| 20 | Don Taylor, Asia; and Bob Woods at that time was US. | 20 | A. It would. |
| 21 | Q. "USUW"? | 21 | Q. And were they sold in the United States? |
| 22 | A. Yes, this was USUW. At that time he | 22 | A. They were and are sold in the |
| 23 | was he was not in Greensboro. That's probably why | 23 | United States. |
| 24 | that's what it is. | 24 25 | Q. And in Illinois as well? |
| 25 | Q. Where was he? | | A. And in Illinois including in |
| | Page 199 | | Page 201 |
| 1 | A. Wilmington. | 1 | Illinois or, correction, I'm not sure if Camix is, |
| 2 | Q. Have the development committee minutes | 2 | but it's available nationally. |
| 3 | ever included the names of the company by which the | 3 | Q. In in the United States? |
| 4 | members were employed? | 4 | A. Yes. |
| 5 | A. Not to my knowledge. | 5 6 | Q. And would be available in the state of |
| 6 7 | Q. Does Syngenta require employees from different Syngenta group companies who communicate with | 7 | Illinois? |
| 8 | each other to identify which Syngenta company they work | 8 | A. If a distributor wanted to buy it, yes.Q. And Lumax contains what products? |
| 9 | for? | 9 | A mixture of what? |
| 10 | A. I'm not sure if it's a requirement, but on | 10 | A. Mesotrione, metolachlor and atrazine. |
| 11 | business cards it's usually stated. | 11 | Q. And what are the sales of Lumax in the |
| 12 | Q. Are they required to do it, or do you | 12 | United States? |
| 13 | know? | 13 | A. I cannot tell you the exact number. |
| 14 | A. I don't know if it's a requirement. | 14 | We launched another product which was similar but had |
| 15 | Q. Do all of the employees of Syngenta group | 15 | a different ratio of combinations between the two of |
| 16 | companies have an email address that's @syngenta.com? | 16 | those products. They will have sales in the order of |
| 17 | A. Yes, I think that would be the case. | 17 | 250 million or more. |
| 18 | Q. Looking at their email address, is there | 18 | Q. In the United States? |
| 19 | any way to discern which Syngenta group company they're | 19 | A. Mmm. |
| 20 | employed by? | 20 | Q. You have to say "yes" or "no"? |
| 21 | A. No. | 21 | A. Yes. |
| 22 | Q. Has Syngenta AG ever required employees of | 22 | Q. And what portion of those sales would be |
| 23 | Syngenta group companies to identify the Syngenta group | 23 | in the state of Illinois? |
| 24 | company they work for in emails to persons outside the | 24 | A. That's impossible for me to estimate. |
| 25 | Syngenta group of companies? | 25 | Q. Which state in the United States, in terms |

| | Page 202 | | Page 204 |
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| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 | of corn herbicides, sells the greatest percentage of | 1 2 | Q. Who headed that up? |
| 2 | product in the in the US? | 3 | A. The head of development at the time, |
| 3 | A. Again, it's very difficult. Illinois | 4 | and we are talking here about 2002. I'm not sure |
| 4 | would be amongst the top five. | | if that was still the lady we discussed before, |
| 5 | Q. Okay. This product was for the use with | 5 | Vivienne Anthony, or whether it was Lewis Smith by this |
| 6 | corn crops; right? | 6 | time. I'm not sure. But it was the head of |
| 7 | A. It was is; is and was. | 7 | development. |
| 8 | Q. And what are those five states that are | 8 | Q. And that development, so we're clear on |
| 9 | the top five in the United States? | 9 | the record, is which committee? |
| 10 | A. The "I" States. | 10 | A. The global development committee. |
| 11 | Q. The what states? | 11 | Q. In Basel? |
| 12 | A. "I". | 12 | A. In Basel. |
| 13 | Q. Okay. | 13 | Q. And what happened after it was approved |
| 14 | A. Which is Iowa I'm going to get my | 14 | for sale by the global development committee? |
| 15 | I'm going to show my limitations on the US here: Iowa, | 15 | A. It would have been informed to the |
| 16 | Illinois, time goes on. Give me a clue. | 16 | crop protection leadership team that the development |
| 17 | Q. Indiana? | 17 | committee had taken this step, and the local |
| 18 | A. Indiana. Iowa, Indiana, Illinois and | 18 | organization in the United States would have gone |
| 19 | it's not Idaho. It isn't. It could be, I guess. No. | 19 | through its own process of readying it for sale and |
| 20 | What's the other "I"? | 20 | agreeing that it was ready to go. |
| 21 | MR. POPE: If you don't know, tell him you | 21 | Q. And when you said it would have gone off |
| 22 | don't know. | 22 | through the another group and let me look at your |
| 23 | THE WITNESS: Well, I would know if I sat here | 23 | answer. |
| 24 | with a pencil. The other big one is Nebraska and | 24 | A. The the US has its own |
| 25 | then and then the others are somewhat less important. | 25 | Q. I meant the I meant the other crop |
| | Page 203 | | Page 205 |
| 1 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 1 | protection leadership team, I was going to ask you about |
| 2 | Q. And Kansas, is that one of them? | 2 | that? |
| 3 | A. Kansas is not as big as the ones we've | 3 | A. The crop protection leader okay, my |
| 4 | just mentioned. | 4 | my team, yes. |
| 5 | Q. All right. Illinois, Indiana and Iowa. | 5 | Q. It would have come through |
| 6 | A. The biggest. | 6 | A. Yeah. What what tends to happen there |
| 7 | Q. All right. The product Lumax that you | 7 | is the actually, the the the approval for |
| 8 | described, did it come before the actually, instead | 8 | first sale is much more to do with the development |
| 9 | of asking the question that way, let me ask you this: | 9 | committee than it is to do with the crop protection |
| 10 | walk me through the process by which Lumax was approved | 10 | leadership team. |
| 11 | for first sale and distribution in 2002? | 11 | We have already committed to the product, |
| 12 | A. From the point at which it was developed | 12 | the promotion to stage 3, and we followed it through its |
| 13 | right to | 13 | last phase of development. The development committee |
| 14 | Q. Yes. It came through your development | 14 | has the most important role, because it's it's |
| 15 | committee. | 15 | saying, "This product has passed all the safety tests. |
| 16 | A. It came through the development committee | 16 | It has got registered. It has a stable formulation". |
| 17 | at the last it came through the development committee | 17 | These are technical matters. |
| 18 | to be approved for sale, but there were a lot of | 18 | So the leadership team would be informed of |
| 19 | activities that took place before it reached that point. | 19 | that, and usually we would not have a a long |
| 20 | Q. Before that, of course. | 20 | discussion about it. It would be it would be the |
| 21 | A. Yes. | 21 | development committee, the global and the local ones, |
| 22 | Q. And then it came through to the | 22 | that have the last word on this. |
| | | l | |
| 23 | development committee. Was that the committee that you | 23 | Q. Where was Lumax tested? |
| | development committee. Was that the committee that you headed up? | 23 | Q. Where was Lumax tested?A. Initially in the United States. |
| 23 | - | | |

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| | Page 206 | | Page 208 |
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| 1 | | | |
| 1 | A. In all the corn-growing states of any | 1 | we sell on corn that were not launched at the time of |
| 3 | significance. O. So it would have been in Illinois for | 3 | Syngenta will have been will have been tested on corn. |
| 4 | sure? | 4 | Q. And what products would those be? |
| 5 | A. For sure. | 5 | A. Callisto. We we have discussed a |
| 6 | Q. Do you know whereabouts in Illinois? | 6 | couple of them: Callisto; Lumax; Lexar L-E-X-A-R, |
| 7 | A. Well, at that time excuse me. | 7 | which came after Lumax; seed treatment products, such as |
| 8 | Q. Do you know where it was tested in | 8 | Cruiser; fungicide products, such as Quilt. All these |
| 9 | Illinois? | 9 | products will have been tested in Illinois. |
| 10 | A. At that time, we still had our field | 10 | Q. Were all of those products products that |
| 11 | station in Champagne, Illinois, and it was definitely | 11 | went through the development committee? |
| 12 | tested there, but it would have been tested on fields | 12 | A. At one stage or another, yes. |
| 13 | representative of the of the soils and the climate of | 13 | Q. In Basel? |
| 14 | Illinois. | 14 | A. In Basel and in and in the local |
| 15 | Q. That field that you had in Champagne, | 15 | Greensboro development committee as well. |
| 16 | Illinois, was that in in conjunction with the | 16 | There's another product I maybe should have |
| 17 | University of Illinois? | 17 | mentioned: Halex, H-A-L-E-X. That's another product |
| 18 | A. No, that was a a private Syngenta Crop | 18 | which will have been tested in Illinois, amongst other |
| 19 | Protection Inc. field station with buildings and plots, | 19 | states. |
| 20 | and it was ours "ours" meaning Syngenta Crop | 20 | Q. I'm trying to get this list together. |
| 21 | Protection Inc. | 21 | A. All right. |
| 22 | Q. And it's still there, isn't it? | 22 | Q. Callisto. |
| 23 | A. But not it's not ours anymore. | 23 | A. Callisto. |
| 24 | Q. You sold it? | 24 | Q. Lumax. |
| 25 | A. We sold it. | 25 | A. Lumax, Lexar. |
| | Page 207 | | Page 209 |
| 1 | Q. Why does it still have a "Syngenta" sign | 1 | Q. L-E-X? |
| 2 | on it? | 2 | A. A-R. I mentioned Halex, H-A-L-E-X. |
| 3 | A. I don't know. I didn't know it did. | 3 | Q. Quilt, Cruiser. |
| 4 | Maybe because we still we still do field work there, | 4 | A. Cruiser. Cruiser like it sounds, Cruiser. |
| 5 | in arrangement with the current owners. | 5 | Q. Okay. So we're dealing with six that |
| 6 | Q. And would it have been customary at the | 6 | you've told me, I think? |
| 7 8 | time that Lumax was being developed to have different | 7 8 | A. Yeah, there'd be more. O. And there's been more than that? |
| 9 | farmers in Illinois apply it or have it on their crops? A. It would have been, yes. | 9 | A. Yep. |
| 10 | Q. And the purpose of doing that is to apply | 10 | Q. Do you know what the US sales are of these |
| 11 | it in the area where the soil type, the climate, | 11 | various chemicals? |
| 12 | et cetera, is being the best possible way to | 12 | A. Each individual chemical with precision, |
| 13 | determine the efficacy of the chemical? | 13 | _ |
| 14 | A. Yes, that's a good summary. I mean, it's | 14 | Q. And I don't I'm not asking for |
| 15 | a it's a complicated matter trying to assess all the | 15 | precision. I know that without a balance sheet or |
| 16 | parameters you have to assess before you can bring a | 16 | financial records you couldn't possibly give that to me. |
| 17 | a product to market. It has to work robustly on | 17 | A. Well |
| 18 | different soil types in different years under different | 18 | Q. So just your best effort. |
| 19 | weather conditions. It mustn't damage the crop in a way | 19 | A. Oh, throughout the US? |
| 20 | which is in any way significant. It has to be fit for | 20 | Q. Yes. |
| 21 | purpose. And that's why widespread field trials are | 21 | A. Throughout the US? Collectively, I |
| 22 | done with private farmers. | 22 | mentioned Lumax and Lexar are in the \$250 million range, |
| 23 | Q. How many products have been field tested | 23 | both together. I mention them together because the |
| | in Illinois since the creation of Syngenta? | 24 | farmer chooses them in accordance with they can be |
| 25 | A. I do not know. Certainly all the products | 25 | switched. Lexar is more in the south and Lumax more in |

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| | Page 210 | | Page 212 |
| 1 | the north, but they can be switched. Cruiser Cruiser | 1 | videotape number 4, volume I in the videotaped |
| 2 | is a Cruiser is a \$200 million product in the | 2 | deposition of John Atkin. Going on the record. The |
| 3 | United States, close to. | 3 | time is 14:50. Thank you. |
| 4 | Q. And which of these are applied to corn | 4 | (Exhibit 17 marked for identification.) |
| 5 | crops? | 5 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 6 | A. Oh, I only gave you ones which are applied | 6 | Q. Let me hand you what's been marked as 17, |
| 7 | to corn crops, although I point out that Quilt can be | 7 | doctor. Tell me when you've reviewed it. What is this |
| 8 | used on soybeans and Cruiser can be used on soybeans | 8 | document, sir? MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the |
| 10 | Q. Would Illinois be among the top | 10 | question. |
| 11 | three states for sales in the United States of these | 11 | THE WITNESS: This document is entitled |
| 12 | six chemical products? | 12 | "SYN-449208. Project Review Meeting & DeCo input". |
| 13 | A. Yes. | 13 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 14 | Q. Were the test results for these products | 14 | Q. It's a presentation that was made to you? |
| 15 | when they were tested in Illinois reported back to the | 15 | A. It's difficult to determine if who it |
| 16 | development committee? | 16 | was made to, but I'm certainly familiar with the |
| 17 | A. Not not as such. They would be part of | 17 | content. |
| 18 | the overall summary of field performance. If there was | 18 | Q. Okay. Can you go to page 3? |
| 19 | an interest in going down to state, individual state | 19 | A. Yes. |
| 20 | trials, that could have been done, and and certainly | 20 | Q. Let me withdraw the question. What was |
| 21 | when we had the Champagne site, that could be identified | 21 | SYN-449280? |
| 22 | readily, but typically these will be summarized as a | 22 | A. It is a herbicide which was in at |
| 23 | group. | 23 | this time, in stage 2, I believe. |
| 24 | Q. When did you sell this the Champagne | 24 | Q. When you say "this time", you're talking |
| 25 | | 25 | about |
| | Page 211 | | Page 213 |
| 1 | A. I'm not sure. It was a it was four | 1 | A. 2002. |
| 2 | five five years ago or more. Perhaps five years ago. | 2 | Q 2002 in March? Is it March or October? |
| 3 | Five four or five years ago. | 3 | A. It's October. |
| 4 | Q. And is there another site that's replaced | 4 | Q. October of 2002. |
| 5 | it or do you rely upon private farmer contracts? | 5 | A. Right. |
| 6 | A. In Illinois, we rely upon private farms. | 6 | Q. Is it being used now? |
| 7 | Sometimes we would rent, if we need to, fields. | 7 | A. No. It's still in development. |
| 8 | Q. In different places. Do you know | 8 | Q. It's been in development for eight years? |
| 9 | whereabouts in Illinois you do that? | 9 | A. It has. |
| 10 | A. No, but it will be representative of | 10 | Q. Can you explain that delay? |
| 11 | | | |
| | the of the state from north to south and east to | 11 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the |
| 12 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. | 11 12 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. |
| 12 13 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. | 11 12 13 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened |
| 12 13 14 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which | 11 12 13 14 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, |
| 12 13 14 15 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. | 11 12 13 14 15 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain |
| 12 13 14 15 16 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute | 11 12 13 14 15 16 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute break? Is that okay with you, doctor? | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, neither was it certain that all the technical issues |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute break? Is that okay with you, doctor? A. Yes. | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, neither was it certain that all the technical issues were resolvable. |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute break? Is that okay with you, doctor? A. Yes. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, neither was it certain that all the technical issues were resolvable. BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute break? Is that okay with you, doctor? A. Yes. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The time is 14:34. End of tape 3, volume I of the | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, neither was it certain that all the technical issues were resolvable. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. What were the technical issues? |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute break? Is that okay with you, doctor? A. Yes. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The time is 14:34. End of tape 3, volume I of the videotaped deposition of John Atkin. | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, neither was it certain that all the technical issues were resolvable. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. What were the technical issues? A. One of them is that if you use it at |
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| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | the of the state from north to south and east to west. Q. Right. A. We have only one field station left, which is Vero Beach. MR. TILLERY: Can we take like a five-minute break? Is that okay with you, doctor? A. Yes. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The time is 14:34. End of tape 3, volume I of the videotaped deposition of John Atkin. (2:34 p.m.) | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I can explain what has happened with this product. It at the time of this review, which I think makes clear it was it was not certain that there was a market opportunity for this product, neither was it certain that all the technical issues were resolvable. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. What were the technical issues? A. One of them is that if you use it at reasonably high doses, and then in a rotation you plant |

Page 214 Page 216 if it had a rotational problem. replacement? Q. Why would it remain and damage soybeans as 2 2 A. Because it's a very effective herbicide 3 a rotational crop? 3 and, in the initial trials, it seemed to have a broad 4 4 A. Because sufficient of it would remain in spectrum and it would have the potential to do at least the soil. It's -- it's killing -- in a broad -- in a some of the things that atrazine can do, and do it broad sense, this product is -- is killing in a way which was at a lower dose than atrazine is and 7 dicotyledonous weeds. It's -- it's controlling weeds in 7 in a -- in a way which could be attractive to the a corn crop which are not unlike soybeans, if you like. 8 farmer. That's not how we see it now, by the way. So, consequently, there is always this risk with 9 Q. And how has your view changed about SYN-449280? 10 herbicides that you can -- you can damage successive 1.0 11 crops. There's a risk. 11 A. It's changed because we see -- I mean, 12 Q. Now, did you list your reasons on 3 to --12 the -- the issue and the advantage is that atrazine 13 page 3 of the document to this group? Were those the 13 is -- is a highly effective herbicide used on 75 percent 14 reasons you gave for rejecting the product in 2002? of corn, much in demand and supported by growers in the 14 15 MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the 15 United States, and for a product to replace it, it would have to have some really very strong qualities. This 16 16 question. 17 THE WITNESS: I'm certainly familiar with 17 product doesn't have enough of those qualities to do so. 18 these reasons. I can't -- you know, we're talking That's broadly it. 18 eight years ago. I can't remember how I articulated 19 Q. And it's still being evaluated? 20 these reasons, but I'm familiar with some of these 20 A. Yes, we still have it in development. 21 concerns. We have -- we have modified the dose, we have worked 22 BY MR. TILLERY: 22 with the formulation, we are -- we are still following a 23 Q. Did you think that the production cost course of, if we can make this product fit for use in 2.4 estimate was too high in 2002? the United States and other markets, but not as an 2.4 25 A. That's what it says, and I believe that to atrazine replacement. Page 215 Page 217 1 be true. 1 Q. For what purpose? 2 Q. Did you think there was uncertainty of 2 A. Because one of the features of herbicides, RR market penetration and market value in 2002? particularly ones that have been around for 50 years, as 3 4 A. I did, yes. is the case for atrazine, is weeds get resistant to 5 5 them, and although atrazine still retains extremely good Q. What's "RR market"? 6 A. It's shorthand for Roundup Ready, activity, there's one class of weeds, the chenopodium 7 glyphosate tolerance, so genetically modified corn on 7 species -- we can spell that for you later -- which --8 which you could apply the product glyphosate. 8 which has some resistance issues. So one of the 9 9 potential advantages here was that it would control Q. And the third item there, "leaching 10 resistant weeds or it would -- would be a useful concerns", is what you have already told me about; 10 11 11 enhancement to our range, and that remains the case. correct? 12 A. Well, it wasn't really leaching concerns 12 Q. Are you looking at other triazine that I was referring to at all. It was the potential 13 13 replacements now? that this carry-over, which isn't clearly called out 14 A. We always are. In the screen we are. here, but that -- that is what this says, and there is a We -- we are, yes. We are evaluating if there are other 15 15 concern, particularly as it -- in respect to the replacements, as we do for paraquats and metolachlor and 16 all our herbicide range. We are always looking to 17 European Union, in relation to this issue. 17 Q. Was this product, SYN-449280, being renew; always. 18 19 (Exhibit 18 marked for identification.) considered as a triazine replacement product? 19 20 A. It was being considered at one stage as at 20 BY MR. TILLERY: 21 21 Q. I'll show you what's been marked as least a part replacement, yes. 22 Q. Triazines would include atrazine? 22 exhibit 18. 23 23 A. They would. A. Okay.

24

55 (Pages 214 to 217)

Q. And, if you would, please take a look at

25 that. All I'm asking you to do in this document is to

Q. And what was its -- strike that.

Why was it being considered as a triazine

24

25

Page 218 Page 220 look at it and tell me if you can explain what it A. It's referencing a conversation that the 2 relates to. 2 man called Andy Zoschke had with Judy Garrett and 3 A. Yes, this -- this is about the same 3 myself. It appears to be referencing a conversation 4 they had with me about this compound. compound, 449, a regional development team meeting, 4 which would be a -- a North American one, and a product 5 Q. And describing your reaction to the management team meeting combined, and Mr. Andreas 6 compound? 7 7 Zoschke is feeding back to the team some of the comments A. Describing -- and it touches on some of made by myself and Dino Sozzi, who was head of product 8 the points that we've already -line herbicides at the time, around 449, and I think it 9 Q. And without belaboring the point here, 10 links to some of the other points, and I -- I note that would you look at it to see if it's an accurate 10 11 in the text they touch on some of the points that we 11 reflection of the conversation? 12 just discussed. 12 A. Oh, that's very hard for me to --13 Q. Okay. Thank you. 13 Q. I mean, is there anything that sticks out 14 (Exhibit 19 marked for identification.) as being something that's incorrectly reported or 15 BY MR. TILLERY: 15 recorded? And I -- and if you don't -- don't remember, 16 Q. Exhibit 19, please. I'm asking you the that's fine? 16 17 same thing on this: if you just tell me what it is? 17 A. To be perfectly honest, I don't think it's 18 A. It's a summary of some mesotrione meetings a particularly good memo. It's not very -- it's not 18 19 held at a place called CTL. That was the central tox 19 very -- I mean, why wouldn't it be clear exactly what 20 laboratory I referred to in north-west England. they're talking about. But it does reference the CM --20 21 I now realize that "AD", which was a suffix the CPMT, the crop protection management team, that we 22 after Lewis Smith, Lewis Smith ran this place. "AD" subsequently called the crop protection leadership team, 22 23 referred to Alderley Edge, Alderley -- the 23 the same thing in an earlier --24 Alderley Edge, Alderley Park site, so this is a summary 2.4 Q. And so we are clear on the record, 25 of discussions which were held at this -- this 25 which -- what is the crop protection leadership team? Page 219 Page 221 toxicology laboratory. It's written by Derek Cornes, 1 Is that the one -who is Basel-based, to Sunmao Chen, who is based in 2 A. That's one that I lead --3 Q. -- that you lead? 3 Greensboro. 4 Q. And what is Derek's company affiliation 4 A. -- which has these 11 people in total, 5 5 within Syngenta? including myself. 6 A. To the best of my knowledge, Syngenta Crop 6 Q. All right. 7 7 MR. POPE: And so we're clear, it is dated Protection AG, to the best of my knowledge. (Exhibit 20 marked for identification.) 8 October 29th, 2002; correct? 9 BY MR. TILLERY: 9 MR. TILLERY: Correct. 10 Q. I'll hand you what's been marked as 10 THE WITNESS: Correct. MR. TILLERY: That's my understanding. 11 number 20, sir, and ask you the same question. As you 11 12 look through it, I'm going to ask you two questions 12 (Exhibit 21 marked for identification.) 13 about it, and then -- one is, what compound were they 13 BY MR. TILLERY: 14 referencing; and two is, basically, what the document 14 Q. And if you'd do the same with respect to 15 is. So when you're finished, I'll ask them for the 15 number 21, please? I'm basically only looking for an 16 record. 16 understanding of what this is. 17 A. It appears to be --17 A. Yeah, I know about this. It's a -- it Q. I can make the record clear for what relates to the point I made earlier about the risk of 18 I'm doing. What was the compound that was referenced? 19 19 carry-over of some of these products from corn to 20 A. It appears to be 449, the same compound we soybeans. This risk exists with most herbicides of this 21 21 type and, in addition to existing with 449, it existed were --22 22 Q. Right. with mesotrione. 23 A. It appears to be. 23 In practice, it's not proved to be anything

56 (Pages 218 to 221)

24 like -- it's not a -- it's not a significant issue at

25 all, in practice, but at this time, we were being very

Q. And -- and what -- what is this document

24

25 referencing, if you know?

| | | | Page 224 |
|--------|---|-----|--|
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | cautious and we were assessing how much of an issue this could be, particularly as it related to the upcoming | 1 2 | United States. Q. Has it been tested in Illinois? |
| 3 | launch of Lumax, which is the mixture product with | 3 | A. I believe so. |
| 4 | mesotrione. | 4 | Q. Do you know when it was tested in |
| 5 | (Exhibit 22 marked for identification.) | 5 | Illinois? |
| 6 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 6 | |
| 7 | Q. If you'd look at 22, please. | 7 | A. No, but probably I don't want to |
| 8 | A. Thank you. | 8 | speculate. I don't want to speculate. But this product has been in development for a number of years, and it |
| 9 | Q. Before you do that, though, I want to go | 9 | will have been tested in Illinois. |
| 10 | back to that last product. Again, tell me what it's | 10 | Q. And it's in stage 3 now? |
| 11 | called again? | 11 | A. Yes. |
| 12 | A. Lumax. | 12 | Q. And what has the role of the Syngenta |
| 13 | Q. No, not the Lumax, the one that was never | 13 | development committee been with respect to this? |
| 14 | put on the market? | 14 | A. To assess the human safety, the |
| 15 | A. 449. Yet. Not yet. | 15 | environmental safety, the manufacturing process and the |
| 16 | Q. 449? | 16 | cost of it through the marketing leaders who sit on that |
| 17 | A. You want to know the full | 17 | development committee. In short, to assess its overall |
| 18 | Q. Just the name for the record, is all. | 18 | viability. |
| 19 | A. All right: 449280. | 19 | Q. And has there been a determination of |
| 20 | Q. Was that tested in the United States? | 20 | overall viability? |
| 21 | A. Yes. All the of course all the testing | 21 | A. There has been a determination that more |
| 22 | in the United States is carried out by the US team under | 22 | development work had to be carried out, and that's |
| 23 | Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. It was tested by them | 23 | what's under way at the moment. |
| | it has been tested it is being tested by them. | 24 | Q. And development work would include what? |
| 25 | Q. Is it being tested in Illinois now? | 25 | A. Development work would include field |
| | Page 223 | | Page 225 |
| 1 | | | |
| 1 | A. I believe it is being tested in Illinois, | 1 | testing, and it also includes safety testing, human and |
| 2 | or has was this year tested in Illinois, but I can't | 2 | environmental safety testing. |
| 3 4 | be 100 percent sure, but I believe it would have been. | 3 | Q. Who is doing the human and environmental |
| 5 | Q. Thank you. Now if you go to 22. A. Mmm-hmm. | 5 | testing? A. That is being done under the leadership of |
| 6 | Q. What is an HPPD inhibitor? | 6 | Peter Hertl, head of safety testing, head of safety, |
| 7 | A. That refers to the class of chemistry | 7 | human/environmental safety, and but I can't tell you |
| 8 | which includes mesotrione mesotrione, Callisto, in | 8 | exactly where the work is being done. |
| 9 | it. | 9 | Q. And is it being done under strike that. |
| 10 | Q. Is 449280 an HPPD inhibitor? | 10 | Mr. Hertl's office is located in Basel? |
| 11 | A. That's what it says on the front page, | 11 | A. Yes, he has an office in Basel. I believe |
| 12 | yes. | 12 | he hasn't yet moved to Basel full time, but his office |
| 13 | Q. Has this product ever been released? | 13 | is in Basel. |
| 14 | A. No, it's in stage 3 still. | 14 | Q. Okay. And if you would remind me again as |
| 15 | Q. Has it been named? | 15 | to which entity he is associated with? |
| 16 | MR. POPE: Objection. | 16 | A. It will be, I believe, crop Syngenta |
| 17 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 17 | Crop Protection AG, I believe, or it could be Syngenta |
| 18 | A. No. | 18 | International, I'm sorry, one or the other. |
| 19 | Q. Have intellectual property rights been | 19 | Q. Okay. |
| 20 | filed? | 20 | (Exhibit 23 marked for identification.) |
| 21 | A. Yes. | 21 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 22 | Q. In the United States? | 22 | Q. If you take a look at number 23, please? |
| 23 | A. Yes. | 23 | A. Thank you. |
| 24 | Q. Has it been tested in the United States? | 24 | Q. And look through that as well, please. |
| 2 1 | | 1 | |
| 25 | A. It's been tested by the local teams in the | 25 | A. Would you like me to read all of this? |

| | Page 226 | | Page 228 |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| 1 | Q. No, I don't. Look at the top of the page, | 1 | mesotrione-containing Lumax. |
| 2 | and it says "CP Portfolio Management. International | 2 | So this was this was about the risk |
| 3 | Design Documents"? | 3 | associated with launching Lumax and managing the risk of |
| 4 | A. Yes. | 4 | carry-over. That's what it's about. It talks about the |
| 5 | Q. What does that mean to you? | 5 | work that was done and the risks that we would be taking |
| 6 | A. This dates back to 2002. Crop protection | 6 | on. |
| 7 | portfolio management, and this relates to the work of | 7 | Q. Do you still have 24 there in front of |
| 8 | the herbicide team in Basel, essentially, although it | 8 | you? |
| 9 | doesn't just cover their work, but the CP portfolio | 9 | A. I do. |
| 10 | management was led for herbicides by Dino Sozzi and his | 10 | Q. I think is that 24 or 25? |
| 11 | team, which included some names we've discussed, such as | 11 | A. 24. |
| 12 | Judy Garrett and Derek Cornes, who were on that team, | 12 | Q. Okay. |
| 13 | and bringing together input on compounds such as this. | 13 | A. 23 is here. |
| 14 | Q. And what at what stage would this type | 14 | Q. 23. Do you have 23 there, the one we |
| 15 | of analysis be pertinent? What I'm trying to understand | 15 | talked about? |
| 16 | is the to become oriented about this type of complex | 16 | A. I do. |
| 17 | analysis of a compound? | 17 | Q. Okay. In this document, the projects and |
| 18 | A. Well, this is stage 2. It's not in | 18 | business analysis and other work that was described to |
| 19 | stage 3 at this time. | 19 | get it to the next stage of development, did it |
| 20 | Q. This is stage 2? | 20 | contemplate work being done by several different |
| 21 | A. Right. And this is the sort of detail | 21 | several by people from several different Syngenta |
| 22 | that we would need to understand to progress it to the | 22 | entities? |
| 23 | end of stage 2 and into stage 3, and I didn't read every | 23 | MR. POPE: Which one are we talking about now? |
| 24 | chapter of this this document. | 24 | MR. TILLERY: 23. |
| 25 | Q. And I'm not asking you to do that, sir, | 25 | MR. POPE: Okay. |
| | Page 227 | | Page 229 |
| 1 | but what I am asking you to do is to tell me whether or | 1 | THE WITNESS: I could only determine that by |
| 2 | not this is sort of representative of the stage 2 work | 2 | reading it in detail. |
| 3 | for a new molecule? | 3 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 4 | A. Yeah, I would say so. It seems to be | 4 | Q. I see. |
| 5 | it doesn't seem to have a marketing component to it. | 5 | A. But I I suspect it probably did |
| 6 | It's a purely technical evaluation. But it it looks | 6 | contemplate just if I can, just to correct you, |
| 7 | pretty comprehensive, and the sort of thing that we | 7 | I don't see anything about marketing and business in |
| 8 | would we would need, and it it touches on a number | 8 | here. It's purely technical. |
| 9 | of the points that we've touched on before in relation | 9 | Q. Scientific? |
| 10 | to the advantages and the challenges of this molecule. | 10 | A. Yes. |
| 11 | Q. Do you know this molecule? | 11 | (Exhibit 25 marked for identification.) |
| 12 | A. Yes. | 12 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 13 | Q. Is it the same one we've talked about | 13 | Q. In 25 I'm looking for, as you will |
| 14 | before? | 14 | understand, what those communications deal with. |
| 15 | A. It is. It is. It's 449, yes. (Exhibit 24 marked for identification) | 15 | A. This, again, concerns the carry-over |
| 16 17 | (Exhibit 24 marked for identification.) BY MR. TILLERY: | 16 17 | question in relation to mesotrione, which is the active |
| 18 | Q. All I'm asking about with exhibit 24 is | 18 | material in Callisto and Lumax that we've we've talked about before. |
| 19 | some understanding of and the document more or less | 19 | Q. And this was a communication with |
| 20 | speaks for itself, but some understanding if you would | 20 | regarding the presentation to you? |
| 21 | orient me as to what this document really was getting to | 21 | A. It appears to be so, yes. |
| 22 | and what it related to. | 22 | (Exhibit 26 marked for identification.) |
| 23 | A. Yes, this looks like it is a good summary | 23 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 24 | of the work carried out by the US team on this issue of | 24 | Q. If you'd look at 26, please? |
| ı | · · | 25 | A. Right. Yes. |
| 25 | carry-over risk in association with | 40 | |

| | Page 230 | | Page 232 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | Q. What is this? | 1 | that we were going to phase it out at that point. |
| 2 | A. This is a a memo from a man called | 2 | This was a this was looking forward, at that |
| 3 | Alfred Kohli, who was head of development portfolio, | 3 | time, seven years and saying, you know, we have a |
| 4 | so he would report to the head of development, and he's | 4 | strategy to maintain it to that point. Of course it's |
| 5 | writing this to Vivienne Anthony, who at that time was | 5 | been superseded by strategies we've implemented since to |
| 6 | still head of development, and he's talking about the | 6 | maintain it beyond 2010, but the time horizon |
| 7 | development committee meeting of December the 13th, | 7 | contemplated here was seven years. |
| 8 | and he's he seems to be reporting on what steps would | 8 | Q. And this was the development committee, |
| 9 | be required to achieve a promotion for this 449 product | 9 | the same committee you've talked to me about in the |
| 10 | to stage 3. | 10 | past? |
| 11 | Q. Have there been other development | 11 | A. This was the development committee, |
| 12 | committee meetings with respect to this particular | 12 | May the 7th, 2003, yes. |
| 13 | product since 2002? | 13 | Q. The people on the front page listed under |
| 14 | A. Yes. Yes, since 2002 there have this | 14 | the "To" list, were they members of the development |
| 15 | product will almost certainly have been discussed at | 15 | committee? |
| 16 | development committees. | 16 | MR. POPE: As of 2003, I assume you mean? |
| 17 | (Exhibit 27 marked for identification.) | 17 | MR. TILLERY: Yes, I'm talking about |
| 18 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 18 | "7.05.03". |
| 19 | Q. 27, please. | 19 | THE WITNESS: I believe that to be the case, |
| 20 | A. Yes. Would you like me to review it all? | 20 | although I I don't have a list of those members in |
| 21 | Q. Just if you just look at it. I mean, | 21 | my in my memory, but it would appear to be the case, |
| 22 | I'm not asking you to read the entire thing, but if you | 22 | yes. |
| 23 | could look at it. It looks to me like you were cc'd on | 23 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 24 | the document. | 24 | Q. And then there is a "cc management"? |
| 25 | A. Yes, I am on all these development | 25 | A. Yes. |
| | | | |
| | Page 231 | | Page 233 |
| 1 | Page 231 committee minutes. | 1 | Page 233 Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", |
| 1 2 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the | 1 2 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? |
| | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about | | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be |
| 2 3 4 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? | 2 3 4 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not |
| 2 3 4 5 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you | 2 3 4 5 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you like to direct me to some of the text? | 2 3 4 5 6 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. Q. Okay. Has the development committee ever |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you like to direct me to some of the text? Q. I can. On page 2 | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. Q. Okay. Has the development committee ever decided to quit marketing a product it deemed to be |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you like to direct me to some of the text? Q. I can. On page 2 A. Page | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. Q. Okay. Has the development committee ever decided to quit marketing a product it deemed to be unsafe? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you like to direct me to some of the text? Q. I can. On page 2 A. Page Q. The second page of the document, in the | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. Q. Okay. Has the development committee ever decided to quit marketing a product it deemed to be unsafe? A. Not to stop marketing a product that it |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you like to direct me to some of the text? Q. I can. On page 2 A. Page Q. The second page of the document, in the main box under "Triazine LCM"? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. Q. Okay. Has the development committee ever decided to quit marketing a product it deemed to be unsafe? A. Not to stop marketing a product that it deemed to be unsafe, but to abandon the development of a |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | committee minutes. Q. Does that reflect a discussion on the strategy to maintain the triazine business until about 2010? A. Oh, that that I don't know. Would you like to direct me to some of the text? Q. I can. On page 2 A. Page Q. The second page of the document, in the main box under "Triazine LCM"? A. Yes. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Q. And then there is "cc dev. management", what would that be? A. Development management. So these would be people in the development organization who were not members of the development committee. Q. Okay. Has the development committee ever decided to quit marketing a product it deemed to be unsafe? A. Not to stop marketing a product that it deemed to be unsafe, but to abandon the development of a product which wasn't meeting the right safety criteria. |
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| | Page 234 | | Page 236 |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| 1 | MR. POPE: Thank you. | 1 | knowledge about whether there was investigation of |
| 2 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 2 | impact of atrazine on amphibians? |
| 3 | Q. The document is August 6th? | 3 | A. Oh, yes, there were discussions about that |
| 4 | A. Yes, the day comes before the month. | 4 | subject. |
| 5 | Q. And it's | 5 | Q. Was that topic brought to you to your |
| 6 | MR. POPE: That's the reason for my question. | 6 | attention? |
| 7 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 7 | A. It was brought to my attention, yes, but |
| 8 | Q. And it is a would you have | 8 | the topic was debated for the most part in development |
| 9 | I missed have I misstated the date of any of the | 9 | circles, for obvious reasons; there were some quite |
| 10 | other prior documents? | 10 | complicated technical points that had to be resolved, |
| 11 | A. I didn't I didn't notice. I | 11 | and they were discussed in development circles and |
| 12 | I don't I don't know that you mentioned the precise | 12 | regulatory circles. |
| 13 | date, but I didn't pay attention if you did. | 13 | Q. By whom was it brought to you? |
| 14 | Q. Okay. Thank you. Did you attend the | 14 | A. The head of product development. |
| 15 | meeting? | 15 | Q. And who was that? |
| 16 | A. No, I did not. | 16 | A. At this time, it was let me see now. |
| 17 | Q. Does this set of minutes discuss studies | 17 | It was about this time that it changed. I believe by |
| 18 | that had been done by outside contractors on amphibians, | 18 | this time it was John Lewis Smith. |
| 19 | endocrine effects of atrazine on amphibians? | 19 | Q. And what entity of the Syngenta entities |
| 20 | A. On page 12? Is that what you're referring | 20 | would he have been affiliated? |
| 21 | to? | 21 | A. Well, it still shows him as "GB", |
| 22 | Q. Yes. | 22 | Great Britain, or "UK", Alderley Park, "AP", so he was |
| 23 | A. It refers to studies done by a gentleman | 23 | still shown as being located in this north-western |
| 24 | called Hayes. At one point, Hayes was a cooperator with | 24 | England toxicology laboratory or site, but he did move |
| 25 | us and then he ceased to be one, and it's not clear to | 25 | to Basel and he was an employee based in Basel |
| | Page 235 | | Page 237 |
| 1 | me whether at this point he had ceased to be one. | 1 | subsequently. |
| 2 | I believe so. I believe by this time he was no longer a | 2 | Q. And do you know what what strike |
| 3 | cooperator. | 3 | that. |
| 4 | Q. And this was a discussion of those | 4 | Do you know what entity he worked for at the |
| 5 | those studies? | 5 | time he made the comment to you about amphibian studies |
| 6 | A. It refers to these studies, and it also | 6 | relating to atrazine? |
| 7 | refers to an Ecorisk Panel and laboratory tests as well. | 7 | A. No. |
| 8 | Q. And do you know who had retained Hayes? | 8 | Q. And what did he ask of you with respect to |
| 9 | A. When he worked for I believe Hayes was | 9 | amphibian studies regarding atrazine? |
| 10 | retained pre-merger and not post, but I can confirm that | 10 | A. Nobody has asked anything of me with regard to these studies. They have informed me of them. |
| 11 12 | if necessary. Q. So he would have been retained, as best | 11 12 | Q. And they he just simply told you about |
| 13 | you recall, by Novartis? | 13 | the studies? |
| 14 | A. Yes, or maybe even by Ciba-Geigy prior to | 14 | A. He and subsequently others have told me |
| 15 | that. | 15 | about this whole matter, yes. |
| 16 | Q. Okay. Was there a discussion about | 16 | Q. And was anything undertaken as a result of |
| 17 | investigation of atrazine's effects on amphibians? | 17 | this meeting with respect to the committee and atrazine |
| 18 | MR. POPE: Are you asking him whether that's | 18 | studies? |
| 19 | what the document says? | 19 | A. Excuse me, I'm just reading the |
| 20 | MR. TILLERY: I'm asking him whether he | 20 | conclusions. |
| 21 | remembers. | 21 | Q. Go ahead. |
| 22 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 22 | A. We have the conclusion: |
| 23 | Q. Do you remember? | 23 | "DeCo feels that the time may have come to |
| 24 | A. I wasn't in the meeting, so | 24 | wind-down this work programme". |
| 25 | Q. Do you remember do you have any | 25 | Q. Wind down whose work program? |

Page 238 Page 240 A. The work program in connection with question. It is not addressed to him, it is not sent by these -- the amphibian -- the reptiles and amphibians. 2 him and he's not even cc'd, as far as I can see. 3 Q. Was reptile and amphibian studies relating 3 THE WITNESS: I can make some comments on it. 4 to atrazine ongoing? 4 BY MR. TILLERY: 5 MR. POPE: Dr. Atkin, if that document 5 Q. Go ahead. 6 refreshes your recollection, that's fine --6 A. The -- the message is from Gary Dickson, 7 BY MR. TILLERY: 7 who at that time was head of development in the United States, and what he's drawing to Mike Mack, 8 Q. Otherwise --8 9 MR. POPE: -- otherwise, don't try and --9 who was then head of the business in the United States, THE WITNESS: No, I'm just -so he had -- he was president of that -- in 10 10 11 MR. POPE: -- answer that question while Vern Hawkins' role, and he's drawing attention to the 12 you're reading that piece of paper, okay. 12 fact that we were -- "we", the company was discussing THE WITNESS: No, I wasn't going to do that. 13 options to replace atrazine, and he's interpreting this But I was just trying to find reference to it. as being potentially problematic, and he's pointing out 14 14 15 BY MR. TILLERY: 15 reasons why those discussions should be very considered, 16 because of the importance of atrazine in the Q. Do you remember? 17 A. I don't recall any details about any work United States and the support that he has. That's what 18 program connected with that that we undertook or caused he is -- that's what he is reminding us of. 18 19 to be undertaken. I have been informed from time to 19 I can tell you that this is a very relevant time about conclusions relating to this -- in the way 20 20 point, and it's one that was always borne in mind, and 21 that this is recorded. it is, of course, the reason -- one of the reasons why 22 22 atrazine is still a very critical product for us, but, Q. And who has given you updates from time to 23 time? 23 you know, he's -- he's drawing that to his boss's 2.4 A. The head of development, Lewis Smith 2.4 attention, and -- and that was fine and --25 25 at that time, and in more recent times, the --Q. Was -- was this information sent on to Page 239 Page 241 Gerardo Ramos, who -- and before him, a man called 1 you? 2 Rolf Furter, and of course --2 A. No, but I'm -- I'm very familiar with 3 Q. Can you tell me which entities these 3 the -- the concern expressed here, and it's just fine people are associated with? that he expressed it in this way and he was absolutely 4 4 5 A. Those are all Basel-based people, but from 5 right and we acted upon it and if any reminder was needed, he gave us it. time to time, I have had some direct information on this 6 7 from the United States. 7 Q. Did you act upon this discussion? 8 Of course, the United States is the most 8 A. I didn't act upon this memo at all. 9 concerned by this, and they have -- from both a 9 It wasn't to me, as -- as has been pointed out, but we regulatory and a safety standpoint, they -- they are the took into account his comments here. 10 11 ones that understand this most deeply and have the Q. How did you take this specific comment 11 12 expertise. 12 into account? 13 13 So to the extent that I was getting relayed A. It was more or less -- for those people 14 information, it was information predominantly coming who were involved in this discussion, it was just a from the United States. 15 15 reminder of something they already knew, so it didn't 16 MR. POPE: Could you just clarify what you constitute new information, but it -- it underlined an 16 mean by "from the United States". 17 17 important point. 18 THE WITNESS: Crop Protection Inc., Syngenta 18 Q. Was there -- strike that. 19 19 Crop Protection Inc. Then there was some discussion at or near that 20 (Exhibit 29 marked for identification.) 20 time by Crop Protection International in Basel, either 21 BY MR. TILLERY: 21 around September 2003, before or after, about the Q. Would you take a look at exhibit number 29 possibility of getting out of the atrazine business? 22 22

23

24

61 (Pages 238 to 241)

A. About replacing atrazine: there'd been

discussions since the creation of Syngenta and before

about, did we have anything new that would be a better

23 for me, please. Can you explain this, if you know what

MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the

24 it is?25

| | Official - Fursuanc | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | Page 242 | | Page 244 |
| 1 | alternative would be a good alternative to atrazine, | 1 | whole range of items to improve the cost effectiveness |
| 2 | and those discussions continue and and as we do | 2 | of his organization. It talks about output and it talks |
| 3 | for paraquat and metolachlor and many of our other | 3 | about costs, I can see that, and it talks about business |
| 4 | products that are quite old. | 4 | as well. That was because of the input of Jan Suter, |
| 5 | Q. Has any subsidiary stopped selling | 5 | who who was the head of our global marketing |
| 6 | atrazine because of safety concerns? | 6 | organization at the time. |
| 7 | A. No. | 7 | (Exhibit 31 marked for identification.) |
| 8 | (Exhibit 30 marked for identification.) | 8 | BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 9 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 9 | Q. If you would, take a look at exhibit 31, |
| 10 | Q. I'll show you what's been marked as | 10 | please. What is that, sir? |
| 11 | exhibit number 30. Do you know what this is? | 11 | A. It's another set of minutes from the |
| 12 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the | 12 | development committee. |
| 13 | question. | 13 | Q. And do you know what they're referencing? |
| 14 | THE WITNESS: It's the minutes of an extended | 14 | A. I can read what they're referencing. |
| 15 | development management meeting. I've not seen | 15 | Q. Do you remember that discussion? |
| 16 | I don't recall. My name's I'm copied, but I don't | 16 | A. I wasn't at the meeting, but I am well |
| 17 | recall having seen this. | 17 | aware of some of the points raised, particularly the |
| 18 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 18 | atrazine item which summarizes the input of |
| 19 | Q. What's an extended development management | 19 | Janis Mcfarland. Janis Mcfarland is the regulatory |
| 20 | meeting mean? | 20 | leader in the United States of Syngenta Crop |
| 21 | A. I believe it means well, it clearly means it involved people beyond the devco, the | 21 22 | Protection Inc., who is responsible for atrazine |
| 23 | development committee, so the list the "To" list is | 23 | registration in the United States. Q. And what do you remember about that |
| 24 | longer. | 24 | discussion of atrazine? |
| 25 | Q. Do you know who these people are? | 25 | A. I wasn't there. |
| | | | 71. 1 Wash t Hiero. |
| | - 0.10 | | |
| | Page 243 | | Page 245 |
| 1 | A. Yes. | 1 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? |
| 2 | A. Yes.Q. Do you know what entities they are | 2 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from |
| 2 3 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? | 2 3 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? |
| 2 3 4 | A. Yes.Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with?A. I don't know all the legal entities of | 2 3 4 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? A. I don't know all the legal entities of these people, no. I know where they are based, for the | 2 3 4 5 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad sense, yes. Yes. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? A. I don't know all the legal entities of these people, no. I know where they are based, for the most part. | 2 3 4 5 6 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad sense, yes. Yes. Q. Okay. |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? A. I don't know all the legal entities of these people, no. I know where they are based, for the most part. Q. Can you tell whether what countries | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad sense, yes. Yes. Q. Okay. (Exhibit 32 marked for identification.) |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? A. I don't know all the legal entities of these people, no. I know where they are based, for the most part. Q. Can you tell whether what countries they're based in? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad sense, yes. Yes. Q. Okay. (Exhibit 32 marked for identification.) BY MR. TILLERY: |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? A. I don't know all the legal entities of these people, no. I know where they are based, for the most part. Q. Can you tell whether what countries they're based in? A. Only because I know. It's not indicated | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad sense, yes. Yes. Q. Okay. (Exhibit 32 marked for identification.) BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Let's go to exhibit 32. Tell me if you |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | A. Yes. Q. Do you know what entities they are associated with? A. I don't know all the legal entities of these people, no. I know where they are based, for the most part. Q. Can you tell whether what countries they're based in? A. Only because I know. It's not indicated here. Q. Which countries are represented? A. Mainly the UK, Basel Switzerland, therefore. Q. UK and Switzerland? A. Mainly. I'm just checking. There's a Brazilian here who was excused, Fernando Gallina. Gary Dickson from Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. is here. So this was an international meeting. Q. Can you tell if this particular meeting was designed designed to secure or make recommendations for decisions by you? A. I don't believe it was. Q. What was the purpose of the meeting? A. This was, I believe, to be Lewis Smith, | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | Q. Okay. But do you remember the topic? I'm not asking you to about what you remember from the meeting. Do you remember that topic of discussion? A. That topic in the broad in a broad sense, yes. Yes. Q. Okay. (Exhibit 32 marked for identification.) BY MR. TILLERY: Q. Let's go to exhibit 32. Tell me if you recognize that. Do you remember this? A. I remember some MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the question. THE WITNESS: I remember something of it. BY MR. TILLERY: Q. In May of 2000, did Hieri Gugger A. "Hieri". Q. Hieri Gugger, he was then the president of Syngenta Crop Protection Inc.; right? A. He was. Q. At that time, did he ask you and a man named Dino Sozzi whether you had any concerns about a |

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| | Page 246 | | Page 248 |
| 1 | I'm just trying to determine if he asked me or not. | 1 | Q. All right. Now, tell me if this document |
| 2 | MR. POPE: Well, the first question is whether | 2 | was placed into effect in 2005? |
| 3 | you recall being asked. | 3 | A. Well, it says it's version 1.1, so I don't |
| 4 | THE WITNESS: I recall being asked? I recall | 4 | know if this document was ever placed into effect. |
| 5 | being asked what I thought about this. | 5 | Q. You don't know whether it's in effect now |
| 6 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 6 | at all? |
| 7 | Q. Was the study proposed as part of Syngenta | 7 | A. I do not. |
| 8 | Crop Protection Inc.'s defense of atrazine before the | 8 | Q. Do you know if there's a project |
| 9 | Environmental Protection Agency in the United States? | 9 | management handbook? |
| 10 | A. It's difficult to determine that from this | 10 | A. We have guidance on the management |
| 11 | memo. It appears to be the case. | 11 | of product product lifecycle management. We do have |
| 12 | Q. Do you know what the purpose of the study | 12 | guidance on this. I don't know if this is it. |
| 13 | was? | 13 | Q. Is there another document, then, that |
| 14 | A. I only know what's written here. | 14 | you're familiar with, other than this one, that deals |
| 15 | Q. You don't remember what the purpose of a | 15 | with the same topic? |
| 16 | proposed study would be? If you don't, that's fine. | 16 | A. Not that I am intimately familiar with, |
| 17 | A. I do not. | 17 | but I'm familiar with what this is trying to achieve and |
| 18 | Q. Okay. | 18 | what the goals are, and we do discuss product lifecycle |
| 19 | A. I just remember that primates were involved. | 19 | management frequently. |
| 20 | | 20 | Q. Well, why don't you look through this, |
| 21 22 | Q. Was the study performed?A. I cannot recall. | 21 22 | then, and tell me if this describes accurately the |
| 23 | Q. Did you give your permission? | 23 | processes that you take when you're dealing with product lifecycle management today so I can tell if it describes |
| 24 | MR. POPE: Objection to the form of the | 24 | accurately the functions? |
| 25 | question. | 25 | A. Is there a particular piece that you would |
| | | 23 | |
| | Page 247 | | Page 249 |
| 1 | THE WITNESS: It wasn't a question of me | 1 2 | like me to |
| 2 3 | giving my permission BY MR. TILLERY: | 3 | Q. No, I'm actually in this document interested in the entire thing. |
| 4 | Q. I'm not asking I'm just asking did you. | 4 | A. Oh, you are? |
| 5 | MR. POPE: Well, the foundation would be, if | 5 | Q. Yes. |
| 6 | he's not asked for his permission, how can he give it? | 6 | A. I don't know how far you want me to go |
| 7 | How can he answer your question? | 7 | through this. I can see there are lots of things in |
| 8 | THE WITNESS: I did not provide that kind of | 8 | here that we do do. |
| 9 | input to the team. | 9 | Q. Do you find anything that's contained |
| 10 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 10 | within that document which is inconsistent |
| 11 | Q. Okay. | 11 | inconsistent with your current process? |
| 12 | (Exhibit 33 marked for identification.) | 12 | A. Gosh, you really if I would need to |
| 13 | BY MR. TILLERY: | 13 | give this a thorough a thorough review. I can see |
| 14 | Q. Now let's look at exhibit let's look at | 14 | lots of things that are consistent with it, but I'd need |
| 15 | exhibit 33 now. Please tell me if you know what this | 15 | to spend about fully 40 minutes if I was going to give |
| 16 | is? | 16 | you an accurate answer to that question. I mean, this |
| 17 | A. I know it's product "PLCM" stands for | 17 | was five years ago. |
| 18 | product lifecycle management, and it says it's a project | 18 | Q. All I'm looking for is if you have any |
| 19 | management handbook. | 19 | reason to believe that this isn't a reflection of your |
| 20 | Q. And this is a a product of | 20 | current process. If it if you don't know, that's |
| | Crop Protection? | 21 | fine, but I what I'm trying to find out, the document |
| 21 | | | 11.17 |
| 21 22 | A. Yes, sir. | 22 | was provided to us as a guideline and |
| | Q. And Crop Protection, namely, the one that | 22 | A. Yes, of course. And, you know |
| 22 | | | |

63 (Pages 246 to 249)

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| | Page 250 | | Page 252 |
| 1 | A. Of course. | 1 | field testing in the United States. It's all done by |
| 2 | Q that's in place for that? | 2 | our American organization. |
| 3 | A. I think you can ah, that's the only | 3 | Q. All right. To the extent any products |
| 4 | thing where I'd have to take a small reserve. I don't | 4 | were tested in Illinois, is there any other company that |
| 5 | know if it it covers everything we do today. | 5 | would have been involved in those, other than Syngenta |
| 6 | I can see that what it tries to do is define | 6 | Crop Protection Inc.? |
| 7 | global, regional and country decision rights and | 7 | A. Any other Syngenta company? |
| 8 | and and priorities, which I think is an important | 8 | Q. Yes, sir. |
| 9 | thing, so it it looks at how we organize vertically | 9 | A. No. |
| 10 | for this, which I remember being something important | 10 | Q. Okay. You you had some discussion with |
| 11 | that we wanted to do. I can see that it it touches | 11 | Mr. Tillery this morning on the concept of a subsidiary |
| 12 13 | that. | 12 | discontinuing a product; do you recall that? A. Yes. |
| 14 | So I can authenticate the document in the sense | 14 | |
| | that it was it contains much of the the ways of | 15 | Q. Okay. In your understanding of the legal rights of the subsidiaries of the companies, |
| 15 16 | working that we still incorporate today. | 16 | |
| 17 | MR. TILLERY: I have no further questions. MR. POPE: I just have a few clarifying | 17 | of the various subsidiaries, does a local company have the right to discontinue selling a product? |
| 18 | questions, Mr. Tillery. | 18 | MR. TILLERY: Excuse me. I object to the form |
| 19 | EXAMINATION BY MR. POPE: | 19 | of the question, and I also object to foundation, of the |
| 20 | BY MR. POPE: | 20 | witness. |
| 21 | Q. There was a question asked of you this | 21 | MR. POPE: I'm sorry? You asked him |
| 22 | morning, I think, about Peter Hertl? | 22 | MR. TILLERY: I said I object to the |
| 23 | A. Yes. | 23 | foundation. |
| 24 | Q. Do you know whether he's a toxicologist by | 24 | MR. POPE: You asked him the question. |
| 25 | education? | 25 | MR. TILLERY: I stand on my objection. |
| | Page 251 | | - 050 |
| | rage 231 | | Page 253 |
| 1 | | 1 | MR. POPE: Okay. |
| 1 2 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in | 1 2 | |
| | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, | | MR. POPE: Okay. |
| 2 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in | 2 | MR. POPE: Okay. BY MR. POPE: |
| 2 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in Q. Is he the head of product safety? A. He's the head of product safety. Q. Okay. Some of the discussion regarding | 2 3 | MR. POPE: Okay. BY MR. POPE: Q. Do you understand the question? A. I think you'd better repeat it. Q. Okay. Do you, sir do you have an |
| 2 3 4 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in Q. Is he the head of product safety? A. He's the head of product safety. Q. Okay. Some of the discussion regarding the testing of of products in Illinois that you | 2 3 4 5 6 | MR. POPE: Okay. BY MR. POPE: Q. Do you understand the question? A. I think you'd better repeat it. Q. Okay. Do you, sir do you have an understanding of whether or not a subsidiary, such as |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in Q. Is he the head of product safety? A. He's the head of product safety. Q. Okay. Some of the discussion regarding the testing of of products in Illinois that you had several questions from Mr. Tillery. Do you recall | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | MR. POPE: Okay. BY MR. POPE: Q. Do you understand the question? A. I think you'd better repeat it. Q. Okay. Do you, sir do you have an understanding of whether or not a subsidiary, such as Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. or other such |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in Q. Is he the head of product safety? A. He's the head of product safety. Q. Okay. Some of the discussion regarding the testing of of products in Illinois that you had several questions from Mr. Tillery. Do you recall that testimony? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | MR. POPE: Okay. BY MR. POPE: Q. Do you understand the question? A. I think you'd better repeat it. Q. Okay. Do you, sir do you have an understanding of whether or not a subsidiary, such as Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. or other such subsidiaries, have the ability, the legal right, |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | A. I don't know. I understand he may not be, but he he works in the area of toxicology in Q. Is he the head of product safety? A. He's the head of product safety. Q. Okay. Some of the discussion regarding the testing of of products in Illinois that you had several questions from Mr. Tillery. Do you recall that testimony? A. Yes. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | MR. POPE: Okay. BY MR. POPE: Q. Do you understand the question? A. I think you'd better repeat it. Q. Okay. Do you, sir do you have an understanding of whether or not a subsidiary, such as Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. or other such subsidiaries, have the ability, the legal right, to discontinue a product, discontinue selling a product? |
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Page 254 Page 256 Syngenta Crop Protection Incorporated board, can you that. When I make trips to the United States, they will give any examples of situations where the company took discuss these matters with me, but they take these action -- the SCPI took action without the approval of 3 decisions. 4 anyone in Basel or anywhere else? 4 Q. You referred, I think, to some board A. Oh, yes. 5 minutes of the Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. board where 6 Q. Can you give us those examples, please? 6 dividends were authorized; that's right? 7 7 A. I mean, most of -- of the business, as it A. Yes. relates to customers, is run entirely independently. 8 8 Q. Describe how that process takes place, 9 Our sales in the United States last year were 9 please? 1.9 billion. We have 3,500 retailers that we are 10 10 A. We get a board resolution to authorize a servicing. There are a subsection of those retailers, 11 payment of these dividends, and we -- we sign them as 12 about a thousand, who have what we call business 12 the crop -- Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. board. 13 alignment agreements. The entity over there is managing 13 Q. Is there regularly a discussion about that something like \$700 million of rebate programs. Our informally, on the telephone or in person? 14 14 15 gross sales were around 2.5 billion, our net sales were 15 MR. TILLERY: Object to the form. It's 16 1.9. Six or 700 million is entirely managed 16 leading and suggestive. 17 independently by them. There is no reference to anybody 17 THE WITNESS: There is little discussion about 18 else and, of course, that is the single biggest retailer 18 that. 19 or distributor program that we have in the -- in the 19 MR. POPE: Okay. Thank you very much. 20 company, and they manage that independently. 20 No further questions. 21 There are many other examples. I mean, the **EXAMINATION BY MR. TILLERY:** 22 biggest deviation we have to our budget this year is 2.2 BY MR. TILLERY: because the US organization reduced prices. They 23 Q. Who decides the amount of that dividend? 2.4 reduced prices at the half year, which we reported, 2.4 A. I do not -- I do not know. It's decided to the tune of \$200 million. By the end of the year, in the finance and legal and tax area in general, but Page 255 it's not -- I -- I do -- I do not have any involvement 1 that will be about \$300 million. That is about --1

to give you some perspective on that, that is approaching 15 to 20 percent of the group's net income. So this is the most significant financial impact event that we have this year, and those decisions are taken entirely by the Crop Protection management in the United States. They don't refer these decisions to the board either. They are done -- and I trust them, we trust them to do it, that's their job, but these

decisions are made entirely independently by them and 10 they are of high significance to the company. 11

12 They administer their advertizing and promotion

13 budget entirely independently, that's some \$60 million.

14 They contract to third parties, that is some 40 to

15 \$50 million. I mean, all their business affairs are

16 handled and managed by them.

3 4

5

7

17

Q. "By them" being who?

18 A. Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. under the

leadership of Vern Hawkins. 19 20

Q. Are there any examples that you can point 21 to of policy decisions that were made by that company 22 without input from --

23

24 decided by them without any input from -- from Basel. Occasionally, I will be informed or consulted about

A. All their -- all the commercial policy is

Page 257

in those decisions.

3 Q. Well, I misunderstood, then. You -- you didn't discuss the issuance of a dividend as a board member? 5

A. We discussed the fact that it was to -well, we approved that it would be paid. We didn't make the calculations as to how much it would be, nor did we

9 provide any information that resulted in it being

10 calculated.

6

7

8

11

13

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19

21 22

Q. Now, he asked you issues about your 12 understanding of the legal rights. Is it your belief that the board of directors of Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. is the one that declares the dividend?

15 A. We approve and agree the payments of those 16 dividends.

Q. So you are the one that have that 17 authority; right? 18

A. The board?

20 Q. The board.

A. The board agrees and approves those dividends.

23 Q. And not the sole stockholder, the owner of 24 the company, right, which would be the seeds company in the US; is that right? Are you absolutely certain about

| | Page 258 | | Page 260 |
|----------|--|-----------------|---|
| 1 | | , | |
| 1 | that? | | the record, so yesterday's deposition and today will be |
| 2 | A. No, I am just certain that I'm only | 2 | covered by the protective order because there's |
| 3 | certain of one thing, that we approve the payment of | 3 | confidential business information being discussed. |
| 4 | those dividends. That's all I'm certain about. | 4 | Thank you very much. We will read and sign the |
| 5 | Q. Okay. Are you the one that determined the | 5 | deposition. Thank you. |
| 6 | amount of the dividend. | 6 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record. The time |
| 7 | A. No. | 7 | is 16:20. End of tape 4, volume I. This is the end of |
| 8 | Q. Is that what you're saying? | 8 | the videotape deposition of John Atkin. |
| 9 | A. No, it's not what I'm saying. I'm saying | 9 | (Whereupon, the deposition concluded at 4:20 p.m.) |
| 10 | that I get documents with dividends on and we approve | 10 | |
| 11 | them. | 11 12 | |
| 12 | Q. You sign them? | | |
| 13 | A. I sign, along with other board members, | 13 | |
| 14 | the payment of those dividends. | 14 | |
| 15 | Q. You do a a unanimous consent signature | 15 16 | |
| 16 | on a document A. Yes. | 17 | |
| 17 18 | A. Yes. Q that is presented by the legal | 18 | |
| 19 | department to your office to sign; isn't that correct? | 19 | |
| 20 | A. It comes to all of us. It comes to all of | 20 | |
| 21 | | 21 | |
| 22 | us. Q. By the legal department? | 22 | |
| 23 | A. The legal and finance department. | 23 | |
| 24 | Q. It is a fact that you did not ever have a | 24 | |
| 25 | meeting to talk about the issuance of a specific amount | 25 | |
| 25 | <u> </u> | 23 | |
| | Page 259 | | Page 261 |
| 1 | of a dividend at as a board member of the Syngenta | 1 | CORRECTIONS PAGE |
| 2 | Crop Protection Inc | 2 | Page No Line No Description |
| 3 | A. We did not have a meeting to do that, no. | 3 | |
| 4 | Q. All right. Now, in terms of legal rights | 4 | |
| 5 | of the subsidiaries, I want to ask you some questions | 5 | |
| 6 | do you feel that you're competent to answer questions | 6 | |
| 7 | about the legal rights of the of the subsidiaries? | 7 | |
| 8 | A. No. | 8 | |
| 9 | Q. Okay. And that's because you have no | 9 | |
| 10 | legal training at all, do you? | 10 | |
| 11 | A. I have no legal training at all. | 11 | |
| 12 | Q. And you cannot, as as a matter of fact | 12 | |
| 13 | or law, offer any opinion about what their legal rights | 13 | |
| 14 15 | are, can you? | 14 | |
| 16 | A. No.MR. TILLERY: Thank you very much. | 15 | |
| 17 | MR. POPE: All right. We'll reserve | 16 | |
| 18 | signature. | 17 18 | |
| 19 | One other thing, while we're on the record, | 18 | |
| 20 | Steve: I can't remember exactly how the protective | 20 | |
| 21 | order reads, but I would like to I would like to | $\frac{20}{21}$ | |
| 22 | designate these two depositions as confidential because | 22 | |
| 23 | there's a lot of | 23 | |
| 24 | MR. TILLERY: We were assuming that. | 24 | |
| 25 | MR. POPE: Okay. I don't think we did that on | 25 | |
| تت | THE TOTAL ORAY. I WON'T WHITE WE GIVE HEAT ON | | |

| | Page 262 | |
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| | | |
| 1 | DEPONENT'S DECLARATION | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | I, , hereby declare under | |
| 5 | penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States | |
| 6 | and the State of Illinois that I have read the foregoing | |
| 7 | transcript and identify it as my own and approve same as | |
| 8 | a true and correct transcript save and except for | |
| 9 | changes and/or corrections, if any, as indicated by me | |
| 10 | on the CORRECTIONS page hereof. | |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | , , , , | |
| 13 14 | Date City State | |
| | | |
| 15 | C: | |
| 16 17 | Signed: | |
| 18 | | |
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| | Dage 263 | |
| | Page 263 | |
| 1 | Page 263 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE | |
| 2 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE | |
| 2 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Judith White, of Westlaw Deposition | |
| 2 3 4 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Judith White, of Westlaw Deposition Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony | |
| 2 3 4 5 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Judith White, of Westlaw Deposition Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony was recorded by me stenographically and thereafter | |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Judith White, of Westlaw Deposition Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony was recorded by me stenographically and thereafter transcribed by me, and that the foregoing transcript | |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Judith White, of Westlaw Deposition Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony was recorded by me stenographically and thereafter transcribed by me, and that the foregoing transcript constitutes a full, true and accurate record of said | |
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